Analysis of Original Bill

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Related Bills: See Legislative History

Subject: California Senior Citizen Advocacy Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund

Summary

This bill would allow the California Senior Citizen Advocacy Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund to remain on the tax return indefinitely.

Recommendation – No position.

Reason for the Bill

The reason for the bill is to provide on-going financial support to allow the California Senior Legislature to conduct its sessions and advocate on behalf of older persons.

Effective/Operative Date

As an appropriation, this bill would be effective and operative immediately upon enactment.

State Law

Current state tax law allows taxpayers to make monetary contributions to any of the 27 voluntary contribution funds listed on the 2018 personal income tax return.

Taxpayers contributing to any of the funds are specifically allowed to deduct those contributions on their state income tax return for the year in which the contribution is made.

Generally, funds remain on the return until they are either repealed by operation of law, or fail to meet a minimum contribution amount.
The Franchise Tax Board (FTB) is required to make the following determinations for each fund by September 1 of each calendar year, beginning on the second calendar year the fund appears on the tax return:

1. The minimum contribution amount required for the fund to remain on the return for the following calendar year, and
2. Whether estimated contributions to the fund will be less than the minimum contribution amount for that calendar year.

If the FTB estimates that contributions to a fund will fail to meet the minimum contribution amount for a calendar year, that fund is repealed effective January 1 of that calendar year.

The following general requirements apply to new or extended voluntary contribution funds:

- The words “voluntary tax contribution” must be included as part of the name of the fund.
- The administering agency’s Internet Web site shall report specific data related to the usage of the amounts received via voluntary contribution.
- A voluntary contribution fund must receive a minimum contribution of $250,000 for the second calendar year after it first appears on the tax return, and each calendar year thereafter, to remain on the tax return.

A voluntary tax contribution would remain in effect only until January 1 of the seventh calendar year following the first appearance of the contribution on the tax return, and be repealed as of December 1 of that year.

**This Bill**

This bill would remove the sunset date, and repeal the minimum contribution amount and related indexing provision applicable to the California Senior Citizen Advocacy Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund.

**Implementation Considerations**

Implementing this bill would occur during the department’s normal annual update.

**Legislative History**

AB 519 (Levine, Chapter 443, Statutes of 2017) created the California Senior Citizen Advocacy Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund.

SB 997 (Morrell, Chapter 248, Statutes of 2014) repealed the California Fund for Senior Citizens, and created the California Senior Legislature Fund.
AB 247 (Wagner, Chapter 247, Statutes of 2013) extended the repeal date of the California Fund for Senior Citizens to December 1, 2020.

Program Background

California Fund for Senior Citizens

The fund appeared on the tax returns from 1983 through 2013. Contributions were used to provide support to the California Senior Legislature. California Fund for Senior Citizens was repealed because it failed to receive the required minimum contribution.

California Senior Legislature Fund

The fund appeared on the 2014 and 2015 tax returns.

The California Senior Legislation Fund was repealed because it failed to receive the required minimum contribution.

California Senior Citizen Advocacy Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund

The fund appeared on the 2017 tax return.

*This chart reflects annual contributions to these funds over the past six years:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
<th>2018</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>California Fund for Senior Citizens</td>
<td>California Fund for Senior Citizens</td>
<td>California Senior Legislature Fund</td>
<td>California Senior Legislature Fund</td>
<td>Fund did not appear on tax return</td>
<td>California Senior Citizen Advocacy Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$234,247</td>
<td>$229,522</td>
<td>$60,137</td>
<td>$68,950</td>
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<td>$91,625</td>
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</table>

*Amounts received are for the calendar year.

Other States' Information

The states surveyed include Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, and New York. These states were selected due to their similarities to California's economy, business entity types, and tax laws.

*Florida* does not have a personal income tax but allows contribution designations on the state's motor vehicle registration and renewal forms.
Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, and New York allow for taxpayer contribution designations on the personal income tax return; however, none of these states provide a voluntary contribution comparable to the one discussed in this bill.

**Fiscal Impact**

This bill would not impact the department’s costs.

**Economic Impact**

Revenue Estimate

This bill would result in the following revenue loss:

Estimated Revenue Impact of SB 309 as Introduced February 15, 2019
Assumed Enactment after June 30, 2019

($ in Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Revenue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019-2020</td>
<td>$0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020-2021</td>
<td>$0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021-2022</td>
<td>$0.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The revenue loss associated with this bill would begin in fiscal year 2025-26 and is expected to be approximately $8,000 per year.

This analysis does not account for changes in employment, personal income, or gross state product that could result from this bill or for the net final payment method of accrual.

Revenue Discussion

This bill would remove the minimum contribution amount of $250,000 a year, and remove the sunset date of January 1, 2025.

Under current law contributions could be made through 2024. Subsequently, the deduction for those contribution would be claimed on the 2024 return filed by April 15, 2025.
This bill would allow contributions to be made beyond the 2024 taxable year. The additional contributions allowed by this bill will be made in 2025. Subsequently, the deduction for the contribution would be claimed on the 2025 return filed by April 15, 2026; therefore, the net revenue loss associated by removing the repeal date of this Fund would begin in fiscal year 2025-2026.

**Legislative Staff Contact**

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