

2021 Instructions for Form FTB 3849

Premium Assistance Subsidy

What's New

Federal Premium Tax Credit (PTC) – The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) of 2021, expanded the amount of federal PTC available to improve health care coverage affordability. As a result of this federal expansion, for all months in taxable year 2021, applicable taxpayers are not eligible for advance payment of California premium assistance subsidy (APAS) or California premium assistance subsidy (PAS). Applicable taxpayers are required to reconcile and repay any APAS received during the 2021 taxable year, subject to the repayment limitations, and cannot claim PAS on form FTB 3849, Premium Assistance Subsidy.

General Information

Minimum Essential Coverage Individual Mandate – For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, California law requires residents and their dependents to obtain and maintain minimum essential coverage (MEC), also referred to as qualifying health care coverage. Individuals who fail to maintain qualifying health care coverage for any month during the taxable year will be subject to a penalty unless they qualify for an exemption. For more information, get the following health care forms, instructions, and publications:

- Form FTB 3849, Premium Assistance Subsidy
- Form FTB 3853, Health Coverage Exemptions and Individual Shared Responsibility Penalty
- Form FTB 3895, California Health Insurance Marketplace Statement
- Publication 3849A, Premium Assistance Subsidy (PAS)
- Publication 3895B, California Instructions for Filing Federal Forms 1094-B and 1095-B
- Publication 3895C, California Instructions for Filing Federal Forms 1094-C and 1095-C

Nonresident of California. If you or an applicable household member are not a California resident, you or your applicable household member are not eligible to purchase a qualified health plan through the California health insurance marketplace (Marketplace). The term "Marketplace" refers to the California state Marketplace, also known as Covered California.

Premium assistance subsidy (PAS). The PAS is available for certain people who enroll, or whose applicable household member enrolls, in a qualified health plan. The subsidy provides financial assistance to pay the premiums for a qualified health plan through the Marketplace.

You must file form FTB 3849 to reconcile any PAS advanced to you with the actual PAS amount allowed based on your actual household income for the applicable taxable year, less federal Premium Tax Credit (PTC) amounts.

Advance payment of the premium assistance subsidy (APAS). APAS is a payment during the year to your insurance provider that pays for part of the premiums for a qualified health plan covering you or an individual in your applicable household (an applicable household may include the tax filer, the tax filer's spouse if the tax filer is filing a joint return with their spouse, and the tax filer's dependents). For more information, see Definitions, Applicable Household. Your APAS amount is based on the Marketplace's estimate of the PAS you will be able to take on your tax return. If APAS was paid for you or an individual in your applicable household you must file form FTB 3849 to reconcile (compare) this APAS with your PAS. If the APAS is **more** than your PAS, you have excess APAS and you must repay the excess, subject to certain limitations. If the APAS is **less** than the PAS, you can get a PAS reconciliation refund for the difference, which reduces your tax payment or increases your refund.

Changes in circumstances. The Marketplace determined your eligibility for and the amount of your 2021 APAS using projections of your household income and the number of individuals you certified to the Marketplace would be in your applicable household when you enrolled in a qualified health plan. If this information changed during 2021 and you did not promptly report it to the Marketplace, the amount of APAS paid

may be substantially different from the amount of PAS you were eligible to receive. For changes that can affect the amount of your PAS, see Purpose, Reporting changes in circumstances.

Deductions for health insurance premiums. You cannot deduct the portion of your health insurance premium on your tax return that is paid for by the PAS or APAS (after you determine how much of any excess APAS you must repay). If you are deducting medical expenses as an itemized deduction, get federal Publication 502, Medical and Dental Expenses for further information.

Form FTB 3895, California Health Insurance Marketplace Statement.

You will need form FTB 3895 to complete form FTB 3849. The Marketplace uses form FTB 3895 to report certain information to the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) about individuals who enrolled in a qualified health plan through the Marketplace. The Marketplace sends copies to individuals to allow them to accurately file a tax return taking the PAS and reconciling APAS. For coverage in 2021, the Marketplace is required to provide or send form FTB 3895 to the individual identified as the tax filer in the Marketplace enrollment application by January 31, 2022. The tax filer is the person who is expected to file a tax return, to claim other applicable household members as dependents, and who, if qualified, would take the PAS for the year of coverage for their applicable household. If you are expecting to receive form FTB 3895 for a qualified health plan and you **do not** receive it by early February, contact the Marketplace.

Do not use federal Form 1095-A, Health Insurance Marketplace Statement, to complete form FTB 3849.

Under certain circumstances, if a change in circumstances is not reported to the Marketplace during the year, the Marketplace will provide form FTB 3895 to one taxpayer, but another taxpayer also will need the information from that form to complete form FTB 3849. This can happen, for example, where two spouses enroll in a qualified health plan and divorce during the year. The recipient of form FTB 3895 should provide a copy to other taxpayers as needed. If you did not receive form FTB 3895, you can obtain a copy from the Marketplace by going to coveredca.com/taxes.

VOID Box. If you received form FTB 3895 with the void box checked at the top of the form, that means you previously received form FTB 3895 for the policy shown at the top part of the form that was sent in error. You should not have received form FTB 3895 for the policy shown at the top part of the form FTB 3895. **Do not** use the information on the form FTB 3895 with the void box checked or the previously received form FTB 3895 to complete form FTB 3849.

CORRECTED Box. If you received form FTB 3895 with the corrected box checked at the top of the form, use the information on the form FTB 3895 with the corrected box checked to figure the PAS and reconcile any APAS on form FTB 3849. **Do not** use the information on the original form FTB 3895 you received for the policy shown at the top part of the corrected form FTB 3895.

See How To Avoid Common Mistakes in Completing Form FTB 3849 at the end of these instructions.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP). For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California RDP unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP, they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

If you are in an RDP, you and your eligible RDP will receive separate forms FTB 3895 from the Marketplace, and shall reconcile APAS using form FTB 3849.

Purpose

Use form FTB 3849 to figure the amount of PAS you are eligible for, and reconcile it with APAS paid for you or an individual in your applicable

household. You may take PAS (and APAS) only for health insurance coverage in a qualified health plan (see Definitions) purchased through the Marketplace. For more information on purchasing a qualified health plan, go to [coveredca.com](https://www.coveredca.com).

If you or a member of your applicable household enrolled in health insurance coverage for 2021 through the Marketplace, you should have received form FTB 3895 from the Marketplace. Form FTB 3895 shows the months of coverage purchased through the Marketplace and any APAS paid to your insurance company to help cover your monthly premium. If APAS was paid on your behalf or if APAS was not paid on your behalf but you wish to take the PAS, you must file form FTB 3849 and attach it to your California tax return (Form 540, California Resident Income Tax Return or Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return).

Note: The Marketplace refers to APAS as “California premium subsidy”. The term APAS is used throughout these instructions to clearly distinguish APAS from PAS.

Reporting changes in circumstances. If APAS is being paid for an individual in your applicable household (see Definitions) and you have had certain changes in circumstances (see the examples below), it is important that you report them to the Marketplace within 30 days of the change. Reporting changes in circumstances promptly will allow the Marketplace to recalculate your APAS for the remaining months of the current year to reflect the PAS you are estimated to receive. Changes that you should report to the Marketplace include the following:

- Changes in household income.
- Moving to a different address.
- Gaining or losing eligibility for other health care coverage.
- Gaining, losing, or other changes to employment.
- Birth or adoption.
- Marriage or divorce.
- Other changes affecting the composition of your applicable household.

For more information on how to report a change in circumstances to the Marketplace, go to [coveredca.com/rac](https://www.coveredca.com/rac).

Health insurance options. If you need health coverage, go to [coveredca.com](https://www.coveredca.com) to learn about health insurance options that are available for you and your applicable household, how to purchase health insurance, and how you might qualify to get financial assistance with the cost of insurance.

For information about the Minimum Essential Coverage Individual Mandate, see Government Code (GC) Section 100700, et. seq., or go to ftb.ca.gov/healthmandate. For more information about PAS and APAS, see GC Section 100800, et. seq.

Who Must File

You must file form FTB 3849 with your income tax return (Form 540 or Form 540NR) if any of the following apply to you:

- You are taking the PAS.
- APAS was paid for you or another individual in your applicable household.
- APAS was paid for an individual you told the Marketplace would be in your applicable household and neither you nor anyone else included that individual in an applicable household. See Specific Instructions, Lines 12 through 23, Individual you enrolled who is not included in an applicable household.

If any of the circumstances above apply to you, you must file an income tax return and attach form FTB 3849 even if you are not otherwise required to file. You must use Form 540 or Form 540NR. For help determining which of these forms to file, see the instructions for Form 540 or Form 540NR.

If someone else enrolled an individual in your applicable household in coverage, and APAS was paid for that individual's coverage, you must file form FTB 3849 to reconcile the APAS. You need to obtain a copy of the form FTB 3895 from the person who enrolled the individual.

If you are claimed as a dependent on another person's tax return, the person who claims you will file form FTB 3849 to take the PAS and, if necessary, repay excess APAS for your coverage. You **do not** need to file form FTB 3849.

Who Can Take the PAS

You can take the PAS for 2021 if you meet conditions (1) and (2) below.

1. For at least one month of the year, all of the following were true:
 - a. An individual in your applicable household was enrolled in a qualified health plan through the Marketplace on the first day of the month.
 - b. That individual was not eligible for MEC for the month, other than coverage through the Marketplace. An individual is generally considered eligible for MEC for the month only if the individual was eligible for every day of the month (see Definitions, Minimum essential coverage (MEC)).
 - c. The portion of the enrollment premiums (see Definitions) for the month for which you are responsible was paid by the due date of your tax return (not including extensions). However, if you became eligible for APAS because of a successful eligibility appeal and you retroactively enrolled in the plan, then the portion of the enrollment premium for which you are responsible must be paid on or before the premium payment due date.
2. You are an applicable taxpayer for 2021. To be an applicable taxpayer, you must meet all of the following requirements:
 - a. Your household income for 2021 is at or below 138%, or above 200% but no more than 600% of the federal poverty line for your household size (see Specific Instructions, Line 4).
 - b. No one can claim you as a dependent on a tax return for 2021.
 - c. You file a joint return if you were married at the end of 2021. However, filing a separate return from your spouse/RDP will not disqualify you from being an applicable taxpayer if you meet certain exceptions described under Definitions, Married taxpayers.

You are not entitled to the PAS for health coverage for an individual for any period during which the individual is not lawfully present in California.

For additional information, see Definitions, Applicable taxpayer.

Definitions

Applicable household. For purposes of the PAS, your applicable household consists of the following individuals:

- You, if you file a tax return for the year and you cannot be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2021 tax return.
- Your spouse, if filing jointly and your spouse cannot be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2021 tax return.
- Your dependents whom you claim on your 2021 tax return. If you are filing Form 540NR, you should include your dependents in your applicable household only if you are a California resident.

Your applicable household size equals the number of individuals in your applicable household (including yourself). See Specific Instructions, Line 1 for more information on figuring your applicable household size.

Note: Listing your dependents by name and social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) on your tax return is the same as claiming them as a dependent. If you have more than three dependents, see the instructions for Form 540 or Form 540NR.

Household income. For purposes of the PAS, household income is the modified adjusted gross income (modified AGI) of you and your spouse (if filing a joint return) (see Specific Instructions, Line 2a) plus the modified AGI of each individual whom you claim as a dependent and who is required to file an income tax return because their income meets the income tax return filing threshold (see Specific Instructions, Line 2b). Household income does not include the modified AGI of those individuals whom you claim as dependents and who are filing a 2021 return only to claim a refund of withheld income tax or estimated tax.

Modified AGI. For purposes of the PAS, modified AGI is the federal AGI on your tax return plus certain income that is not subject to tax (foreign earned income, tax-exempt interest, and the portion of social security benefits that is not taxable). Use Worksheet 1-1 and Worksheet 1-2 under Specific Instructions, Line 2a and Line 2b, to determine your modified AGI.

Taxpayer's tax return including income of a dependent child. A taxpayer who includes the gross income of a dependent child on the taxpayer's tax return must include on Worksheet 1-2 the child's foreign earned income, the child's tax-exempt interest, and the portion of the child's social security benefits that is not taxable.

Coverage family. Your coverage family includes all individuals in your applicable household who are enrolled in a qualified health plan and are not eligible for MEC (other than coverage in the individual market). The individuals included in your coverage family may change from month to month. If an individual in your applicable household is not enrolled in a qualified health plan, or is enrolled in a qualified health plan but is eligible for MEC (other than coverage in the individual market), that individual is not part of your coverage family. Your PAS is available to help you pay only for the coverage of the individuals included in your coverage family.

Monthly assistance subsidy amount. The monthly assistance subsidy amount is the amount of your assistance subsidy for a month. Your PAS for the year is the sum of all of your monthly assistance subsidy amounts. Your assistance subsidy amount for each month is the lesser of:

- The enrollment premiums (described next) for the month for one or more qualified health plans in which you or any individual in your applicable household enrolled less your monthly federal PTC amount; or
- The amount of the monthly applicable second lowest cost silver plan (SLCSP) premium (described below) less your monthly contribution amount (described below) less your monthly federal PTC amount.

To qualify for a monthly assistance subsidy amount, at least one individual in your applicable household must be enrolled in a qualified health plan on the 1st day of that month. Generally, if coverage in a qualified health plan began after the 1st day of the month, you are not allowed a monthly assistance subsidy amount for the coverage for that month. However, if an individual in your applicable household enrolled in a qualified health plan in 2021 and the enrollment was effective on the date of the individual's birth, adoption, or placement for adoption or in foster care, or on the effective date of a court order placing the individual with your applicable household, the individual is treated as enrolled as of the first day of that month. Therefore, the individual may be a member of your applicable household and coverage family for the entire month for purposes of computing your monthly assistance subsidy amount.

Enrollment premiums. The enrollment premiums are the total amount of the premiums for the month, reduced by any premium amounts for that month that were refunded, for one or more qualified health plans in which any individual in your applicable household enrolled. Form FTB 3895, Part II, column (a), reports the enrollment premiums.

You generally are not allowed a PAS amount for the month if any part of the enrollment premiums for which you are responsible that month has not been paid by the due date of your tax return (not including extensions). However, if you became eligible for APAS because of a successful eligibility appeal and you retroactively enrolled in the plan, the portion of the enrollment premium for which you are responsible must be paid on or before the premium payment due date. Premiums another person pays on your behalf are treated as paid by you.

If your share of the enrollment premiums is not paid, the issuer may terminate coverage. The termination is generally effective no sooner than the second month of nonpayment. For any months you were covered but did not pay your share of the premiums, you are not allowed a PAS.

Applicable SLCSP premium. The applicable SLCSP premium is the second lowest cost silver plan premium offered through the Marketplace that applies to your coverage family. The SLCSP premium is not the same as your enrollment premium, unless you enroll in the SLCSP. Form FTB 3895, Part II, column (b), reports the SLCSP premium, and

this is the applicable SLCSP premium for most taxpayers. In some circumstances, you may need to determine your applicable SLCSP premium. If no APAS was paid for your coverage, form FTB 3895, Part II, column (b), may be wrong or blank or may report your SLCSP premium as -0-. Also, if you had a change in circumstances during 2021 that you did not report to the Marketplace, the SLCSP premium reported in Part II, column (b), may be wrong. In either case you must determine your applicable SLCSP premium. You **do not** have to request a corrected form FTB 3895 from the Marketplace. See Specific Instructions, Line 10, Missing or incorrect SLCSP premium on form FTB 3895, on page 12 of these instructions.

Monthly contribution amount. Your monthly contribution amount is used to calculate your monthly assistance subsidy amount. It is the amount of your household income you would be responsible for paying as your share of premiums each month based on your percentage of the federal poverty line. It is not based on the amount of premiums you paid out of pocket during the year. You will compute your monthly contribution amount in Part I of form FTB 3849.

Qualified health plan. For purposes of the PAS, a qualified health plan is a health insurance plan or policy purchased through the Marketplace at the bronze, silver, gold, or platinum level. Throughout these instructions, a qualified health plan also is referred to as a policy. Catastrophic health plans and stand-alone dental plans purchased through the Marketplace, and all plans purchased through Covered California for Small Business, are not qualified health plans for purposes of the PAS. Therefore, they **do not** qualify a taxpayer to take the PAS.

Minimum essential coverage (MEC). An individual in your applicable household who is eligible for MEC (except coverage in the individual market) for a month is not in your coverage family for that month. Therefore, you cannot take the PAS for that individual's coverage for the months that individual is eligible for MEC. In addition to qualified health plans and other coverage in the individual market, MEC includes:

- Most coverage through government-sponsored programs (including Medicaid coverage, Medicare parts A or C, most Medi-Cal coverage, the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), certain benefits for veterans and their families, TRICARE, health coverage for Peace Corps volunteers, Nonappropriated Fund Health Benefits Program of the Department of Defense, Refugee Medical Assistance);
- The University of California Student Health Insurance Plan and the University of California Voluntary Dependent Plan;
- Catastrophic plans;
- Most types of employer-sponsored coverage; and
- Other health coverage the California Department of Managed Health Care designates as MEC.

Eligibility for MEC. In most cases you are considered eligible for MEC if the coverage is available to you, whether or not you enroll in it. However, special rules apply to certain types of MEC as explained below.

Employer-sponsored coverage. Even if you and other members of your applicable household had the opportunity to enroll in a plan that is MEC offered by your employer for 2021, you are considered eligible for MEC under the plan for a month only if the offer of coverage met a minimum standard of affordability and provided a minimum level of benefits, referred to as "minimum value." The coverage offered by your employer is generally considered affordable for you and the members of your applicable household allowed to enroll in the coverage if your share of the annual cost for self-only coverage, which is sometimes referred to as the employee required contribution, is not more than 9.83% of your household income. However, employer-sponsored coverage is not considered affordable if, when you or an applicable household member enrolled in a qualified health plan, you gave accurate information about the availability of employer coverage to the Marketplace, and the Marketplace determined that you were eligible for APAS for the individual's coverage in the qualified health plan. In addition, if you or your applicable household member enrolls in employer-sponsored coverage for a month, you or your applicable household member is considered eligible for employer-sponsored coverage for that month, even if the coverage does not satisfy the affordability and minimum value standards. Finally, if your employer offered coverage for you but not your

applicable household, you may be eligible for PAS for your applicable household members. For more information on affordability and minimum value, get FTB Pub. 3849A.

Your employer may have sent you a federal Form 1095-C, Employer-Provided Health Insurance Offer and Coverage, with information about the coverage offered to you, if any. See federal Form 1095-C, line 14, and the Instructions for Recipient included with that form, for information about whether you and other members of your applicable household were offered coverage.

Example: Daniel was eligible to enroll in his employer's coverage for 2021 but instead applied for coverage in a qualified health plan through the Marketplace for coverage in 2021. Daniel provided accurate information about his employer's coverage to the Marketplace and the Marketplace determined that the offer of coverage was not affordable and that Daniel was eligible for APAS. Daniel enrolled in the qualified health plan for 2021. Daniel got a new job with employer coverage that Daniel could have enrolled in as of September 1, 2021, but chose not to. Daniel did not return to the Marketplace to determine if he was eligible for APAS for the months September through December 2021, and remained enrolled in the qualified health plan. Daniel is not considered eligible for employer-sponsored coverage for the months January through August of 2021 because he gave accurate information to the Marketplace about the availability of employer coverage and the Marketplace determined that he was eligible for APAS for coverage in a qualified health plan. The Marketplace determination does not apply, however, for the months September through December of 2021 because Daniel did not provide information to the Marketplace about his new employer's offer of coverage. Whether Daniel is considered eligible for employer-sponsored coverage and ineligible for the PAS for the months September through December of 2021 is determined under Employer-Sponsored Plans in FTB Pub. 3849A.

Waiting periods and post-employment coverage. If you cannot get benefits under an employer-sponsored plan until after a waiting period has expired, you are not treated as eligible for that coverage during the waiting period. Also, if you leave your employment and are offered post-employment coverage such as COBRA or retiree coverage, you are not considered eligible for that post-employment coverage unless you actually enroll in the coverage. See Employer-Sponsored Plans, Waiting period and other periods without access to benefits, and Coverage after employment ends, in FTB Pub. 3849A for more information.

Full-scope Medi-Cal and CHIP. You generally are considered eligible for coverage under a government-sponsored program for a month if you meet the eligibility criteria for that month, even if you did not enroll. However, if the Marketplace made a determination that you or an applicable household member were ineligible for full-scope Medi-Cal or CHIP and were eligible for APAS when the individual enrolls in a qualified health plan, the individual is treated as not eligible for full-scope Medi-Cal or CHIP for purposes of the PAS for the duration of the period of coverage under the qualified health plan (generally, the rest of the plan year), even if your actual 2021 household income suggests that the individual may have been eligible for full-scope Medi-Cal or CHIP.

However, in order to rely on the Marketplace's determination that you or an applicable household member were ineligible for full-scope Medi-Cal, CHIP, or a similar program, you must provide accurate information to the Marketplace when you enroll in a qualified health plan. You or the applicable household member may be treated as eligible for full-scope Medi-Cal, CHIP, or a similar program, and not eligible for PAS, if the Marketplace determination is later found to be based on incorrect information that was given with an intentional or reckless disregard for the facts. See Minimum Essential Coverage (MEC), Determining eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal or CHIP at enrollment, in FTB Pub. 3849A for more information.

For more information about eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal, CHIP, and other forms of government-sponsored MEC, get FTB Pub. 3849A.

Example: Married taxpayers Ken and Maria applied for insurance affordability programs at the Marketplace for themselves and their two children whom they claim as dependents, Anna and Mac. The Marketplace determined that Anna and Mac were eligible for coverage

under full-scope Medi-Cal. Instead of enrolling Anna and Mac in full-scope Medi-Cal, the entire applicable household enrolled in a qualified health plan (with APAS paid only for Ken and Maria's coverage). Because Anna and Mac were eligible for full-scope Medi-Cal, which is MEC, Ken and Maria are not eligible for the PAS for coverage of Anna and Mac, but may be eligible for the PAS for their own coverage.

Coverage in the individual market outside the Marketplace. While coverage purchased in the individual market outside the Marketplace is MEC, and eligibility for this type of coverage does not prevent you from being eligible for the PAS, only Marketplace coverage qualifies you for the PAS.

For more details on eligibility for MEC, including additional special eligibility rules, see Minimum Essential Coverage in FTB Pub. 3849A. For information about health coverage options and financial help, go to [coveredca.com](https://www.coveredca.com).

Applicable taxpayer. You must be an applicable taxpayer to take the PAS. Generally, you are an applicable taxpayer if your household income for 2021 is at or below 138%, or above 200% but not more than 600% of the federal poverty line for your household size (provided in Table 1-1, Federal Poverty Line) and no one can claim you as a dependent for 2021. In addition, if you were married at the end of 2021, you must file a joint return to be an applicable taxpayer unless you meet one of the exceptions described in the instructions under Married taxpayers below.

For individuals with household income greater than 138% up to and equal to 200%, or greater than 600% of the federal poverty line, see Specific Instructions, Line 6, Household income greater than 138% up to and equal to 200%, or greater than 600% of the federal poverty line.

Individuals who are incarcerated. Individuals who are incarcerated (other than pending disposition of charges, for example, awaiting trial) are not eligible for coverage in a qualified health plan through the Marketplace. However, these individuals may be applicable taxpayers and take the PAS for the coverage of individuals in their applicable households who are eligible for coverage in a qualified health plan.

Individuals who are not lawfully present. Individuals who are not lawfully present in the United States are not eligible for coverage in a qualified health plan through the Marketplace. They cannot take the PAS for their own coverage and are not eligible for the repayment limitations in Table 6, Repayment Limitation, for APAS paid for their own coverage. However, these individuals may be applicable taxpayers and take the PAS for the coverage of individuals in their applicable households, such as their children, who are lawfully present and eligible for coverage in a qualified health plan. Individuals who are not lawfully present but have dependents who are and who receive APAS will need to file a return to reconcile the PAS with APAS. For more information about who is treated as lawfully present for this purpose, go to [coveredca.com/lawfullypresent](https://www.coveredca.com/lawfullypresent). See Individuals Not Lawfully Present in the United States Enrolled in a Qualified Health Plan in FTB Pub. 3849A for more information on reconciling APAS when an unlawfully present person is enrolled individually or with lawfully present applicable household members.

Married taxpayers. If you are considered married for California income tax purposes, you must file a joint return with your spouse to take the PAS unless one of the two exceptions below applies to you.

You are not considered married for California income tax purposes if you are divorced or legally separated according to California law under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance. In that case, you cannot file a joint return but may be able to take the PAS on your separate return.

If you are considered married for California income tax purposes, you may be eligible to take the PAS without filing a joint return if one of the two exceptions below applies to you. If Exception 1 applies, you can file a return using head of household or single filing status and take the PAS. If Exception 2 applies, you are treated as married but can take the PAS with the filing status of married filing separately.

Exception 1 — Certain married persons living apart. You may file your return as if you are unmarried and take the PAS if your filing status is single or head of household because you meet the requirements for those filing status. See the "Do I Have to File?" and the "Head of

Household” sections within the Form 540, Personal Income Tax Booklet and Form 540NR, Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Booklet.

Exception 2 — Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment. If you are a victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, you can file a return as married filing separately and take the PAS for 2021 if all of the following apply to you:

- You are living apart from your spouse at the time you file your 2021 tax return.
- You are unable to file a joint return because you are a victim of domestic abuse (described next) or spousal abandonment (described below).
- You check the box on your form FTB 3849 to certify that you are a victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment.

Domestic abuse. Domestic abuse includes physical, psychological, sexual, or emotional abuse, including efforts to control, isolate, humiliate, and intimidate, or to undermine the victim’s ability to reason independently. All the facts and circumstances are considered in determining whether an individual is abused, including the effects of alcohol or drug abuse by the victim’s spouse. Depending on the facts and circumstances, abuse of an individual’s child or other applicable household member living in the household may constitute abuse of the individual.

Spousal abandonment. A taxpayer is a victim of spousal abandonment for a tax year if, taking into account all facts and circumstances, the taxpayer is unable to locate their spouse after reasonable diligence.

Married filing separately. If you file as married filing separately and are not a victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment (see Married taxpayers, Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, above), then you are not an applicable taxpayer and you cannot take the PAS. You generally must repay all of the APAS paid for a qualified health plan that covered only individuals in your applicable household. If the policy also covered at least one individual in your spouse’s applicable household, you generally must repay half of the APAS paid for the policy. See Specific Instructions, Line 9.

However, the amount of APAS you have to repay may be limited. See Specific Instructions, Line 28.

Specific Instructions

Name. Print or type your name exactly as you entered it on your tax return. If you are married and filing a joint return, enter the name that appears first on your return.

Social Security Number (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN). The social security number on this form should match the social security number on your tax return. If you are married and filing a joint return, enter the SSN or ITIN that appears first on your tax return.

Victims of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment. Check the box on the line above Part I of form FTB 3849 if you are filing as married filing separately, are a victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, and qualify for Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, described under Definitions, Married taxpayers. By checking this box, you are certifying that you qualify for an exception to the requirement to file a joint return with your spouse. **Do not** attach documentation of the abuse or abandonment to your tax return. Keep any documentation you may have with your tax return records. For examples of what documentation to keep, see Definitions, Records of domestic abuse and spousal abandonment, in FTB Pub. 3849A.

Married filing separately. If APAS was paid for your coverage but you cannot take the PAS because you are married filing a separate return and you **do not** qualify for an exception to the joint filing requirement, complete lines 1 through 5 to figure your separate household income as a percentage of the federal poverty line. Skip lines 6 through 8b and complete lines 9 and 10 (and Part IV, if applicable). Complete only line 11, column (g), or line 12 through line 23, column (g). See instructions for line 11 or line 12 through line 23, column (g), Not an

applicable taxpayer, for more information on how to complete form FTB 3849 to determine how much you have to repay.

Part I — Annual and Monthly Contribution Amount

Line 1 – Applicable household size

Enter on line 1 your applicable household size. Determine the number of individuals in your applicable household using your tax return. Your applicable household generally includes you, your spouse/RDP if you are filing a joint return, and your dependents that you include on your tax return. If you check the “If someone can claim you (or your spouse/RDP) as a dependent” box on your Form 540 or Form 540NR, line 6, because someone can claim you as a dependent, you do not need to file form FTB 3849. If you are filing jointly and you check this box because someone can claim your spouse/RDP as a dependent, exclude the spouse/RDP claimed on another tax return from the applicable household size calculation for purposes of form FTB 3849, line 1.

Note: If an individual in your applicable household was enrolled in a policy with an individual in another applicable household and you are not taking the PAS, the taxpayer who is claiming the individual not in your applicable household may agree to reconcile all APAS paid for the policy. See the instructions for line 9 and Part IV for more information about this rule. If you and the other taxpayer agree that the other taxpayer will reconcile all APAS paid and you are not taking the PAS, enter -0- on line 1 and skip line 2 through line 8. Then check the “Yes” box on line 9 and follow the instructions for Line 9 and Part IV. (Specifically, in the instructions for Part IV, see Policy amounts allocated 100%, in either Allocation Situation 1—Taxpayers divorced or legally separated in 2021, or Allocation Situation 4—Other situations where a policy is shared between two applicable households.)

Line 2a – Modified AGI

Enter your modified AGI on line 2a. Use Worksheet 1-1 below to figure your modified AGI using information from your tax return.

Worksheet 1-1. Taxpayer’s Modified AGI—Line 2a

1. Enter your federal AGI* from federal Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR, line 11 1. _____
2. Enter any tax-exempt interest from federal Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR, line 2a 2. _____
3. Enter any amounts from federal Form 2555, lines 45 and 50 3. _____
4. **Federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR filers:** If line 6a is more than line 6b, subtract line 6b from line 6a and enter the result 4. _____
5. Add lines 1 through 4. Enter here and on form FTB 3849, line 2a 5. _____

*If you are filing federal Form 8814 and the amount on federal Form 8814, line 4, is more than \$1,100, you must enter certain amounts from that form on Worksheet 1-2. See instructions for Line 2b, Federal Form 8814.

Line 2b – Combined modified AGI

Enter on line 2b the combined modified AGI for your dependents who are required to file an income tax return because their income meets the income tax return filing threshold. Use Worksheet 1-2 to figure these dependents’ combined modified AGI. **Do not** include the modified AGI of dependents who are filing a tax return only to claim a refund of tax withheld or estimated tax.

Federal Form 8814. If you are filing federal Form 8814, Parents’ Election To Report Child’s Interest and Dividends, and the amount on federal Form 8814, line 4, is more than \$1,100, you must include on line 1 of Worksheet 1-2 the sum of the tax-exempt interest from federal Form 8814, line 1b; the lesser of federal Form 8814, line 4 or line 5; and any nontaxable social security benefits your child received.

Worksheet 1-2. Dependents' Combined Modified AGI — Line 2b

1. Enter the federal AGI* for your dependents from federal Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR, line 11 1. _____
2. Enter any tax-exempt interest for your dependents from federal Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR, line 2a. 2. _____
3. Enter any amounts for your dependents from federal Form 2555, lines 45 and 50 3. _____
4. **For each dependent filing federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR:** If line 6a is more than line 6b, subtract line 6b from line 6a and enter the result . . . 4. _____
5. Add lines 1 through 4. Enter here and on form FTB 3849, line 2b. 5. _____

*Only include your dependents who are required to file an income tax return because their income meets the income tax return filing threshold.

Line 3 – Household income

Add the amounts on lines 2a and 2b. Combine them even if one or both of them are negative. If the total is less than zero, enter -0- on line 3.

Line 4 – Federal poverty line

Enter on line 4 the amount from Table 1-1 that represents the poverty line for the applicable household size you entered on line 1 of form FTB 3849. (For 2021, the 2020 federal poverty lines are used for this purpose and are shown below.)

Table 1-1. Federal Poverty Line

| IF your Household Size* from form FTB 3849, line 1, was... | THEN enter the amount below on form FTB 3849, line 4... |
|--|---|
| 1 | \$12,760 |
| 2 | \$17,240 |
| 3 | \$21,720 |
| 4 | \$26,200 |
| 5 | \$30,680 |
| 6 | \$35,160 |
| 7 | \$39,640 |
| 8 | \$44,120 |

*If your household size was more than 8 people, add \$4,480 for each additional person. For example, if your household size is 11, you have 3 additional people. Multiply \$4,480 by 3 and add the result of \$13,440 to \$44,120. Enter the result of \$57,560 on form FTB 3849, line 4.

Line 5 – Household income as a percentage of federal poverty line

Figure your household income as a percentage of the federal poverty line using Worksheet 2 and Table 1-2.

Worksheet 2. Household Income as a Percentage of the Federal Poverty Line

1. Enter the amount from form FTB 3849, line 3 1. _____
2. Enter the amount from form FTB 3849, line 4 2. _____
3. Divide the amount on line 1 above by the amount on line 2 above. Do not round; instead multiply this number by 100 (to express it as a percentage). Enter the entire result here, including any number after the decimal point 3. _____
4. Follow the instructions provided in Table 1-2 in the next column. 4. _____

Table 1-2. Household Income as a Percentage of the Federal Poverty Line

| IF the result of the computation on Worksheet 2, line 3 is: | THEN on Worksheet 2, line 4 and form FTB 3849, line 5: | AND on form FTB 3849, line 6: |
|---|---|---|
| Up to exactly 138 | Drop any number after the decimal point ¹ , enter the result on Worksheet 2, line 4, and on form FTB 3849, line 5. | Check the “No” box and continue to line 7. |
| Above 138 and less than 139 | Enter 138 on Worksheet 2, line 4, and on form FTB 3849, line 5. | Check the “Yes” box, go to line 6 instructions, and skip line 7 and line 8 of FTB 3849. |
| At least 139 to exactly 200 | Drop any number after the decimal point ¹ , enter the result on Worksheet 2, line 4, and on form FTB 3849, line 5. | Check the “Yes” box, go to line 6 instructions, and skip line 7 and line 8 of FTB 3849. |
| Above 200 and less than 201 | Enter 200 on Worksheet 2, line 4, and on form FTB 3849, line 5. | Check the “No” box and continue to line 7. |
| At least 201 to exactly 600 | Drop any number after the decimal point ¹ , enter the result on Worksheet 2, line 4, and on form FTB 3849, line 5. | Check the “No” box and continue to line 7. |
| Above 600 and less than 601 | Enter 600 on Worksheet 2, line 4, and on form FTB 3849, line 5. | Check the “Yes” box, go to line 6 instructions, and skip line 7 and line 8 of FTB 3849. |
| 601 or greater | Drop any number after the decimal point ¹ , enter the result on Worksheet 2, line 4, and on form FTB 3849, line 5. | Check the “Yes” box, go to line 6 instructions, and skip line 7 and line 8 of FTB 3849. |

¹For example, for 99.84, enter the result as 99; for 185.65, enter the result as 185; and for 399.7, enter the result as 399.

Line 6 – PAS eligibility

Use the table above to determine which box to check on line 6. If you check the “No” box, continue to line 7. If you check the “Yes” box, you are not eligible for the PAS. See the following section for instructions on how to repay any APAS paid for you or your coverage family.

Household income greater than 138% up to and equal to 200%, or greater than 600% of the federal poverty line. If the amount on line 5 is greater than 138% up to and equal to 200%, or greater than 600%², you cannot take the PAS. You generally must repay all APAS paid for individuals in your applicable household (see below for two exceptions). Skip lines 7 and 8, and complete lines 9 and 10 (and Part IV and/or Part V, if applicable). Complete only column (g) of line 11 or lines 12 through 23. Enter -0- on line 24, and enter the amount from line 11, column (g) or the total of lines 12 through 23, column (g), on lines 25 and 27. Follow the instructions for lines 28 and 29. Enter the amount from line 29 on Form 540, line 64, or Form 540NR, line 74.

²If line 5 is 138, 200, or 600, and you checked the “No” box on line 6, you are eligible for PAS. If you check the “Yes” box, you are not eligible for PAS.

Exceptions

If your household income is greater than 138% up to and equal to 200%, or greater than 600% of the federal poverty line but you qualify for the alternative calculation for the year of marriage (see Specific Instructions, Line 9), you may be able to reduce the amount of APAS you have to repay. If you enrolled an individual who is in another applicable household for the year of coverage, the other applicable household may be responsible for reconciliation of the APAS (see Specific Instructions, Line 9).

Line 7 – California applicable figure

Enter on line 7 the decimal number from Table 2, California Applicable Figure, below, that applies to the percentage you entered on line 5. This number is used to calculate your contribution amount.

Line 8a – Annual contribution amount

Multiply line 3 by line 7 and enter the result on line 8a, rounded to the nearest whole dollar amount.

Line 8b – Monthly contribution amount

Divide line 8a by 12 and enter the result on line 8b, rounded to the nearest whole dollar amount.

Table 2. California Applicable Figure

| IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on form FTB 3849, line 7... | IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on form FTB 3849, line 7... | IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on form FTB 3849, line 7... | IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on form FTB 3849, line 7... |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| 138 and below | 0.00000 | 245 | 0.07644 | 291 | 0.08702 | 337 | 0.09189 |
| 200 | 0.06240 | 246 | 0.07675 | 292 | 0.08724 | 338 | 0.09196 |
| 201 | 0.06271 | 247 | 0.07706 | 293 | 0.08746 | 339 | 0.09204 |
| 202 | 0.06302 | 248 | 0.07738 | 294 | 0.08768 | 340 | 0.09212 |
| 203 | 0.06334 | 249 | 0.07769 | 295 | 0.08790 | 341 | 0.09220 |
| 204 | 0.06365 | 250 | 0.07800 | 296 | 0.08812 | 342 | 0.09228 |
| 205 | 0.06396 | 251 | 0.07822 | 297 | 0.08834 | 343 | 0.09235 |
| 206 | 0.06427 | 252 | 0.07844 | 298 | 0.08856 | 344 | 0.09243 |
| 207 | 0.06458 | 253 | 0.07866 | 299 | 0.08878 | 345 | 0.09251 |
| 208 | 0.06490 | 254 | 0.07888 | 300 | 0.08900 | 346 | 0.09259 |
| 209 | 0.06521 | 255 | 0.07910 | 301 | 0.08908 | 347 | 0.09267 |
| 210 | 0.06552 | 256 | 0.07932 | 302 | 0.08916 | 348 | 0.09274 |
| 211 | 0.06583 | 257 | 0.07954 | 303 | 0.08923 | 349 | 0.09282 |
| 212 | 0.06614 | 258 | 0.07976 | 304 | 0.08931 | 350 | 0.09290 |
| 213 | 0.06646 | 259 | 0.07998 | 305 | 0.08939 | 351 | 0.09298 |
| 214 | 0.06677 | 260 | 0.08020 | 306 | 0.08947 | 352 | 0.09306 |
| 215 | 0.06708 | 261 | 0.08042 | 307 | 0.08955 | 353 | 0.09313 |
| 216 | 0.06739 | 262 | 0.08064 | 308 | 0.08962 | 354 | 0.09321 |
| 217 | 0.06770 | 263 | 0.08086 | 309 | 0.08970 | 355 | 0.09329 |
| 218 | 0.06802 | 264 | 0.08108 | 310 | 0.08978 | 356 | 0.09337 |
| 219 | 0.06833 | 265 | 0.08130 | 311 | 0.08986 | 357 | 0.09345 |
| 220 | 0.06864 | 266 | 0.08152 | 312 | 0.08994 | 358 | 0.09352 |
| 221 | 0.06895 | 267 | 0.08174 | 313 | 0.09001 | 359 | 0.09360 |
| 222 | 0.06926 | 268 | 0.08196 | 314 | 0.09009 | 360 | 0.09368 |
| 223 | 0.06958 | 269 | 0.08218 | 315 | 0.09017 | 361 | 0.09376 |
| 224 | 0.06989 | 270 | 0.08240 | 316 | 0.09025 | 362 | 0.09384 |
| 225 | 0.07020 | 271 | 0.08262 | 317 | 0.09033 | 363 | 0.09391 |
| 226 | 0.07051 | 272 | 0.08284 | 318 | 0.09040 | 364 | 0.09399 |
| 227 | 0.07082 | 273 | 0.08306 | 319 | 0.09048 | 365 | 0.09407 |
| 228 | 0.07114 | 274 | 0.08328 | 320 | 0.09056 | 366 | 0.09415 |
| 229 | 0.07145 | 275 | 0.08350 | 321 | 0.09064 | 367 | 0.09423 |
| 230 | 0.07176 | 276 | 0.08372 | 322 | 0.09072 | 368 | 0.09430 |
| 231 | 0.07207 | 277 | 0.08394 | 323 | 0.09079 | 369 | 0.09438 |
| 232 | 0.07238 | 278 | 0.08416 | 324 | 0.09087 | 370 | 0.09446 |
| 233 | 0.07270 | 279 | 0.08438 | 325 | 0.09095 | 371 | 0.09454 |
| 234 | 0.07301 | 280 | 0.08460 | 326 | 0.09103 | 372 | 0.09462 |
| 235 | 0.07332 | 281 | 0.08482 | 327 | 0.09111 | 373 | 0.09469 |
| 236 | 0.07363 | 282 | 0.08504 | 328 | 0.09118 | 374 | 0.09477 |
| 237 | 0.07394 | 283 | 0.08526 | 329 | 0.09126 | 375 | 0.09485 |
| 238 | 0.07426 | 284 | 0.08548 | 330 | 0.09134 | 376 | 0.09493 |
| 239 | 0.07457 | 285 | 0.08570 | 331 | 0.09142 | 377 | 0.09501 |
| 240 | 0.07488 | 286 | 0.08592 | 332 | 0.09150 | 378 | 0.09508 |
| 241 | 0.07519 | 287 | 0.08614 | 333 | 0.09157 | 379 | 0.09516 |
| 242 | 0.07550 | 288 | 0.08636 | 334 | 0.09165 | 380 | 0.09524 |
| 243 | 0.07582 | 289 | 0.08658 | 335 | 0.09173 | 381 | 0.09532 |
| 244 | 0.07613 | 290 | 0.08680 | 336 | 0.09181 | 382 | 0.09540 |

| IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on form FTB 3849, line 7... | IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on form FTB 3849, line 7... | IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on form FTB 3849, line 7... | IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on form FTB 3849, line 7... |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| 383 | 0.09547 | 438 | 0.12963 | 493 | 0.15720 | 548 | 0.16960 |
| 384 | 0.09555 | 439 | 0.13050 | 494 | 0.15760 | 549 | 0.16980 |
| 385 | 0.09563 | 440 | 0.13136 | 495 | 0.15800 | 550 | 0.17000 |
| 386 | 0.09571 | 441 | 0.13222 | 496 | 0.15840 | 551 | 0.17020 |
| 387 | 0.09579 | 442 | 0.13309 | 497 | 0.15880 | 552 | 0.17040 |
| 388 | 0.09586 | 443 | 0.13395 | 498 | 0.15920 | 553 | 0.17060 |
| 389 | 0.09594 | 444 | 0.13482 | 499 | 0.15960 | 554 | 0.17080 |
| 390 | 0.09602 | 445 | 0.13568 | 500 | 0.16000 | 555 | 0.17100 |
| 391 | 0.09610 | 446 | 0.13654 | 501 | 0.16020 | 556 | 0.17120 |
| 392 | 0.09618 | 447 | 0.13741 | 502 | 0.16040 | 557 | 0.17140 |
| 393 | 0.09625 | 448 | 0.13827 | 503 | 0.16060 | 558 | 0.17160 |
| 394 | 0.09633 | 449 | 0.13914 | 504 | 0.16080 | 559 | 0.17180 |
| 395 | 0.09641 | 450 | 0.14000 | 505 | 0.16100 | 560 | 0.17200 |
| 396 | 0.09649 | 451 | 0.14040 | 506 | 0.16120 | 561 | 0.17220 |
| 397 | 0.09657 | 452 | 0.14080 | 507 | 0.16140 | 562 | 0.17240 |
| 398 | 0.09664 | 453 | 0.14120 | 508 | 0.16160 | 563 | 0.17260 |
| 399 | 0.09672 | 454 | 0.14160 | 509 | 0.16180 | 564 | 0.17280 |
| 400 | 0.09680 | 455 | 0.14200 | 510 | 0.16200 | 565 | 0.17300 |
| 401 | 0.09766 | 456 | 0.14240 | 511 | 0.16220 | 566 | 0.17320 |
| 402 | 0.09853 | 457 | 0.14280 | 512 | 0.16240 | 567 | 0.17340 |
| 403 | 0.09939 | 458 | 0.14320 | 513 | 0.16260 | 568 | 0.17360 |
| 404 | 0.10026 | 459 | 0.14360 | 514 | 0.16280 | 569 | 0.17380 |
| 405 | 0.10112 | 460 | 0.14400 | 515 | 0.16300 | 570 | 0.17400 |
| 406 | 0.10198 | 461 | 0.14440 | 516 | 0.16320 | 571 | 0.17420 |
| 407 | 0.10285 | 462 | 0.14480 | 517 | 0.16340 | 572 | 0.17440 |
| 408 | 0.10371 | 463 | 0.14520 | 518 | 0.16360 | 573 | 0.17460 |
| 409 | 0.10458 | 464 | 0.14560 | 519 | 0.16380 | 574 | 0.17480 |
| 410 | 0.10544 | 465 | 0.14600 | 520 | 0.16400 | 575 | 0.17500 |
| 411 | 0.10630 | 466 | 0.14640 | 521 | 0.16420 | 576 | 0.17520 |
| 412 | 0.10717 | 467 | 0.14680 | 522 | 0.16440 | 577 | 0.17540 |
| 413 | 0.10803 | 468 | 0.14720 | 523 | 0.16460 | 578 | 0.17560 |
| 414 | 0.10890 | 469 | 0.14760 | 524 | 0.16480 | 579 | 0.17580 |
| 415 | 0.10976 | 470 | 0.14800 | 525 | 0.16500 | 580 | 0.17600 |
| 416 | 0.11062 | 471 | 0.14840 | 526 | 0.16520 | 581 | 0.17620 |
| 417 | 0.11149 | 472 | 0.14880 | 527 | 0.16540 | 582 | 0.17640 |
| 418 | 0.11235 | 473 | 0.14920 | 528 | 0.16560 | 583 | 0.17660 |
| 419 | 0.11322 | 474 | 0.14960 | 529 | 0.16580 | 584 | 0.17680 |
| 420 | 0.11408 | 475 | 0.15000 | 530 | 0.16600 | 585 | 0.17700 |
| 421 | 0.11494 | 476 | 0.15040 | 531 | 0.16620 | 586 | 0.17720 |
| 422 | 0.11581 | 477 | 0.15080 | 532 | 0.16640 | 587 | 0.17740 |
| 423 | 0.11667 | 478 | 0.15120 | 533 | 0.16660 | 588 | 0.17760 |
| 424 | 0.11754 | 479 | 0.15160 | 534 | 0.16680 | 589 | 0.17780 |
| 425 | 0.11840 | 480 | 0.15200 | 535 | 0.16700 | 590 | 0.17800 |
| 426 | 0.11926 | 481 | 0.15240 | 536 | 0.16720 | 591 | 0.17820 |
| 427 | 0.12013 | 482 | 0.15280 | 537 | 0.16740 | 592 | 0.17840 |
| 428 | 0.12099 | 483 | 0.15320 | 538 | 0.16760 | 593 | 0.17860 |
| 429 | 0.12186 | 484 | 0.15360 | 539 | 0.16780 | 594 | 0.17880 |
| 430 | 0.12272 | 485 | 0.15400 | 540 | 0.16800 | 595 | 0.17900 |
| 431 | 0.12358 | 486 | 0.15440 | 541 | 0.16820 | 596 | 0.17920 |
| 432 | 0.12445 | 487 | 0.15480 | 542 | 0.16840 | 597 | 0.17940 |
| 433 | 0.12531 | 488 | 0.15520 | 543 | 0.16860 | 598 | 0.17960 |
| 434 | 0.12618 | 489 | 0.15560 | 544 | 0.16880 | 599 | 0.17980 |
| 435 | 0.12704 | 490 | 0.15600 | 545 | 0.16900 | 600 | 0.18000 |
| 436 | 0.12790 | 491 | 0.15640 | 546 | 0.16920 | | |
| 437 | 0.12877 | 492 | 0.15680 | 547 | 0.16940 | | |

Part II—Premium Assistance Subsidy Claim and Reconciliation of Advance Payment of Premium Assistance Subsidy

Line 9 – Allocation of policy amounts

Before you complete line 10, you must complete Part IV if you are allocating policy amounts (see below) with another taxpayer and complete Part V if you want to use the alternative calculation for year of marriage (see below). Both of these situations may apply to you, so be sure to read the rest of the instructions for line 9.

Allocating policy amounts. You need to allocate policy amounts (enrollment premiums, SLCSP premiums, and/or APAS) on form FTB 3895 between your applicable household and another applicable household if:

1. The policy covered at least one individual in your applicable household and at least one individual in another applicable household, and
2. Either:
 - a. You received form FTB 3895 for the policy that does not accurately represent the members of your applicable household who were enrolled in the policy (meaning that it either lists someone who is not in your applicable household or does not list a member of your applicable household who was enrolled in the policy), or
 - b. The other applicable household received form FTB 3895 for the policy that includes a member of your applicable household.

If both 1 and 2 above apply, check the “**Yes**” box. For each policy to which 1 and 2 above apply, follow the instructions in Table 3, Allocation of Policy Amounts—Line 9 to determine which allocation rule applies for that qualified health plan. If 1 and 2 above do not apply, see Alternative calculation for year of marriage.

A qualified health plan may have covered at least one individual in your applicable household and one individual not in your applicable household if:

- You got divorced during the year,
- You are married but filing a separate return from your spouse,
- You or an individual in your applicable household was enrolled in a qualified health plan by someone who is not part of your applicable household (for example, your ex-spouse enrolled a child whom you are claiming as a dependent), or
- You or an individual in your applicable household enrolled someone not part of your applicable household in a qualified health plan (for example, you enrolled a child whom your ex-spouse is claiming as a dependent).

Example: One qualified health plan covers Greg, his spouse Sofie, and their daughter Libby from January through August, and APAS is paid for the coverage of all three. Greg and Sofie divorce on December 10. Greg files a tax return using a head of household filing status and claims Libby as a dependent. Sofie files a tax return using a filing status of single. Greg and Sofie must allocate the amounts from form FTB 3895 for the months of January through December on their tax returns using the instructions in Table 3.

Multiple allocations in the same month. If a qualified health plan covers individuals in your applicable household and individuals in two or more other applicable households for one or more months, see the rules in FTB Pub. 3849A under Allocation of Policy Amounts Among Three or More Taxpayers.

Example: One qualified health plan covers Greg, his spouse Sofie, and their daughter Libby from January through August, and APAS is paid for the coverage of all three. Greg and Sofie divorce on August 26. Greg and Sofie each files a tax return using a filing status of single. Libby is claimed as a dependent by her grandfather, Paul. Greg, Sofie, and Paul must allocate the amounts from form FTB 3895 for the months of January through August on their tax returns using the worksheets and instructions in FTB Pub. 3849A because amounts on form FTB 3895 must be allocated among three applicable households (Greg’s, Sofie’s, and Paul’s).

Multiple allocations in different months. You may need to allocate policy amounts under a qualified health plan using different rules for different months if you had a change in circumstance. Use Table 3 on the next page to determine which allocation rule to use for each month.

Example: Juan enrolled himself, his spouse Emma, and their two dependent children, Lisa and Karly, in a policy for 2021 purchased through the Marketplace. APAS was paid on behalf of each. The couple divorced on June 30. Juan purchased different health insurance for himself through the Marketplace for July through December. Emma also purchased different health insurance through the Marketplace for July through December for herself, Lisa, and Karly. Juan claims Lisa as a dependent on his tax return. Emma claims Karly as a dependent on her tax return. According to Table 3, Juan and Emma will allocate the amounts from the policy for January through June on line 30 using the rules under Allocation Situation 1—Taxpayers divorced or legally separated in 2021; see Part IV. For the months Juan and Emma were divorced (July through December), they will allocate the amounts from Emma’s policy for July through December on line 31 using the rules under Allocation Situation 4—Other situations where a policy is shared between two applicable households.

Alternative calculation for year of marriage. If you got married during 2021 and APAS was paid for an individual in your applicable household, you may want to use the alternative calculation for year of marriage, an optional calculation that may allow you to repay less excess APAS than you would under the general rules. Follow the instructions in Table 4, Alternative Calculation for Year of Marriage Eligibility, to determine whether you qualify for the alternative calculation.

If you need to allocate policy amounts and also are using the alternative calculation for year of marriage, follow the instructions in Table 3 and complete Part IV before you follow the instructions for Table 4 and complete Part V.

If you are not allocating policy amounts and not using the alternative calculation for year of marriage, check the “**No**” box and go to line 10.

Table 3. Allocation of Policy Amounts—Line 9

Follow Steps 1 through 3 below to determine which allocation rule to use in Part IV to allocate the policy amounts for each qualified health plan identified in the instructions for line 9. For each policy, if your answer directs you to Part IV, skip directly to the section of the Part IV instructions identified. You **do not** need to complete the remaining steps below.

| |
|---|
| STEP 1 |
| <p>IF...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You divorced or legally separated from a spouse in 2021; and For one or more months of marriage, the policy covered at least one individual in your applicable household AND at least one individual in your former spouse's applicable household. <p>THEN allocate using the rules in Part IV, Allocation Situation 1—Taxpayers divorced or legally separated in 2021. Otherwise, continue to Step 2.</p> |
| STEP 2 |
| <p>IF...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You were married at the end of 2021 but are filing a separate return from your spouse; and The policy covered at least one individual in your applicable household AND at least one individual in your spouse's applicable household.* <p>THEN allocate using the rules in Part IV, Allocation Situation 2—Taxpayers married at year end but filing separate returns. Otherwise, continue to Step 3.</p> <p>*Also follow these instructions if you meet the rules in Exception 1—Certain married persons living apart, or Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, under Definitions, Married taxpayers, and a policy covered at least one individual in your applicable household AND at least one individual in your spouse's applicable household.</p> |
| STEP 3 |
| <p>IF no APAS was paid for the policy, THEN allocate using the rules in Part IV, Allocation Situation 3—No APAS. Otherwise, allocate using the rules in Part IV, Allocation Situation 4—Other situations where a policy is shared between two applicable households.</p> |

Table 4. Alternative Calculation for Year of Marriage Eligibility

Answer questions 1 through 5 below to determine whether you may be eligible to elect the alternative calculation for year of marriage.

| |
|--|
| <p>1 Were you and your spouse each unmarried on January 1, 2021?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Continue to the next question in this table.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No. You are not eligible to elect the alternative calculation. Do not complete Part V. If you did not complete Part IV, check the “No” box on line 9 and continue to line 10. If you completed Part IV, check the “No” box on line 10, skip line 11, and continue to lines 12 through 23.</p> |
| <p>2 Were you married on December 31, 2021?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Continue to the next question in this table.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No. You are not eligible to elect the alternative calculation. Do not complete Part V. If you did not complete Part IV, check the “No” box on line 9 and continue to line 10. If you completed Part IV, check the “No” box on line 10, skip line 11, and continue to lines 12 through 23.</p> |
| <p>3 Are you filing a joint return with your spouse for 2021?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Continue to the next question in this table.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No. You are not eligible to elect the alternative calculation. Do not complete Part V. If you did not complete Part IV, check the “No” box on line 9 and continue to line 10. If you completed Part IV, check the “No” box on line 10, skip line 11, and continue to lines 12 through 23.</p> |
| <p>4 Was anyone in your applicable household enrolled in a qualified health plan before your first full month of marriage? (For example, if you got married on July 15, your first full month of marriage was August.)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Continue to the next question in this table.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No. You are not eligible to elect the alternative calculation. Do not complete Part V. If you did not complete Part IV, check the “No” box on line 9 and continue to line 10. If you completed Part IV, check the “No” box on line 10, skip line 11, and continue to lines 12 through 23.</p> |
| <p>5 Was APAS paid for anyone in your applicable household during 2021?</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes. You are eligible to elect the alternative calculation for year of marriage if excess APAS was paid during 2021.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If you checked the “No” box on form FTB 3849, line 6, continue to Worksheet 3 on the next page to determine whether excess APAS was paid during 2021. If you checked the “Yes” box on form FTB 3849, line 6, excess APAS was paid, and you are eligible for the alternative calculation. Do not complete Worksheet 3. Instead, see Alternative Calculation for Year of Marriage in FTB Pub. 3849A to determine if electing the alternative calculation reduces your repayment amount. <p><input type="checkbox"/> No. You are not eligible to elect the alternative calculation. Do not complete Part V. If you did not complete Part IV, check the “No” box on line 9 and continue to line 10. If you completed Part IV, check the “No” box on line 10, skip line 11, and continue to lines 12 through 23.</p> |

Worksheet 3. Alternative Calculation for Marriage Eligibility

If you checked the “Yes” box on Table 4, line 5, and you checked the “No” box on form FTB 3849, line 6, complete this worksheet to determine whether you received excess APAS in 2021.

CAUTION: If Part IV applies to you, **do not** complete this worksheet until you have completed Part IV.

| Monthly Calculation | (a) Monthly enrollment premiums (Form(s) FTB 3895, lines 6 through 17, column a)* | (b) Monthly applicable SLCSP premium (Form(s) FTB 3895, lines 6 through 17, column b)** | (c) Monthly contribution amount (amount from line 8b) | (d) Monthly federal PTC amount. See instructions for lines 12 through 23, column (d). | (e) Monthly maximum PAS amount (subtract (c) and (d) from (b), if zero or less, enter -0-) | (f) Monthly PAS amount allowed. See instructions for lines 12 through 23, column (f). | (g) Monthly APAS amount (Form(s) FTB 3895, lines 6 through 17, column c)*** |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| 1 January | | | | | | | |
| 2 February | | | | | | | |
| 3 March | | | | | | | |
| 4 April | | | | | | | |
| 5 May | | | | | | | |
| 6 June | | | | | | | |
| 7 July | | | | | | | |
| 8 August | | | | | | | |
| 9 September | | | | | | | |
| 10 October | | | | | | | |
| 11 November | | | | | | | |
| 12 December | | | | | | | |
| 13 Totals | | | | | | | |

14 Is line 13, column (f), less than line 13, column (g)?

Yes. Excess APAS was paid in 2021. You are eligible to elect the alternative calculation. See Alternative Calculation for Year of Marriage in FTB Pub. 3849A to determine if electing the alternative calculation reduces your repayment amount.

No. There was no excess APAS paid in 2021. You are not eligible to elect the alternative calculation. **Do not** complete Part V.

- If you did not complete Part IV, check the “No” box on line 9 and continue to line 10. If you are required to use lines 12 through 23 of form FTB 3849, enter the amounts from lines 1 through 12 of this worksheet in the lines for the corresponding months and columns on form FTB 3849.
- If you completed Part IV, check the “No” box on line 10, skip line 11, and enter the amounts from lines 1 through 12 of this worksheet in the lines for the corresponding months and columns of lines 12 through 23 of form FTB 3849.

*See instructions for lines 12 through 23, column (a), for the amounts to enter on lines 1 through 12, column (a), of this worksheet.
 **See instructions for lines 12 through 23, column (b), for the amounts to enter on lines 1 through 12, column (b), of this worksheet.
 ***See instructions for lines 12 through 23, column (g), for the amounts to enter on lines 1 through 12, column (g), of this worksheet.

Line 10 – Qualified health plan coverage

Read the following instructions to determine whether you should check the “Yes” box or “No” box and then proceed as directed.

If you were enrolled in a qualified health plan for fewer than 12 months during 2021, check the “No” box and continue to lines 12 through 23.

Full-year coverage with no changes on form FTB 3895, Part II, columns (a) or (b). Check the “Yes” box and continue to line 11 if all of the following apply for each qualified health plan you or a member of your applicable household was enrolled in for 2021.

- You were enrolled in the qualified health plan for all 12 months during 2021.
- Your enrollment premium was the same for every month of 2021. Your enrollment premium is reported on form FTB 3895, Part II, column (a), lines 6 through 17.
- Your applicable SLCSPP premium is the same for every month of 2021. The SLCSPP premium is reported on form FTB 3895, Part II, column (b), lines 6 through 17. However, first see Missing or incorrect SLCSPP premium on form FTB 3895, below.

Otherwise, check the “No” box and continue to lines 12 through 23.

Missing or incorrect SLCSPP premium on form FTB 3895.

Generally, there are two situations where your SLCSPP premium may not be accurately reflected on your form FTB 3895. If either of these two situations apply to you, or if you have reason to believe the Marketplace reported the wrong SLCSPP premium, you must determine the applicable SLCSPP premium for every month. If the applicable SLCSPP premium is not the same for every month of 2021, check the “No” box and continue to lines 12 through 23. The two situations in which your SLCSPP premium may not be accurately reflected on your form FTB 3895 are:

1. **No APAS was paid for your coverage.** If no APAS was paid for you or your coverage family, the SLCSPP premium reported on form FTB 3895, Part II, column (b), lines 6 through 17, may be wrong, left blank, or reported as -0-. To determine your applicable SLCSPP premium for each month, get FTB Pub. 3849A, or go to [coveredca.com/taxes](https://www.coveredca.com/taxes). If your applicable SLCSPP premium is not the same for all 12 months, check the “No” box and continue to lines 12 through 23.
2. **Change in circumstances affecting SLCSPP premium.** If you had a change in circumstances during 2021 that you did not report to the Marketplace, the SLCSPP premium reported on form FTB 3895, Part II, column (b), lines 6 through 17, may be wrong.

Examples of changes in circumstances that may affect your applicable SLCSPP premium include the following:

- You enrolled an individual newly added to your applicable household during 2021 (for example, a newborn).
- An individual in your applicable household was enrolled in your qualified health plan for some but not all of 2021.
- An individual in your coverage family became eligible for or lost eligibility for employer coverage or other MEC during 2021.
- You are including an individual in your applicable household for the year of coverage, but you did not indicate to the Marketplace at enrollment that you would do so.
- You indicated to the Marketplace at enrollment that you would include an individual in your applicable household for the year of coverage, but you did not do so.
- An individual enrolled in the coverage died during 2021.
- You moved during 2021.

If any of the above apply and you did not notify the Marketplace or if you have reason to believe the Marketplace reported the wrong SLCSPP premium, determine the applicable SLCSPP premium for the months affected. For information on determining the applicable SLCSPP premium, get FTB Pub. 3849A, or go to [coveredca.com/taxes](https://www.coveredca.com/taxes). If your applicable SLCSPP premium is not the same for all 12 months, check the “No” box and continue to lines 12 through 23.

Example 1: Zoe receives form FTB 3895, which reports in column (a) \$1,000 on lines 6 through 17 for January through December and in column (b) \$900 on lines 6 through 16 for January through November. However, column (b) reports \$650 for December on line 17 because an individual included in Zoe’s coverage family was eligible for MEC (other than coverage in the individual market) for the entire month of December and Zoe reported the change to the Marketplace. Zoe checks the “No” box on line 10 and completes lines 12 through 23.

Example 2: Jose and Mia enroll together in a qualified health plan through the Marketplace. They **do not** have a change in circumstance during the year. They receive a form FTB 3895, which reports \$800 for the enrollment premiums in column (a) on lines 6 through 17 and \$850 for the applicable SLCSPP premium in column (b) on lines 6 through 17, for January through December. They check the “Yes” box on form FTB 3849, line 10, and complete line 11 because for each of columns (a) and (b) there is an amount for all 12 months and the amounts did not change.

Example 3: The facts are the same as in Example 2 above, but starting on August 1, Jose is eligible for full-scope Medi-Cal, and does not notify the Marketplace. Because Jose is eligible for other MEC, their coverage family changed starting in August. As a result, the SLCSPP premium reported on form FTB 3895 for August through December is incorrect and Jose and Mia must determine the applicable SLCSPP premium for these months by following the instructions in FTB Pub. 3849A, or go to [coveredca.com/taxes](https://www.coveredca.com/taxes). Because the SLCSPP premium is not the same for every month of the year, Jose and Mia cannot use line 11 and must complete lines 12 through 23 on form FTB 3849. Jose and Mia check the “No” box on form FTB 3849, line 10, and complete lines 12 through 23. They determine that the applicable SLCSPP premium for the coverage family of one (Mia) for August through December is \$400 each month. Jose and Mia enter \$850 in form FTB 3849, lines 12 through 18, column (b), and \$400 in lines 19 through 23, column (b).

Line 11 – Annual totals

Note: If you checked the “Yes” box on line 10 and you are completing line 11, **do not** complete lines 12 through 23. Once you complete line 11, skip to line 24.

If you checked the “Yes” box on line 6 or you are using filing status married filing separately and Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, does not apply to you, skip columns (a) through (f), and complete only column (g). See the instructions for column (g), Not an applicable taxpayer, for more information and to determine how much you have to repay.

Column (a). Enter the annual enrollment premiums from form FTB 3895, line 18, column (a). If you have more than one form FTB 3895, add the amounts together and enter the total on form FTB 3849, line 11, column (a). This amount is the total of your enrollment premiums for the year, including the portion paid by APAS.

- If both you and your RDP signed up for coverage through the Marketplace, you and your RDP will receive separate forms FTB 3895 from the Marketplace. Add the amounts together and enter the total on form FTB 3849, line 11, column (a).
- If you or a member of your applicable household was enrolled in a stand-alone dental plan that provided pediatric benefits, the portion of the dental plan premiums for the pediatric benefits will be included in the amount on form FTB 3895, column (a), that reports the coverage in your primary health plan. If your plan covered benefits that are not essential health benefits, such as adult dental or vision benefits, the amount in this column will be reduced by the premiums for the non-essential benefits.

Column (b). Enter the annual applicable SLCSPP premium from form FTB 3895, line 18, column (b). However, the SLCSPP premium reported on form FTB 3895, line 18, column (b), may be missing or incorrect. See Need to determine applicable SLCSPP premium, on the next page before you complete this column.

If you have more than one form FTB 3895, enter the amount as follows.

- If individuals in your coverage family enrolled in more than one policy through the Marketplace, you will receive a form FTB 3895 for each policy. The Marketplace should have entered the same SLCSPP premium, which applies to all members of your coverage family, on each form FTB 3895. Enter the amount from line 18, column (b) of **only one** form FTB 3895 – **do not** add the amounts from each form.
- If you got married in December 2021 and you and your spouse, or individuals in your and your spouse’s applicable household, were enrolled in separate qualified health plans, add the amounts from form FTB 3895, line 18, column (b), for each plan (or plans) and enter the total.
- If you got married in any month other than December, your applicable SLCSPP premium may not be the same for every month. If it is not the same for every month, you cannot use line 11. Use lines 12 through 23 instead.

Need to determine applicable SLCSPP premium. If during 2021, your coverage family changed, or you moved and you did not notify the Marketplace, or if no APAS was paid, the SLCSPP premium reported on your forms FTB 3895 may be missing or incorrect. See Specific Instructions, Line 10, Missing or incorrect SLCSPP premium on form FTB 3895, to determine your applicable SLCSPP premium to enter in column (b).

Column (c). Enter the amount from form FTB 3849, line 8a.

Column (d). If you entered -0- in line 11, column (a), enter -0- in line 11, column (d). Otherwise, use Worksheet 4 to compute the amount for line 11, column (d). **Note:** If you checked the box on line A, above Part I of federal Form 8962, Premium Tax Credit (PTC), enter -0- on Worksheet 4, line 1, and follow the rest of the instructions to complete Worksheet 4.

Worksheet 4. Annual Federal PTC Amount

1. Enter your federal applicable figure from Table 5, using the percentage from form FTB 3849, line 5, to locate the figure on the table 1. _____
2. Enter the amount from form FTB 3849, line 3 2. _____
3. Multiply line 1 above by line 2 above. Round to nearest whole dollar amount. This is your federal annual contribution amount 3. _____
4. Enter the amount from form FTB 3849, line 11, column (b) 4. _____
5. Subtract the amount from line 3 above from line 4 above. This is your maximum federal PTC amount. If zero or less, enter -0- 5. _____
6. Enter the value from form FTB 3849, line 11, column (a) 6. _____
7. Enter the smaller of line 6 above and line 5 above. This is your federal PTC amount. Enter this amount on form FTB 3849, line 11, column (d). 7. _____

Column (e). Subtract the amounts in column (c) and column (d) from the amount in column (b). If the result is zero or less, enter -0-.

Column (f). If the amount in line 11, column (e) is -0-, enter -0-.

If in Worksheet 4, you entered the value from line 6 as the smaller value in line 7, enter -0-.

If in Worksheet 4, you entered the value from line 5 as the smaller value in line 7, then use Worksheet 5 below to determine the value on form FTB 3849, line 11, column (f).

For all other situations, use Worksheet 5 to compute the amount for line 11, column (f).

Worksheet 5. Annual PAS Amount

1. Enter the value from form FTB 3849, line 11, column (a) 1. _____
2. Enter the value from form FTB 3849, line 11, column (d) 2. _____
3. Subtract the value from line 2 above from line 1 above. If zero or less, enter -0- 3. _____
4. Enter the value from form FTB 3849, line 11, column (e) 4. _____
5. Enter the smaller of line 4 above and line 3 above. This is your PAS allowed. Enter this amount on form FTB 3849, line 11, column (f). 5. _____

Column (g). Enter the APAS amount from form FTB 3895, line 18, column (c). If you have more than one form FTB 3895, add the amounts together and enter the total on form FTB 3849, line 11, column (g).

Not an applicable taxpayer. If you are not an applicable taxpayer because your household income is greater than 138% up to and equal to 200%, or over 600% of the federal poverty line, or you are using filing status married filing separately and Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, does not apply to you, you cannot take the PAS. You must repay some or all of the APAS entered on line 11, column (g). To complete the rest of the form, skip lines 12 through 23, enter -0- on line 24, and enter the amount from line 11, column (g), on lines 25 and 27. Then complete lines 28 (if it applies to you) and 29. Enter the amount from line 29 on Form 540, line 64, or Form 540NR, line 74.

Table 5. Federal Applicable Figure

| IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on Worksheet 4 and Worksheet 6, line 1... | IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on Worksheet 4 and Worksheet 6, line 1... | IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on Worksheet 4 and Worksheet 6, line 1... | IF form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | ENTER on Worksheet 4 and Worksheet 6, line 1... |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| 138 and below | 0.0000 | 251 | 0.0404 | 303 | 0.0608 | 355 | 0.0738 |
| 200 | 0.0200 | 252 | 0.0408 | 304 | 0.0610 | 356 | 0.0740 |
| 201 | 0.0204 | 253 | 0.0412 | 305 | 0.0613 | 357 | 0.0743 |
| 202 | 0.0208 | 254 | 0.0416 | 306 | 0.0615 | 358 | 0.0745 |
| 203 | 0.0212 | 255 | 0.0420 | 307 | 0.0618 | 359 | 0.0748 |
| 204 | 0.0216 | 256 | 0.0424 | 308 | 0.0620 | 360 | 0.0750 |
| 205 | 0.0220 | 257 | 0.0428 | 309 | 0.0623 | 361 | 0.0753 |
| 206 | 0.0224 | 258 | 0.0432 | 310 | 0.0625 | 362 | 0.0755 |
| 207 | 0.0228 | 259 | 0.0436 | 311 | 0.0628 | 363 | 0.0758 |
| 208 | 0.0232 | 260 | 0.0440 | 312 | 0.0630 | 364 | 0.0760 |
| 209 | 0.0236 | 261 | 0.0444 | 313 | 0.0633 | 365 | 0.0763 |
| 210 | 0.0240 | 262 | 0.0448 | 314 | 0.0635 | 366 | 0.0765 |
| 211 | 0.0244 | 263 | 0.0452 | 315 | 0.0638 | 367 | 0.0768 |
| 212 | 0.0248 | 264 | 0.0456 | 316 | 0.0640 | 368 | 0.0770 |
| 213 | 0.0252 | 265 | 0.0460 | 317 | 0.0643 | 369 | 0.0773 |
| 214 | 0.0256 | 266 | 0.0464 | 318 | 0.0645 | 370 | 0.0775 |
| 215 | 0.0260 | 267 | 0.0468 | 319 | 0.0648 | 371 | 0.0778 |
| 216 | 0.0264 | 268 | 0.0472 | 320 | 0.0650 | 372 | 0.0780 |
| 217 | 0.0268 | 269 | 0.0476 | 321 | 0.0653 | 373 | 0.0783 |
| 218 | 0.0272 | 270 | 0.0480 | 322 | 0.0655 | 374 | 0.0785 |
| 219 | 0.0276 | 271 | 0.0484 | 323 | 0.0658 | 375 | 0.0788 |
| 220 | 0.0280 | 272 | 0.0488 | 324 | 0.0660 | 376 | 0.0790 |
| 221 | 0.0284 | 273 | 0.0492 | 325 | 0.0663 | 377 | 0.0793 |
| 222 | 0.0288 | 274 | 0.0496 | 326 | 0.0665 | 378 | 0.0795 |
| 223 | 0.0292 | 275 | 0.0500 | 327 | 0.0668 | 379 | 0.0798 |
| 224 | 0.0296 | 276 | 0.0504 | 328 | 0.0670 | 380 | 0.0800 |
| 225 | 0.0300 | 277 | 0.0508 | 329 | 0.0673 | 381 | 0.0803 |
| 226 | 0.0304 | 278 | 0.0512 | 330 | 0.0675 | 382 | 0.0805 |
| 227 | 0.0308 | 279 | 0.0516 | 331 | 0.0678 | 383 | 0.0808 |
| 228 | 0.0312 | 280 | 0.0520 | 332 | 0.0680 | 384 | 0.0810 |
| 229 | 0.0316 | 281 | 0.0524 | 333 | 0.0683 | 385 | 0.0813 |
| 230 | 0.0320 | 282 | 0.0528 | 334 | 0.0685 | 386 | 0.0815 |
| 231 | 0.0324 | 283 | 0.0532 | 335 | 0.0688 | 387 | 0.0818 |
| 232 | 0.0328 | 284 | 0.0536 | 336 | 0.0690 | 388 | 0.0820 |
| 233 | 0.0332 | 285 | 0.0540 | 337 | 0.0693 | 389 | 0.0823 |
| 234 | 0.0336 | 286 | 0.0544 | 338 | 0.0695 | 390 | 0.0825 |
| 235 | 0.0340 | 287 | 0.0548 | 339 | 0.0698 | 391 | 0.0828 |
| 236 | 0.0344 | 288 | 0.0552 | 340 | 0.0700 | 392 | 0.0830 |
| 237 | 0.0348 | 289 | 0.0556 | 341 | 0.0703 | 393 | 0.0833 |
| 238 | 0.0352 | 290 | 0.0560 | 342 | 0.0705 | 394 | 0.0835 |
| 239 | 0.0356 | 291 | 0.0564 | 343 | 0.0708 | 395 | 0.0838 |
| 240 | 0.0360 | 292 | 0.0568 | 344 | 0.0710 | 396 | 0.0840 |
| 241 | 0.0364 | 293 | 0.0572 | 345 | 0.0713 | 397 | 0.0843 |
| 242 | 0.0368 | 294 | 0.0576 | 346 | 0.0715 | 398 | 0.0845 |
| 243 | 0.0372 | 295 | 0.0580 | 347 | 0.0718 | 399 | 0.0848 |
| 244 | 0.0376 | 296 | 0.0584 | 348 | 0.0720 | 400 thru 600 | 0.0850 |
| 245 | 0.0380 | 297 | 0.0588 | 349 | 0.0723 | | |
| 246 | 0.0384 | 298 | 0.0592 | 350 | 0.0725 | | |
| 247 | 0.0388 | 299 | 0.0596 | 351 | 0.0728 | | |
| 248 | 0.0392 | 300 | 0.0600 | 352 | 0.0730 | | |
| 249 | 0.0396 | 301 | 0.0603 | 353 | 0.0733 | | |
| 250 | 0.0400 | 302 | 0.0605 | 354 | 0.0735 | | |

Lines 12 through 23 – Monthly calculation

Note: If you checked the “No” box on line 10 and you are completing lines 12 through 23, **do not** complete line 11.

If you checked the “Yes” box on line 6 and you did not elect the alternative calculation for year of marriage or you are using filing status married filing separately and Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, **does not** apply to you, skip columns (a) through (f), and complete only column (g). See the instructions for column (g), Not an applicable taxpayer, for more information and to determine how much you have to repay.

Column (a). Enter on lines 12 through 23, column (a), the amount of the monthly premiums reported on form FTB 3895, lines 6 through 17, column (a), for the corresponding month. If you have more than one form FTB 3895 affecting a particular month, add the amounts together for that month and enter the total on the appropriate line on form FTB 3849, column (a). This amount is the total of your enrollment premiums for the month, including the portion paid by APAS.

If a -0- appears on form FTB 3895, on any of lines 6 through 17, column (a), you are not entitled to a monthly PAS amount for that month because enrollment premiums were not paid. Enter -0- on the appropriate line on form FTB 3849, column (a).

If you completed Part IV for any form FTB 3895, add the monthly premium amounts allocated to you, if any, using the allocation percentage you entered on form FTB 3849, lines 30 through 33, column (e), to the monthly premiums for other policies that you did not allocate.

Column (b). Enter on lines 12 through 23, column (b), the amount of the monthly applicable SLCSP premium reported on form FTB 3895, lines 6 through 17, column (b), for the corresponding month. However, the SLCSP premium reported on form FTB 3895, line 18, column (b), may be missing or incorrect. See Need to determine applicable SLCSP premium, below before you complete this column.

If you have more than one form FTB 3895 showing coverage in a particular month, use the following rules to determine the amounts to enter on form FTB 3849, column (b), for that month.

- If individuals in your coverage family enrolled in separate policies through the Marketplace, you will receive a form FTB 3895 for each policy. The Marketplace should have entered the same SLCSP premium, which applies to all members of your coverage family for coverage that month, on each form FTB 3895. Enter the amount from column (b) of **only one** form FTB 3895—**do not** add the amounts from each form. Enter this amount on form FTB 3849, lines 12 through 23, column (b). See Marriage in 2021, on this page, if you got married during 2021.
- If you completed Part IV for any form FTB 3895, add the amounts of applicable SLCSP premium allocated to you, if any, using the allocation percentage you entered on form FTB 3849, lines 30 through 33, column (f), to the applicable SLCSP premium shown on the form(s) FTB 3895 that you did not allocate.
- If a -0- appears on form FTB 3895, on any of lines 6 through 17, column (a), you are not entitled to a monthly PAS amount for that month because your enrollment premiums were not paid. Enter -0- on the appropriate line on form FTB 3849, column (b).

Need to determine applicable SLCSP premium. If during 2021 your coverage family changed or you moved and you did not notify the Marketplace, or if no APAS was paid, the SLCSP premium reported on your form(s) FTB 3895 may be missing or incorrect. See Specific Instructions, Line 10, Missing or incorrect SLCSP premium on form FTB 3895, to determine your applicable SLCSP premium to enter in column (b).

Marriage in 2021. If you got married in 2021 and you and your spouse/RDP (or individuals in your applicable household) were enrolled in separate qualified health plans during months prior to your first full month of marriage, add together the amounts from form FTB 3895, column (b), for each plan (or plans) and enter the total. If you completed Part V, use the instructions in FTB Pub. 3849A for the entries to make for your pre-marriage months.

Column (c). If you did not complete Part V, enter on lines 12 through 23, column (c), your monthly contribution amount from line 8b. If columns (a) and (b) of any of lines 12 through 23 are blank, leave column (c) of the corresponding line blank.

If you completed Part V, get FTB Pub. 3849A for how to complete column (c).

Column (d). If you entered -0- in applicable lines 12 through 23, column (a), enter -0- in applicable lines 12 through 23, column (d). Otherwise, use Worksheet 6 to compute the amount for lines 12 through 23, column (d). **Note:** If you checked the box on line A, above Part I of federal Form 8962, enter -0- on Worksheet 6, line 1, and follow the rest of the instructions to complete Worksheet 6.

The worksheet needs to be completed for each month in the applicable lines 12 - 23, column (d).

Worksheet 6. Monthly Federal PTC Amount

1. Enter your federal applicable figure from Table 5, using the percentage from form FTB 3849, line 5, to locate the figure on the table 1. _____
2. Enter the amount from form FTB 3849, line 3 2. _____
3. Multiply line 1 above by line 2 above.
Round to nearest whole dollar amount.
This is your federal annual contribution amount . . . 3. _____
4. Divide the amount from line 3 above by 12. Round to the nearest whole dollar amount. This is your monthly federal contribution amount 4. _____
5. Enter the amount from form FTB 3849, applicable line 12 through 23, column (b). 5. _____
6. Subtract line 4 above from line 5 above. This is your maximum monthly federal PTC amount.
If zero or less, enter -0-. 6. _____
7. Enter the value from form FTB 3849, applicable line 12 through 23, column (a). 7. _____
8. Enter the smaller of line 7 above and line 6 above.
This is your monthly federal PTC amount.
Enter this amount on form FTB 3849, applicable line 12 through 23, column (d). 8. _____

Column (e). If you entered -0- in applicable lines 12 through 23, column (a), enter -0- in applicable lines 12 through 23, column (e). Otherwise, subtract the amounts in column (c) and column (d) from the amount in column (b).

Column (f). If the amount in the applicable lines 12 through 23, column (a) is -0-, enter -0- in the applicable lines 12 through 23, column (f).

If the amount in the applicable lines 12 through 23, column (e) is -0-, enter -0- in the applicable lines 12 through 23, column (f).

If in Worksheet 6, you entered the value from line 7 as the smaller value in line 8, enter -0- in the applicable lines 12 through 23, column (f).

If in Worksheet 6, you entered the value from line 6 as the smaller value in line 8, then use Worksheet 7 to determine the value of applicable lines 12 through 23, column (f).

For all other situations, use Worksheet 7 to compute the amount for applicable lines 12 through 23, column (f).

The worksheet needs to be completed for each month in the applicable lines 12 through 23, column (f).

Worksheet 7. Monthly PAS Amount

1. Enter the value from form FTB 3849, applicable line 12 through 23, column (a) 1. _____
2. Enter the value from form FTB 3849, applicable line 12 through 23, column (d) 2. _____
3. Subtract the value in line 2 above from the value in line 1 above. If zero or less, enter -0-. 3. _____
4. Enter the value from form FTB 3849, applicable line 12 through 23, column (e) 4. _____
5. Enter the smaller of line 4 above and line 3 above. This is your PAS for the month. Enter this amount on form FTB 3849, applicable line 12 through 23, column (f) 5. _____

Column (g). Enter on lines 12 through 23, column (g), the amount of the monthly APAS reported on form FTB 3895, lines 6 through 17, column (c). If you have more than one form FTB 3895 affecting a particular month, add the amounts together for that month and enter the total on the appropriate line on form FTB 3849, column (g).

If you completed Part IV for any form FTB 3895, include only the amounts of the monthly APAS allocated to you, if any, using the allocation percentage you entered on form FTB 3849, lines 30 through 33, column (g), and combine that amount with the amounts of the monthly APAS for other policies that you did not allocate.

Not an applicable taxpayer. If you are not an applicable taxpayer because your household income is greater than 138% up to and equal to 200%, or over 600% of the federal poverty line, or you are using filing status married filing separately and Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, does not apply to you, then you must repay all of the total APAS entered on lines 12 through 23, column (g) (unless the alternative calculation for year of marriage rule applies to you and you are able to reduce your repayment amount, or you are filing married filing separately and a repayment limitation applies). To complete the rest of the form, enter -0- on line 24, and enter the total of lines 12 through 23, column (g), on lines 25 and 27. Then complete lines 28 (if it applies to you) and 29. Enter the amount from line 29 on Form 540, line 64, or Form 540NR, line 74.

Example: Evie and Ian have been married since 2020 and have no dependents. They were enrolled under the same qualified health plan from January through April 2021. Monthly APAS of \$1,000 was paid for them, for a total of \$4,000. In April, Ian took a new job and enrolled in his employer's coverage for May through December. Evie enrolled in single coverage in a qualified health plan from May through December. Monthly APAS of \$400 was paid for her, for a total of \$3,200. Evie and Ian lived apart for most of 2021 and each filed a separate return for 2021.

At the end of the year, Evie or Ian will receive form FTB 3895 reporting their coverage for January through April. The recipient of form FTB 3895 should provide a copy to the non-recipient. Evie will receive form FTB 3895 reporting her coverage for May through December. Because Evie and Ian are married but not filing a joint return and neither Exception 1—Certain married persons living apart nor Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment applies, neither spouse is allowed a PAS for 2021. According to Table 3, they follow the rules under Allocation Situation 2—Taxpayers married at year end but filing separate returns, to allocate the APAS for the January through April coverage. (The other policy amounts are not allocated because neither spouse is allowed a PAS.) Under Allocation Situation 2 — Taxpayers married at year end but filing separate returns, 50% of the \$4,000 APAS (\$2,000) is allocated to Evie and 50% is allocated to Ian. Evie must add this amount to her APAS of \$3,200 for her single coverage. She enters the monthly amounts on lines 12 through 23, column (g) (\$500 for January through April and \$400 for May through

December), and the total of \$5,200 on form FTB 3849, lines 25 and 27. She then completes lines 28 (if it applies to her) and 29. Evie enters the amount from line 29 on the applicable line of her tax return.

Ian enters the monthly amounts allocated to him on form FTB 3849, lines 12 through 15, column (g) (\$500 for January through April), and the total of \$2,000 on lines 25 and 27. He then completes lines 28 (if it applies to him) and 29. Ian enters the amount from line 29 on the applicable line of his tax return.

Individual you enrolled who is not included in an applicable household. If you indicated to the Marketplace at enrollment that you would claim an individual in your applicable household for the year of coverage but the individual is not included in any applicable household for the year of coverage, you must report any APAS paid for that individual's coverage. Follow the rules in column (g) to report this APAS.

Line 24 – Total PAS

Enter the amount from line 11, column (f), or add lines 12 through 23, column (f), and enter the total.

Line 25 – Advance payment of PAS

Enter the amount from line 11, column (g), or add lines 12 through 23, column (g), and enter the total.

Line 26 – Net PAS

If line 24 is greater than line 25, subtract line 25 from line 24 and enter the result on line 26. This result is the amount of your PAS that is more than the APAS paid, your net PAS. This amount will reduce the amount of tax you must pay with your tax return or increase your refund. Also enter the amount from line 26 on Form 540, line 77, or Form 540NR, line 87. Skip lines 27 through 29. If line 24 is equal to line 25, enter -0- on line 26 and skip lines 27 through 29.

If you elected the alternative calculation for year of marriage, and line 24 is greater than line 25, enter -0- on line 26 and skip lines 27 through 29.

If line 25 is greater than line 24, leave line 26 blank and go to Part III.

Part III — Repayment of Excess Advance Payment of the Premium Assistance Subsidy

Complete this part to figure the amount of excess APAS you must repay.

Line 27 – Excess advance payment of PAS

If line 25 is greater than line 24, subtract line 24 from line 25 and enter the result.

Line 28 – Repayment limitation

The excess APAS you must repay may be limited to the amounts in Table 6. Enter the appropriate amount from Table 6 on line 28. If you were married at the end of 2021 but are filing separately from your spouse, the repayment limitations shown in Table 6 apply to you and your spouse separately based on the household income reported on each return.

Excess APAS not limited to amounts in Table 6. In the following situations, excess APAS is not limited to the amounts in Table 6.

Leave line 28 blank and enter the amount from line 27 on line 29 if any of the following situations apply to you:

- Your entry on form FTB 3849, line 5, is 700 or greater.
- The “Repayment cap may not apply” checkbox on form FTB 3895 is checked and the result of the computation on Worksheet 2, line 3, is exactly 400 or less. (Exactly 400 means you did not have any number after the decimal point.)

If APAS was paid for the coverage in a qualified health plan of an individual who was not lawfully present, the repayment limitation does not apply to APAS paid for individuals who are not California residents.

If you enter zero on form FTB 3849, line 1, repayment limitation does not apply.

Table 6. Repayment Limitation

| IF the amount on form FTB 3849, line 5 is... | THEN enter on line 28... | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | for a filing status of Single— | for any other filing status— |
| Less than 200 | \$300 | \$600 |
| At least 200 but less than 300 . . . | \$775 | \$1,550 |
| At least 300 but less than 400 . . . | \$1,300 | \$2,600 |
| At least 400 but less than 500 . . . | \$2,000 | \$4,000 |
| At least 500 but less than 600 . . . | \$3,000 | \$6,000 |
| At least 600 but less than 700 . . . | \$4,200 | \$8,400 |
| 700 or greater | leave line 28 blank | |

Line 29 – Excess APAS repayment

Enter the smaller of line 27 or line 28. If line 28 is blank, enter the amount from line 27 on line 29. Also enter the amount from form FTB 3849, line 29, on Form 540, line 64, or Form 540NR, line 74.

Part IV — Allocation of Policy Amounts

See the instructions for line 1 and line 9 to determine whether you need to complete Part IV. If you complete Part IV, check the “No” box on line 10.

Specific Allocation Situations

Allocation Situation 1—Taxpayers divorced or legally separated in 2021. You and your former spouse must allocate policy amounts on your separate returns to figure your PAS and reconcile it with your APAS if both of the following apply:

- You and your former spouse were married to each other at some point during 2021 but were no longer married to each other at the end of 2021.
- For one or more months of marriage, you and your former spouse were enrolled in the same qualified health plan, or you or an individual in your applicable household (as shown on your tax return) was enrolled in the same policy as your former spouse or as an individual in your former spouse’s applicable household.

You will allocate between you and your former spouse the total enrollment premiums, the applicable SLGSP premium, and APAS for coverage under the plan during the months you were married. You will find these amounts on your form(s) FTB 3895, Part II, columns (a), (b), and (c), respectively. You and your former spouse may agree to allocate any percentage (from 0% to 100%) of these amounts to one of you (with the remainder allocated to the other), but you must allocate all three amounts using the same percentage. If you **do not** agree on a percentage, you and your former spouse must allocate 50% of each of these amounts to you and 50% of each to your former spouse.

Policy amounts allocated 100%. If 100% of policy amounts are allocated to you, check “Yes” on line 9 and complete Part IV by entering 100 in the appropriate box(es) for your allocation percentage. If 0% of the policy amounts are allocated to you, complete Part IV by entering -0- in the appropriate box(es) for your allocation percentage.

Example 1: Adam and Jamie are married at the beginning of 2021 and have three children, Leo, Allie, and Bella. In January, Adam enrolls Leo, Allie, and Bella in a qualified health plan beginning in January. Adam and Jamie divorce in July. The children become eligible for and enroll in government-sponsored health coverage and disenroll from the qualified health plan, effective August 1. According to Table 3, Adam and Jamie follow the rules under Allocation Situation 1.

Adam claims Leo and Allie as dependents and Jamie claims Bella as a dependent for 2021. Adam and Jamie agree to allocate the policy amounts 33% to Jamie and 67% to Adam. Therefore, 33% of the enrollment premium, the applicable SLGSP premiums, and APAS are allocated to Jamie and 67% of these amounts are allocated to Adam. The allocation is only for the months Adam and Jamie were married.

On her form FTB 3849, Part IV, line 30, Jamie enters Adam’s social security number in column (b) and enters “0.33” in columns (e), (f), and (g). On his form FTB 3849, Part IV, line 30, Adam enters Jamie’s social security number in column (b) and enters “0.67” in columns (e), (f), and (g). Jamie and Adam both enter “01” in column (c) and “07” in column (d).

Example 2: The facts are the same as in Example 1 except that Adam and Jamie cannot agree on an allocation percentage. Therefore, 50% of the enrollment premiums, the applicable SLGSP premium, and APAS are allocated to each taxpayer. On their forms FTB 3849, Part IV, line 30, Adam and Jamie each enter “0.50” in columns (e), (f), and (g).

Allocation Situation 2—Taxpayers married at year end but filing separate returns. You and your spouse must equally allocate (50% to each spouse) certain policy amounts if all of the following conditions are met.

- You were married at the end of 2021.
- You are filing a separate return from your spouse.
- You or an individual in your applicable household was enrolled in the same policy as your spouse or an individual in your spouse’s applicable household at any time during 2021.

Married individuals who file separate returns are generally not eligible to take the PAS. However, you may be able to take the PAS if you meet either of the following conditions:

- You file a return as single or head of household (see Exception 1—Certain married persons living apart, under Definitions, Married taxpayers).
- You file a return as married filing separately due to domestic abuse or spousal abandonment (see Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, under Definitions, Married taxpayers).

If Exception 1 or Exception 2 applies, follow the rules in the next paragraph. If neither exception applies, see Married filing separately (not in Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment), below.

Exception 1—Certain married persons living apart or Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment. Enter “0.50” in columns (e) and (g) of the appropriate line in Part IV to allocate the enrollment premium and APAS. Leave column (f) blank because you **do not** allocate the SLGSP premium. Instead, enter the applicable SLGSP premium that applies to your coverage family on lines 12 through 23. See Example 1 and Example 2.

Note: If you enrolled in coverage in the Marketplace with your spouse, or with another individual who is not in your applicable household, your coverage family and applicable SLGSP premium may be different from the coverage family and SLGSP premium the Marketplace used to determine the amount of your APAS. In that case, you must use the applicable SLGSP premium, which may be different from the amount reported on form FTB 3895, Part II, column (b), to calculate your assistance subsidy. Get FTB Pub. 3849A for information on determining the applicable SLGSP premium or go to coveredca.com/taxes.

Married filing separately (not in Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment). Enter “0.50” in column (g) of the appropriate line in Part IV to allocate the APAS. Leave columns (e) and (f) blank. You must repay the APAS allocated to you subject to the limit on line 28 because you are not an applicable taxpayer. See Example 3 and Example 4.

Example 1: Mateo and Lola are married at the end of 2021 and have one child, Max. Mateo and Lola enrolled in a qualified health plan for 2021. The plan covered Mateo, Lola, and Max, with an annual premium of \$14,000 and APAS of \$8,500, which applied to the coverage for all of the individuals. Mateo moved out of the residence on May 15. Lola and Max continued to reside at the residence. Mateo and Lola file separate returns for 2021. Lola qualifies to file her return as head of household. Mateo files his return as married filing separately. Lola claims Max as her dependent. Because Lola and Mateo are not filing a joint return, they each have their own applicable households, which are different from the applicable household they indicated to the Marketplace they expected to have when they enrolled. Lola's household size is two because Mateo is not in her applicable household. Lola's federal poverty line percentage is determined using only her and Max's modified AGI. Mateo's modified AGI is not included because he is not in Lola's applicable household. According to Table 3, Mateo and Lola follow the rules under Allocation Situation 2.

Because Mateo is not in Lola's applicable household, he is not in her coverage family, which consists of Lola and her dependent, Max, for purposes of determining her applicable SLCSPP premium. If neither Mateo nor Lola notifies the Marketplace about the change in coverage family circumstances, the form FTB 3895 that Lola or Mateo receives will report in column (b) the SLCSPP premium that covers Lola, Max, and Mateo, which will be incorrect. Lola looks up the applicable SLCSPP premium that applies to her and Max.

Lola takes into account \$7,000 ($\$14,000 \times 0.50$) of the premiums of the plan in which she and Max were enrolled in figuring her PAS. Lola must then reconcile \$4,250 ($\$8,500 \times 0.50$) of the APAS for her coverage. Amounts from this policy are allocated for all months Lola and Mateo were enrolled. On her form FTB 3849, Part IV, line 30, Lola enters Mateo's social security number in column (b) and enters "0.50" in columns (e) and (g). Column (f) is left blank. Instead of allocating the SLCSPP premium, Lola will enter the applicable SLCSPP premium that applies to her and Max.

Because Mateo is filing his tax return as married filing separately and no exception to the married filing jointly requirement applies, he is not an applicable taxpayer and must repay the \$4,250 in APAS allocated to him, subject to the repayment limitations on line 28. On his form FTB 3849, Part IV, line 30, Mateo enters Lola's social security number in column (b) and enters "0.50" in column (g). Mateo leaves columns (e) and (f) blank because he is not an applicable taxpayer and cannot take the PAS.

Example 2: Nate and Sara are married at the end of 2021 and have no dependents. Nate and Sara are enrolled in a qualified health plan for 2021 with an annual premium of \$10,000 and APAS of \$6,500. According to Table 3, Nate and Sara follow the rules under Allocation Situation 2. Sara is a victim of domestic abuse and is unable to file a joint return under the rules outlined in Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, under Definitions, Married taxpayers. Sara files her return using the filing status married filing separately and checks the box on the front of form FTB 3849.

Sara's household size for 2021 is one (Sara). Sara is the only person in her coverage family. If neither Nate nor Sara notifies the Marketplace about the change in coverage family circumstances, the form FTB 3895 that Nate or Sara receives will report in column (b) the premium for the applicable SLCSPP that covers Sara and Nate, which will be incorrect. Sara must determine the correct premium for the applicable SLCSPP covering only Sara. Sara looks up her correct premium for the applicable SLCSPP.

Sara's federal poverty line percentage is determined using Sara's modified AGI and her household size of one. Sara takes into account \$5,000 ($\$10,000 \times 0.50$) of the enrollment premiums in figuring her PAS. Sara must reconcile \$3,250 ($\$6,500 \times 0.50$) of the APAS for her coverage. On her form FTB 3849, Part IV, line 30, Sara enters Nate's social security number in column (b) and enters "0.50" in columns (e) and (g). Column (f) is left blank. Instead of allocating the SLCSPP premium, Sara will enter the applicable SLCSPP premium that applies to Sara. Sara enters this amount on the applicable lines 12 through 23, column (b).

Example 3: For 2021, Gabe and Chloe are married with no dependents and are enrolled in a qualified health plan. APAS of \$8,700 is paid for them during 2021. Gabe and Chloe each files their returns for 2021 as married filing separately and Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, does not apply to either of them. According to Table 3, Gabe and Chloe follow the rules under Allocation Situation 2. Gabe and Chloe are not applicable taxpayers and cannot take the PAS. They must allocate the \$8,700 APAS one-half (50%) to Gabe and one-half (50%) to Chloe. On her form FTB 3849, Part IV, line 30, Chloe enters Gabe's social security number in column (b) and enters "0.50" in column (g). On his form FTB 3849, Part IV, line 30, Gabe enters Chloe's social security number in column (b) and enters "0.50" in column (g).

Example 4: The facts are the same as Example 3 except that only Chloe is covered under the policy. Because Gabe and Chloe are not applicable taxpayers and cannot take the PAS, Chloe does not complete Part IV of her form FTB 3849. She reports all of the APAS on line 11 or lines 12 through 23, whichever applies. Gabe does not file form FTB 3849 because he was not enrolled in a qualified health plan.

Allocation Situation 3—No APAS. If this allocation situation applies, the enrollment premiums are allocated in proportion to the SLCSPP premium that applies to each taxpayer's coverage family. If no APAS was paid for the policy, the Marketplace may not know which enrollees are in which applicable household, and therefore may furnish only one form FTB 3895 showing the total premium. When this happens, the taxpayer receiving form FTB 3895 should provide a copy to the other taxpayers. You and the other taxpayer must complete only column (e) on the appropriate line in Part IV to allocate the enrollment premiums to each applicable household. See Specific Instructions, Line 10, Missing or incorrect SLCSPP premium on form FTB 3895, to determine your applicable SLCSPP premium.

Example: Eli and his 25-year-old nondependent son, Hank, enroll in a qualified health plan. Hank has no dependents. The policy covers Eli, Hank, and Eli's two young daughters who are Eli's dependents. No APAS is paid for this policy. The form FTB 3895 furnished by the Marketplace to Eli shows an enrollment premium of \$15,000 for the year and the SLCSPP premium that applies to a coverage family that incorrectly includes Eli, Eli's daughters, and Hank. Eli and Hank determine that the SLCSPP premium that applies to Eli and his two dependents is \$12,000 and the SLCSPP premium that applies to Hank is \$6,000. Eli and Hank are applicable taxpayers and each can take the PAS. According to Table 3, Eli and Hank use the rules under Allocation Situation 3.

Eli computes his assistance subsidy using his household income and household size of three, and the applicable SLCSPP premium for a coverage family of three of \$12,000. Hank computes his assistance subsidy using his household income and household size of one, and the applicable SLCSPP premium for a coverage family of one of \$6,000.

Eli and Hank must allocate the enrollment premiums of \$15,000 reported on the form FTB 3895, Part II, column (a), in proportion to each taxpayer's applicable SLCSPP premium as follows. Eli's allocated enrollment premiums are \$10,000 ($\$15,000 \times \$12,000/\$18,000$) (67% of the total premiums of \$15,000) and Hank's allocated enrollment premiums are \$5,000 ($\$15,000 \times \$6,000/\$18,000$) (33% of the total premiums of \$15,000).

Eli enters Hank's social security number on line 30, column (b), and enters "0.67" in column (e). Hank enters Eli's social security number on line 30, column (b), and enters "0.33" in column (e). Eli and Hank leave line 30, columns (f) and (g), blank.

Allocation Situation 4—Other situations where a policy is shared between two applicable households. Complete Part IV using the rules in this section if you need to allocate policy amounts and Allocation Situations 1 through 3 do not apply.

Allocation Situation 4 generally applies if another taxpayer indicated to the Marketplace that their applicable household would include an individual you are including in your applicable household, or you indicated to the Marketplace that you would include in your applicable

household an individual being included in the applicable household of another taxpayer, and APAS was paid on behalf of the individual. In such cases, the form FTB 3895 sent by the Marketplace for the policy does not accurately reflect the members of your coverage family and the other taxpayer's coverage family. Therefore, you and the other applicable household must allocate the enrollment premiums, the APAS, and the applicable SLCSF premium so that each applicable household is able to compute their PAS and reconcile their PAS with the APAS paid for their coverage.

Under the rules in this section, you and the other taxpayer may agree on any allocation of the policy amounts between the two of you. You may use the percentage you agreed on for every month for which this allocation rule applies, or you may agree on different percentages for different months. However, you must use the same allocation percentage for all policy amounts (enrollment premiums, applicable SLCSF premiums, and APAS) in a month. If you cannot agree on an allocation percentage, each taxpayer's allocation percentage is equal to the number of individuals enrolled by one taxpayer who are included in the applicable household of the other taxpayer for the tax year divided by the total number of individuals enrolled in the same policy as the individual(s). The allocation percentage you use and that you put on line 30 of form FTB 3849 is the percentage of the policy amounts for the coverage that you will use to compute your PAS and reconcile APAS.

Policy amounts allocated 100%. If 100% of the policy amounts are allocated to you, check **"Yes"** on line 9 and complete Part IV by entering 100 in the appropriate box(es) for your allocation percentage. If 0% of the policy amounts are allocated to you, complete Part IV by entering -0- in the appropriate box(es) for your allocation percentage.

Note: If APAS is paid for coverage of an individual who is not included in an applicable household, the taxpayer who certifies to the Marketplace their intention to include the individual in their applicable household for the year of coverage is responsible for reporting and reconciling the APAS for the individual's coverage. See Specific Instructions, Lines 12 through 23, Individual you enrolled who is not included in an applicable household.

Example 1: Ben and Ivy have been divorced since January 2020 and have two children, Zac and Owen. Ben enrolls himself, Zac, and Owen in a qualified health plan for 2021. The annual enrollment premium for the plan is \$13,000. The applicable SLCSF premium is \$12,000, APAS is \$6,015, and Ben's household income is \$72,408. Ben did not receive any federal PTC.

Owen lives with Ivy for more than half of 2021 and Ivy claims Owen as a dependent. Ben receives form FTB 3895 showing policy amounts for the qualified health plan. Ben and Ivy agree to allocate 20% of the policy amounts for the qualified health plan for Owen's coverage. Therefore, 20% of the enrollment premiums, APAS, and the applicable SLCSF premium are allocated to Ivy and 80% are allocated to Ben. According to Table 3, Ben and Ivy use the rules under Allocation Situation 4.

In computing PAS, Ben takes into account \$10,400 of enrollment premiums ($\$13,000 \times 0.80$). Ben must reconcile \$4,812 of APAS ($\$6,015 \times 0.80$). Ben's applicable household for 2021 includes only Ben and Zac, and Ben's household income of \$72,408 is 420% of the federal poverty line for a household size of two. Ben's applicable SLCSF premium for 2021 is \$9,600 ($\$12,000 \times 0.80$). Ben's PAS for 2021 is \$1,340 (the lesser of \$1,340, the excess of Ben's applicable SLCSF premium of \$9,600 minus the contribution amount of \$8,260 ($\$72,408 \times 0.11408$) minus federal PTC amount of zero, or \$10,400, Ben's enrollment premiums). Ben has excess APAS of \$3,472 (the excess of the APAS of \$4,812 over the PAS of \$1,340).

When Ben completes Part IV of form FTB 3849, he enters Ivy's social security number on line 30, column (b), and enters "0.80" in columns (e), (f), and (g). Ivy is responsible for reconciling \$1,203 ($\$6,015 \times 0.20$) of APAS for Owen's coverage. If Ivy is eligible for the PAS, she will take into account \$2,600 ($\$13,000 \times 0.20$) of the enrollment premiums for Owen and \$2,400 ($\$12,000 \times 0.20$) of the applicable SLCSF premiums. Ivy must compute her contribution amount using the federal poverty line percentage for the household income and household size reported on her form FTB 3849.

Example 2: The facts are the same as in Example 1 except that Ben and Ivy **do not** agree on an allocation percentage. Therefore, the allocation percentage equals the number of individuals Ben enrolled in a qualified health plan who are included in Ivy's applicable household (1—Owen), divided by the number of individuals enrolled in the plan (3—Ben, Zac, and Owen). Thus 33% of the policy amounts are allocated to Owen's coverage. Ivy is allocated 33% of the enrollment premiums, APAS, and applicable SLCSF premiums for the policy and the remaining 67% of each is allocated to Ben.

Lines 30 through 33, columns (a) through (g) – Allocation details

If you shared a policy with another taxpayer in one of the situations described earlier in Specific Allocation Situations, complete line 30, columns (a) through (g), as applicable. If you shared a policy with another taxpayer and you are not making an allocation in all three columns (e), (f), and (g), leave the column blank that does not apply.

If you shared multiple policies during the year or must do more than one allocation for a single policy, complete lines 31 through 33 for each separate allocation, as needed. For instructions on making more than four separate allocations, see Specific Instructions, Line 34.

Not an applicable taxpayer. If you are not an applicable taxpayer because your household income is greater than 138% up to and equal to 200%, or over 600% of the federal poverty line, or you are using filing status married filing separately and Exception 2—Victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment, does not apply to you, you cannot take the PAS. Unless you are electing the alternative calculation for year of marriage, **do not** enter any percentages in columns (e) or (f) when completing Part IV.

Lines 30 through 33, column (a). Enter the complete Marketplace-assigned policy number from form FTB 3895.

Lines 30 through 33, column (b). Enter the SSN or ITIN of the taxpayer with whom you are allocating policy amounts. This SSN may or may not be reported on your form FTB 3895, depending on your relationship to the other taxpayer. If the taxpayer does not have either, write "No ID".

Lines 30 through 33, column (c). Enter the first month you are allocating policy amounts. For example, if you were enrolled in a policy with your former spouse from January through June, enter "01" in column (c).

Lines 30 through 33, column (d). Enter the last month you are allocating policy amounts. For example, if you were enrolled in a policy with your former spouse from January through June, enter "06" in column (d).

Lines 30 through 33, column (e). If your allocation situation requires you to allocate the enrollment premiums on form FTB 3895, lines 6 through 17, column (a), enter your allocation percentage for that policy in column (e). Enter your allocation percentage as a decimal rounded to two places (for example, for 40%, enter 0.40). Otherwise, leave column (e) blank.

Lines 30 through 33, column (f). If your allocation situation requires you to allocate the applicable SLCSF premium on form FTB 3895, lines 6 through 17, column (b), enter your allocation percentage for that policy in column (f). Enter your allocation percentage as a decimal rounded to two places (for example, for 67%, enter 0.67). You will enter an allocation percentage in column (f) in the following two circumstances:

- You allocated the policy amounts under Allocation Situation 1—Taxpayers divorced or legally separated in 2021.
- You allocated the policy amounts under Allocation Situation 4—Other situations where a policy is shared between two applicable households.

In all other situations, leave column (f) blank because you **do not** allocate the SLCSF premium reported in those situations. Instead, you must determine the applicable SLCSF premium for your coverage family and enter that amount on form FTB 3849, lines 12 through 23, column (b). Get FTB Pub. 3849A for information on determining the correct premium for the applicable SLCSF or go to [coveredca.com/taxes](https://www.irs.gov/coveredca/taxes).

Lines 30 through 33, column (g). If your allocation situation requires you to allocate the APAS on form FTB 3895, lines 6 through 17, column (c), enter your allocation percentage for that policy in column (g). Enter your allocation percentage as a decimal rounded to two places (for example, for 80%, enter 0.80). Otherwise, leave column (g) blank.

Line 34 – Complete policy amount allocations

If you have completed your required allocations of policy amounts shown on forms FTB 3895 using lines 30 through 33, check the “**Yes**” box on line 34. If you must make more than four allocations of policy amounts shown on forms FTB 3895, check the “**No**” box on line 34 and attach a statement to your return providing the information shown on lines 30 through 33, columns (a) through (g) for each additional allocation.

If you got married in 2021 and APAS was paid for an individual in your applicable household, see Table 4 to determine if you should complete Part V. If you **do not** complete Part V, check the “**No**” box on form FTB 3849, line 10, skip line 11, and continue to Lines 12 through 23—Monthly Calculation in the instructions for Part II.

Part V — Alternative Calculation for Year of Marriage

Complete Part V to elect the alternative calculation for your pre-marriage months. Electing the alternative calculation is optional, but may reduce the amount of excess APAS you must repay. To be eligible to make this election, you must meet either of the following conditions.

- You checked the “**Yes**” box on form FTB 3849, line 6, and you answered “**Yes**” to all 5 questions in Table 4.
- You checked the “**No**” box on form FTB 3849, line 6, and the “**Yes**” box on Worksheet 3, line 14.

If you, your spouse, or any individual in your applicable household had coverage under a qualified health plan for at least 1 month before your first full month of marriage, use the worksheets and instructions necessary to complete the alternative calculation in FTB Pub. 3849A.

CAUTION: Do not go to FTB Pub. 3849A until you have completed Table 4 to determine whether you meet the requirements to elect the alternative calculation.

Line 35 – Alternative entries for you

Complete line 35, columns (a) through (d) as indicated in FTB Pub. 3849A under Alternative Calculation for Year of Marriage.

Line 36 – Alternative entries for your spouse/RDP

Complete line 36, columns (a) through (d) as indicated in FTB Pub. 3849A under Alternative Calculation for Year of Marriage.

How To Avoid Common Mistakes in Completing Form FTB 3849

Mistakes in completing form FTB 3849 can cause you to pay too much tax, delay the processing of your return or refund, or cause you to receive correspondence from the FTB. To avoid making common mistakes on your form FTB 3849 and on your income tax return, carefully review all of the following before attaching form FTB 3849 to your tax return.

Entering amounts from form FTB 3895. The form FTB 3849 and the FTB electronic filing program provides for entries of dollars only. Your form FTB 3895 may include amounts in dollars and cents. You should round the amounts on form FTB 3895 to the nearest whole dollar and enter dollars only on form FTB 3849. If you file a paper return and **do not** round amounts to whole dollars, be sure to enter the decimal to separate dollars and cents.

Check your math. Check your math, especially when completing line 11, or lines 12 through 23, and entering the totals on lines 24 and 25. Review your entries on line 11 or lines 12 through 23 if your entries on lines 24 and 25 seem higher than expected (for example, greater than \$25,000). Examples of math errors include the following:

- Dollar and cents amounts from form FTB 3895 entered as dollars on form FTB 3849.
- Transposition of numbers or errors in amounts (for example, line 12, column (a), monthly enrollment premium of \$1,200 entered as \$12,000).
- Annual totals from form FTB 3895, line 18, entered as monthly amounts on form FTB 3849, lines 12 through 23.

Line 2b. Complete line 2b **only** if your dependent(s) are required to file an income tax return. You enter your and your spouse’s (if filing a joint return) modified AGI on line 2a. If you are not required to complete line 2b, enter your modified AGI from line 2a on line 3.

Line 5. Review your entries on Worksheet 2 and Table 1-2 for accuracy. An incorrect entry on this line will impact the amount of your PAS.

Line 11. Use the amounts shown on form FTB 3895, line 18 (columns (a), (b), and (c)), for completing line 11. **Do not** use monthly amounts from form FTB 3895, lines 6 through 17 (columns (a), (b), and (c)). If you are instructed to complete line 11, **do not** complete lines 12 through 23.

Lines 12 through 23. Use the monthly amounts from form FTB 3895, lines 6 through 17 (columns (a), (b), and (c)), when completing lines 12 through 23. **Do not** use total amounts from form FTB 3895, line 18. If you are instructed to complete lines 12 through 23, **do not** complete line 11.

Line 24. If your filing status is married filing separately and you are not eligible to check the box above line 1 on form FTB 3849, your entry on line 24 should be -0-. If you enter an amount greater than -0-, the FTB will reduce your entry to -0-.

Line 26. If you have an amount on line 26 (other than -0-), be sure to enter that amount on Form 540, line 77, or Form 540NR, line 87.

Line 29. If you have an amount on line 29, be sure to enter that amount on Form 540, line 64, or Form 540NR, line 74.

Part V. Confirm your entries for alternate start and stop months. These months should be inclusive of all months you are using a reduced monthly contribution. Either you or your spouse should have a start month that is the same as the first month you claim PAS on lines 12 through 23. For example, if your first monthly entry in Part II is on line 14 for March, either you or your spouse should enter “03” as the alternate start month in Part V.

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