1	FRANCHISE TAX BOARD MEETING
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3	CONVENED VIA HYBRID FORMAT BY:
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5	FRANCHISE TAX BOARD MEETING
6	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
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8	TOWN CENTER, GERALD GOLDBERG AUDITORIUM
9	9646 BUTTERFIELD WAY
LO	SACRAMENTO, CA 95827
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12	MONDAY SEPTEMBER 8, 2025
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16	Certified Transcript
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22	VICTORIA SIMONYAK, CER-1481
23	iDepo Reporters
24	info@ideporeports.com
25	323-393-3768

agenda item.

CHAIR COHEN: This is the scheduled time for 1 2. the meeting of the Franchise Tax Board. Will the board 3 liaison, please call the roll to determine if a quorum is present. 4 MS. RUBALCAVA: Member Gaines? 5 MEMBER GAINES: Here. 6 MS. RUBALCAVA: Member Andrianarimanana? 7 MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Here. 8 MS. RUBALCAVA: Chair Controller Malia Cohen? 9 10 CHAIR COHEN: Present. Thank you. So, at least two members are, or their designated 11 12 representatives, being personally present. 13 solidifies a quorum at the Franchise Tax Board. 14 this meeting is now officially in session. If you are willing and able, please stand up, and join me by 15 placing your right hand over your heart, and repeating 16 17 the Pledge of Allegiance. ALL: I pledge allegiance to the flag of the 18 19 United States of America and to the Republic for which 20 it stands, one nation, under God, indivisible, with 21 liberty and justice for all. CHAIR COHEN: All right, ladies and gentlemen, 2.2 23 good morning, and welcome to the Franchise Tax Board 24 The public has the right to comment on each



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If there are any members of the public wishing to speak on the item, please don't be shy, come forward when the item is called, you'll have three minutes to address this body.

And for today's meeting, members of the public who wish to comment via teleconference, there's a number that we're asking for you to dial in, that number is 844-767-5651, and please enter the access code of 302938.

Please be aware that there's a short delay between the web live cast and the live event. If there are any members of the public wishing to speak on the item, and you are using a translator or a translator service, you will have six minutes to address this board. All speakers will be asked to identify yourself before the record. And again, that telephone number is 844-767-5651, access code 302938.

All right. We're going to call the first agenda item. Members, it's the approval of the minutes. We have minutes from the May 14th, 2025, Franchise Tax Board meeting. Are there any comments or any questions on this item? All right. Seeing none. Are there any members of the public that wish to speak on this item in person? How about on the phone?

MALE PHONE OPERATOR: Members of the public on



the phone lines, if you would like to place yourself in 1 2 queue for public comment, as a reminder, you may press 3 one followed by zero at this time; one-zero, please. No members of the public are queuing up at this time. 4 Please continue. 5 CHAIR COHEN: Thank you very much. May I have 6 7 a motion to approve the minutes? MEMBER GAINES: Motion to approve minutes of 8 9 May 14th, 2025 board meeting. 10 CHAIR COHEN: Thank you very much. Motion made by Member Gaines. Is there a second? 11 MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Second. 12 13 CHAIR COHEN: Second by the representative from 14 the Department of Finance. Please call the roll. MS. RUBALCAVA: Member Gaines? 15 16 Mr. GAINES: Aye. 17 MS. RUBALCAVA: Member Andrianarimanana? 18 MS. ADRIANARIMANANA: Aye. MS. RUBALCAVA: Chair Controller Malia Cohen? 19 20 CHAIR COHEN: Aye. All right. Thank you very This item passes unanimously. The next item is 21 Item Two is the Strategic Plan Update, Goal 2.2 Item Two. 23 Three - Strong Organization. It's presented by Ms. 2.4 Nachét Roots and Katie Frank. This is just an 25 informational item, so, we will not be taking action on

it. Thank you.

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MS. ROOTS: Good morning, Board Members. My name is Ms. Nachît Roots, and I'm an Administrator II, in FTB's Talent Management Program. I'm joined here today by Katie Frank, an Attorney Supervisor in the Legal Division.

In recent board meetings, we have discussed our department's existing strategic plan, and updated the board on key accomplishments. Today, our presentation will cover items related to our third strategic goal, strong organization. The goal specifically states: value, invest in, challenge, and empower our employees to have an enterprise view, be experts in their field, and achieve their full potential.

The plan outlines five separate strategies that we developed to accomplish this goal. We will review each strategy, and list some of the efforts we undertook the past few years to achieve them. While we enjoy highlighting successes, we're also committed to acknowledging areas in which we have opportunity to improve, and we'll be speaking to a few of those today, too.

With that said, let's dive into the highlights of our efforts to create a strong organization. So,



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related to strategy number one, in addition to the staff permanently assigned to deliver talent management services, we have eight service teams comprised of volunteers from each of our seven divisions, who dedicate a portion of their time to recruit, develop, and retain the best workforce. This year, we successfully hosted another career awareness and resources event, also known as CARE, combined with a career expo. This event was geared towards existing employees seeking information related to career development, and potential employees looking to learn more about the state hiring process, and the benefits of working at FTB. We had approximately 500 individuals registered for this event, making it our largest to date. We continue to seek ways to improve our onboarding process, and have recently made attending our hybrid new employee orientation a mandatory part of onboarding for new employees.

We continue to offer development programs such as the Enterprise Coaching and Mentoring Program, which matches mentors and mentees based on classification, competency strengths, and development goals. We are actively looking at ways to expand this popular program to serve more of our employees.

For strategy number two, FTB's organizational



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values are supported by the Workplace Engagement Service Team by developing strategies that empower, engage, and cultivate members of our workplace. They implement tools, conduct surveys, and support departmental activities that aim to increase engagement. Our recent engagement survey has provided us with a wealth of information we can leverage, and you'll hear more about that coming up.

Beyond that team, our department believes in celebrating employee achievements and successes. take great pride in recognizing our own, and do so through various avenues, such as the Superior Accomplishment Award Program, and the Supervisory Bonus Award Program. Besides these formal programs, our Mission and Values Team engages employees through events such as FTB Values You event, which allows employees to showcase their individuality through food, music, art, or dress. We consistently strive to ensure we have the right people in the room at the right time. We achieve this by modeling our teams and action committees to include members from each division and staff at various levels as appropriate. This has helped our teams and action committees gain an expansive view of our operations, and ensure that decisions are made by those with the necessary knowledge and expertise. Now, I'll

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pass it over to my partner, Katie, to share more.

MS. FRANK: Hello. So, I'm going to talk about our fourth strategy, which is to obtain input from those in our organization. We have several efforts aimed at this initiative.

One effort is the engagement survey, which, as mentioned earlier, our Workplace Engagement Service Team conducted, that was done in 2024, and it provided a large amount of valuable feedback that we've been able to then turn into this Engagement Action Plan. We've also leveraged one of our leadership programs, specifically the Management Development Program, to research and develop recommendations for issues facing our department. This led to 14 projects and associated recommendations in the last four years. A few of those recommendations are; to increase electronic payment options and ease, reduce hiring time for new employees, and increase employee engagement through an action plan.

Now, turning to our fifth strategy. We have been able to recruit and retain exemplary employees due to multiple successful efforts. Related to recruiting, we've redesigned FTB's recruitment branding to be modern and consistent across all recruiting platforms. We've also expanded our outreach channels to reach a broader audience, and we've encouraged employees to act as

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potential recruiters by providing flyers and business cards so they can share those with their communities. We've also created tools to assist supervisors and managers with the hiring process, including guidance on writing competency-based interview questions. FTB also strives to retain employees through multiple efforts; one of which is our Talent Development Center, where employees can meet with a Talent Management Specialist to discuss their career development goals.

Another tool we've implemented is the Exit Survey. This is something we provide to employees who are leaving FTB, and the information collected from these surveys is then shared with leadership to address what employees value about working for FTB, and then also reasons why they're leaving FTB. Knowing this information helps us improve our ability to retain the employees we have.

Now, two of the main reasons we've identified as to why people leave FTB is, one, retirement, and two, promotional opportunities with another organization or agency.

So, while we're excited to share a few examples of our accomplishments, we also recognize that there are areas for opportunity of growth. So, let's talk about those areas of opportunity. Today, I'd like

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to share three areas of opportunity, along with what we've done or what we plan to do to achieve those. The first area is defining culture. A common theme in the feedback from the most recent Employee Engagement Survey was in regard to FTB culture. Culture is what FTB stands for, and it was apparent that we needed to define, document, and communicate what was meant by culture, so it's clear and measurable. We are currently developing a new culture statement that can be shared with staff and included in recruiting materials.

Another area identified for improvement is to improve the connection between staff and higher-level leaders. The recent Employee Engagement Survey revealed that while employees generally have a strong connection with their immediate supervisors, that connection is not as strong for management at the next levels up. And while that's to be expected with an organization of our size, it's still something we feel like we can work on. So, our Workplace Engagement Service team is evaluating options to address this. Options include easy-to-implement communication tools and connection tools, like, for example, having a town hall, or having an event where you have desserts with division chiefs, as well as other communication tools.

The third area I'll be discussing is in regard



1	to knowledge capture. This third opportunity for
2	improvement came to light through recent succession
3	planning efforts. We found that in some areas, the
4	incumbent's documentation of critical knowledge was not
5	being consistently gathered, updated, and utilized. Our
6	department's workforce planner, and also a group of
7	volunteers, have created a phased approach to gather
8	this information, starting with the highest levels of
9	management, and then moving on down. This ongoing
10	effort will help prepare future leaders and facilitate
11	smooth transitions throughout our organization.
12	So, we are happy with the strength of our
13	organization, and the high level of employee engagement
14	and job satisfaction, and we plan to continue pursuing
15	efforts to raise our strength, and our preparedness to
16	serve the taxpayers of California, making FTB an
17	employer of choice and a strong organization.
18	So, that concludes our presentation. Thank
19	you for inviting us to present today, and we are happy
20	to answer any questions you have.
21	CHAIR COHEN: Thank you very much. Colleagues,
22	do you have any questions?
23	MEMBER GAINES: I do.
24	CHAIR COHEN: Let's start with you.
25	MEMBER GAINES: Yeah, thank you. I was just



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curious as to whether you could help me a little bit with reduction of hiring time for new employees. Can you explain a little bit in terms of, you know, what is that? How does it work? And how do we compare to other state departments?

MS. ROOTS: Sure. I can provide a high level, and work with my team to gather more information, and get back to you if you would like. The project that revolved around reducing hiring time really took a deep dive into understanding what the current practices are, and what that process and timeline looks like, identifying areas of bottleneck or where we might be able to improve, and create some efficiency. There were a number of recommendations that were put forth, and some of them have been implemented or are available for hiring managers to consider working with HR in a manner that would speed up their hiring effort.

MEMBER GAINES: I've been told it takes about six months to get a job with the State of California. It's a long process.

MS. ROOTS: Yes.

MEMBER GAINES: So, I just would like to see if there's some criteria in terms of, you know, where are we at the FTB versus the state in general, or even in comparison to other departments?



MS. ROOTS: Sure. I can work with my team to 1 2 get that information back to you. 3 MEMBER GAINES: That'd be great. MS. ROOTS: Six months is what we found from 4 5 the initial project research also, and so that was our starting point to see what we can do to improve that 6 7 number. MEMBER GAINES: Okay. All right. 8 9 great. Thank you. 10 MS. ROOTS: Sure. MEMBER GAINES: And then in terms of the exit 11 12 surveys, can you help me with, if people are not 13 retiring, where are they going? 14 MS. ROOTS: Sure. Yeah. Well, so far what 15 we've found since we've implemented the exit survey is that aside from retirements, employees are leaving 16 17 looking for promotional opportunities either at other 18 agencies or external organizations. MEMBER GAINES: Okay. Do you know what 19 20 departments are maybe the most popular ones that someone 21 might move to? MS. ROOTS: We haven't dug that far yet, but we 2.2 23 can evaluate the data and respond to you with that 2.4 answer. 25 MEMBER GAINES: Okay. That'd be great. Thank



1	you.
2	MS. ROOTS: Sure.
3	MEMBER GAINES: And then you talk about the FTB
4	culture statement. So, I guess what is the culture
5	statement for the FTB currently? I'm not sure if I
6	understand.
7	MS. ROOTS: Yeah. Well, we do have a culture
8	statement. I don't have that memorized.
9	MEMBER GAINES: Okay.
10	MS. ROOTS: We are actually working on
11	developing a new culture statement, kind of embody what
12	this new modern environment is like for us here at FTB.
13	And we are planning to have that solidified by the end
14	of this year. And I'm sure that that information will
15	be shared with you and the rest of the Board Members.
16	MEMBER GAINES: Okay. Could you share with us
17	what the current culture statement is, just to review?
18	CHAIR COHEN: You can take five minutes and,
19	Katie, maybe you look it up
20	MS. ROOTS: Yes, we can get that information
21	for you.
22	CHAIR COHEN: while she stays on the hot
23	seat.
24	MS. ROOTS: Yes.
25	CHAIR COHEN: Somebody pull out your phone.



I'm sure you can get your hands on it guickly. 1 MS. ROOTS: Yes. We can get that information 2 3 to you. CHAIR COHEN: Anyone in the audience want to 4 5 help their teammate out? No? You're just going to let both of them languish out there? All right, well --. 6 7 MEMBER GAINES: That's it. Thank you. CHAIR COHEN: Thank you very much. Before this 8 9 meeting is over, we're going to know this value 10 statement, okay? MS. ROOTS: Yes, you will. 11 CHAIR COHEN: And next time we convene, it's 12 13 going to be memorized. We should give \$100 prize to 14 whoever can recite it at the top of their head. 15 have a question, too. MS. ROOTS: Yes. 16 17 CHAIR COHEN: Given the number of employees that are approaching retirement, how are we preparing 18 19 for succession? And most importantly, the knowledge 20 transfer to these really critical roles? 21 That's a great question. MS. ROOTS: Yes. 2.2 Some of my staff in talent management, specifically my 23 Workforce Planner and her Workforce Planning Service 24 Team members, are doing some tremendous work right now 25 to understand where the gaps are as far as knowledge



1	being captured, and readily available for the rest of
2	the staff within business areas to reference that
3	information, whether it be procedural information, or
4	just historical business knowledge that will help
5	develop our current employees, and make sure that
6	they're prepared to advance their career and continue
7	business and serving the taxpayers of California.
8	CHAIR COHEN: So, that's a shared value. I
9	know we are in agreement, but I want to know physically
10	how. What's the verb? What are we actively doing to
11	capture this information?
12	MS. ROOTS: I understand, yes. So, our
13	Workforce Planner and her service team members are
14	meeting with business areas on a phased approach, as
15	Katie mentioned, to facilitate conversation, gathering
16	the competencies of this business area, and also
17	understanding their knowledge capture practices,
18	providing them with tools and resources that they can
19	use to ensure information is being captured.
20	CHAIR COHEN: So, what are the tools?
21	MS. ROOTS: We are creating a standard location
22	where knowledge will be captured and stored and
23	available for reference.
24	CHAIR COHEN: Digitally? Are we having seniors
25	that are retiring, are they doing a video? What are we

talking about here? 1 MS. ROOTS: We're talking about a knowledge 2 3 workbook. It's a digital knowledge workbook. CHAIR COHEN: So, it's written? 4 5 MS. ROOTS: Yes. CHAIR COHEN: So, it's a written statement? 6 7 MS. ROOTS: Correct. CHAIR COHEN: Okay. All right. I'm going to 8 9 move on. 10 I wanted to know about the employee engagement strategies â€" 11 12 MS. ROOTS: Okay. 13 CHAIR COHEN: -- that have been most impactful. MS. ROOTS: Yeah, so, right now, the project 14 15 that Katie referenced where the employee engagement action plan was created is actually being evaluated by 16 17 our Workplace Engagement Service team, and the service team members are coming up with some strategies that we 18 19 can release or implement throughout the organization. 20 We haven't taken a lot of action just yet. We're just in the stage of taking a deep dive into the 21 2.2 recommendation paper that we received, and understanding 23 what we actually can do, and when we can do it. 24 CHAIR COHEN: Okay. So, are there results from 25 recent surveys or recognition programs that are



1	demonstrating improvements in morale or job
2	satisfaction?
3	MS. ROOTS: Not that I'm aware of at the
4	moment, but I can research that and get back to you.
5	CHAIR COHEN: Okay. So, how are we preparing
6	for the next generation of leadership within the
7	organization?
8	MS. ROOTS: Great question. So, the work that
9	my Workforce Planner and her service team members are
10	doing is our main source. We are understanding, as I
11	mentioned, the competencies and the knowledge that is
12	necessary for each business area to thrive, and then
13	ensuring that the staff members in that business area
14	have development opportunities to gain and grow
15	competency and specific skill sets to be able to move
16	into those positions as they become vacant.
17	CHAIR COHEN: All right. And which team are
18	you guys on?
19	MS. ROOTS: I'm part of FTB's Talent Management
20	Program.
21	CHAIR COHEN: And who do you report to?
22	MS. ROOTS: I report to Paul Ogden.
23	CHAIR COHEN: Is Paul here?
24	MS. STANISLAUS: So, Paul reports to Carol
25	Williams. Carol's over there.



CHAIR COHEN: Oh, hi. Okay. Great. 1 Do we have the value statement? 2 3 MS. ROOTS: We do. CHAIR COHEN: I knew it. 4 5 MS. ROOTS: We do. CHAIR COHEN: All right. Just come to the mic. 6 Oh, yeah. Perfect. Just read where you are. That's 7 8 good. 9 MS. WAHL: Good morning. 10 CHAIR COHEN: Good morning. MS. WAHL: Okay. The values; lead with 11 integrity and inspiration. As inspirational leaders, 12 13 we're committed to pursue the right path, communicate 14 clear expectations, and ignite diverse ideas and innovation. 15 16 17 We cultivate a culture of belonging and invite everyone to maximize their potential every day. Bring 18 our best. By bringing our best, we exemplify honesty, 19 20 inclusivity, credibility, and accountability. 21 We value staff and encourage them to bring their best every day. Deliver excellent products and 2.2 23 services. Quality is best achieved through 2.4 collaboration with our diverse customers and each other. 25 We deliver excellent products and services that meet the



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needs of all of our customers.

Contribute to a caring community. We encourage mutual respect, kindness, and teamwork. This creates a supportive and inclusive work environment that appreciates diversity, and allows all of us to flourish in the community we work and live in.

Become experts at what we do. We are motivated to continually improve and grow. We take advantage of tools and opportunities to develop in our chosen career path and to help inspire and engage others in our diverse workforce.

CHAIR COHEN: Thank you very much. I appreciate that. Sounds like wisdom and words we should all be living by, that we can apply not just in our work life, but in our personal lives as well. Thank you, ladies. I appreciate your presentation. Oh, okay. We have a question right here.

MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Thank you for the presentation. I just had a quick follow-up question.

MS. ROOTS: Okay.

MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: So, on the employee engagement and job satisfaction part of it, I think that's really important, but a little bit more difficult to measure. Sounds like there's a good feedback mechanism to hear from employees and effort to



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incorporate the feedback. So, my question is, in terms of metrics and KPIs, what are examples of metrics that you will be looking at, to see that there's progress towards the goal, or a need to adjust if needed essentially to measure job satisfaction, for example, in employee engagement?

MS. ROOTS: Sure. Good question. So, we actually facilitate the employee engagement survey every three years. The next time we'll run that survey will be in 2027. And so, we will, for the most part, use the same set of questions that we used in our previous survey and then do a comparison question by question to evaluate whether we've increased or decreased, and that's where we begin conversation on strategizing if we have areas where maybe we're not as pleased with. We'll work together to come up with some strategies for improvement.

MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Thank you.

CHAIR COHEN: One more question about that.

So, how does the data reach the executive leadership?

I mean, we have presentations like this, but it's very high level. And I'm wondering how often are these metrics reviewed? You just said that you're doing a survey every three years, but you're using the same copy, cut, paste methodologies. So, I would imagine



1	that there's some review process, that there's
2	flexibility if you're looking and evaluating questions,
3	that you're either reworking a question, restating a
4	question, or eliminating one if it's not being the tool
5	that you need to evaluate what you're looking to get.
6	What corrective actions are in place if performance
7	levels are below expectations?
8	MS. ROOTS: Thank you for the question. If
9	performance levels are below expectations, that's where
10	we work with our Organizational Development Action
11	Committee and our Governance Council to develop
12	strategies. Maybe there's research that we can do to
13	understand why maybe numbers dipped or why we're
14	receiving the low rating that we're receiving, and then
15	we build strategies through our Workplace Engagement
16	Service team to facilitate that improvement.
17	CHAIR COHEN: How long â€" how long has this goal
18	been around, been a priority for the organization?
19	MS. ROOTS: Are you speaking specifically about
20	the Employee Engagement Survey?
21	CHAIR COHEN: Yes.
22	MS. ROOTS: I don't know exactly how long. I
23	know it's been happening at least since 2010. I can
24	look into records and find out when the first engagement
25	survey was released, and get back to you with that



information.

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CHAIR COHEN: Thank you very much. I don't have any other questions. Thank you. Appreciate it.

We're going to go to public comment to see if there's any members of the public that are in the audience. Any comments? All right. Let's go online.

MALE PHONE OPERATOR: Members of the public on the phone lines, if you would like to place yourself in queue for public comment, please press one, followed by zero at this time. One-zero. And we will go to the line of Christine Grab, the private investor. Please go ahead.

MS. GRAB: I would like to address FTB staffing problems. I sued FTB in San Diego Superior Court. I believe that in that case, Keith Swank committed five counts of perjury, five counts of collusion to cover up racketeering, five counts of collusion to cover up embezzlement, and 15 counts of obstruction of justice.

I believe that Chelsea Hubbard committed six counts of perjury, ten counts of obstruction of justice, ten counts of collusion to cover up embezzlement, and three counts of collusion to cover up racketeering.

I believe that Grace LeBleu made two false statements to the court and violated my taxpayer rights to have copies of my records. She also gave me and my



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husband's social security numbers to Deputy Attorney
General Anna Barsagian. Anna Barsagian then posted
those numbers on the Internet.

I believe that all of these people were coerced by Bill Hilson, who was the head of the litigation department at the time. Bill Hilson retired in 2022, shortly after I filed criminal charges with the federal government.

In 2023, Bill Hilson came back. No matter how much FTB claims to care about their staff, bringing Bill Hilson back proves that FTB executives and Board Members do not care about the physical and emotional well-being of FTB employees.

There is no statute of limitation on fraud.

The Biden Administration didn't prosecute, but the Trump Administration might. Mr. Swank, Ms. Hubbard, and Ms. LeBleu probably wonder every day if today's the day they will finally be indicted. As was determined in the Nuremberg trials, I was just doing my job is not a valid legal defense.

If prosecuted, they may go to prison, but Bill Hilson won't. Likewise, Christopher Calhoun, Susan Maples, Chris Smith, Brenda Voet, and Angela Jones all have to worry about being indicted as well, since they all signed letters which I believe misrepresent the

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contents of various laws, and that is a felony.

I believe every one of those people was framed by FTB's legal department. I believe that FTB's standard operating business practice of framing employees for crimes perpetrated by the legal department constitutes psychological abuse. I have asked FTB numerous times to end this practice. Every time, FTB's board and executives have said no.

In my opinion, the best way to fix FTB's employee retention problem is to immediately terminate every person who habitually commits fraud and then frames other employees for that fraud. I requested Selvi Stanislaus is terminated for knowingly allowing FTB to commit crimes against taxpayers, and for allowing her employees to be psychologically abused.

Likewise, I asked Malia Cohen and Joe Stephenshaw to resign immediately on the same grounds as Selvi.

And finally, to FTB staff, you are required by law to refuse to comply with FTB's unethical and unlawful behavior. FTB cannot fire you for refusing to commit crimes.

MS. RUBALCAVA: Excuse me, Controller Cohen. Time has expired.

CHAIR COHEN: Okay. Thank you. Your time is

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Your three minutes are up. We have your public comment noted in the record. Thank you. Operator, are there any other calls for public comment? MALE PHONE OPERATOR: No other members of the public are queuing up at this time. CHAIR COHEN: Thank you. Thank you, Katie and $\operatorname{Nach} \tilde{A}^{\odot} t$. We appreciate your presentation. We are going to go on to Item Three now. Next, we have a Customer Service Enhancements, Education and Outreach, presented by Prachi Vardhe and Elias Dominguez. This is also an informational item and no action will be taken. Good morning. MS. VARDHE: Good morning, Madam Chair, Members of the Board. My name is Prachi Vardhe. I'm an Assistant Bureau Director in the Audit Division, and with me is Elias Dominguez. He's an Information Officer II, in our Public Affairs Office. Over the next few minutes, I'll provide updates highlighting our Customer Service Enhancements. This update will include information regarding the implementation status of various self-service tools for taxpayers, and then Elias will cover our Education and Outreach efforts for these self-services. So, before we dive into the enhancements, we'd like to start with how did we get here? FTB has always

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strived to provide excellent service. In fact, FTB's current strategic plan emphasizes goal one, Exceptional Service, which means continuously improving the customer experience via self-service tools, outreach, and accessible service channels, and in recent years, we recognized we needed to modernize the taxpayer experience. We've heard it directly from our customers through outreach events, chats, call center feedback, and page-level feedback on our public website. The message was very clear; taxpayers wanted faster access to information, more control over their accounts, and easier ways to resolve issues without having to call.

That input, combined with internal performance data, proactive data tracking on our website, and team insights helped us reimagine our approach. A cornerstone of this transformation is EDR2, our Enterprise Data-to-Revenue Modernization Project. EDR2 has allowed us to overhaul key systems and tools that directly support customer service. Many of these services were added in direct response to feedback FTB has received over the years on ways to improve FTB services.

Let's take a look at some of these customer service enhancements. Our first customer service enhancement we'll talk about is MyFTB. This secure



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online portal has significantly improved with EDR2. It includes a cleaner, mobile-friendly interface, easier access to notices, balances and payment history, streamlined tax professional authorization, real-time identity proofing, also known as RIPE, for instant access, improved document upload and notice tracking, and paperless delivery and protest submission features, to name a few. Taxpayers now get real-time MyFTB account alerts and more personalized messaging, reducing confusion, and helping them stay in compliance.

Next, we have the Certificate of Revivor service, which allows suspended business taxpayers the ability to apply for a Certificate of Revivor online, or by logging into their MyFTB account. It is available to business entity representatives and tax professionals with an active relationship through MyFTB, as of March 2025. This service will be available outside of MyFTB by Fall 2025.

Next, many of our interactive voice response, also known as IVR systems, now include automatic speech recognition, and the ability to request a text with a link to WebPay allowing for a hands-free experience when calling FTB. This enhancement is fully implemented as of June 2025. The E-demand payoff request is enhanced with automation to provide instant responses to some

requests.

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Additionally, the layout of the service is updated to have a more user-friendly interface as well as improved notice formatting tailored to the specific customer type. This enhancement is available for personal income tax taxpayers as of June 2025.

Next, we have the new Offer in Compromise application service. It allows individuals and business taxpayers who do not have the means to pay their undisputed tax liability, to submit an offer online after creating a basic login account, or by logging into their MyFTB account. For PIT taxpayers, this service is available since June 2025, and for BE taxpayers, it is scheduled to go live later this month.

The new Innocent Joint Filer Relief service allows individual taxpayers and their representatives the ability to request relief on our website after creating a basic login account, or by logging into their MyFTB account. Soft launch through MyFTB began March 17, 2025, and full launch is scheduled for later this month, September 2025.

Next, the payment plan service was enhanced to allow taxpayers and their representatives to request a payment plan via MyFTB or IVR. Business entities can request a payment plan online via ftb.ca.gov, or by



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logging into their MyFTB account. Additionally, new ways to manage payment plans were added to both MyFTB and online via ftb.ca.gov. This enhancement for PIT has been available since January of 2024, and for BE payment plans, we did a soft launch in April 2025.

I will now turn over the presentation to my colleague, Elias. He will share information about our education, and outreach efforts around our customer service enhancements.

MR. DOMINGUEZ: Thank you, Prachi, and greetings, Madam Chair, and esteemed Board Members. Ι am pleased to present this update to you today. So, as you just heard, FTB has been working hard to provide helpful tools and services to our taxpayer community. Of course, great tools and services only work if people know about them. So, we've launched a coordinated effort to inform and educate the public on how to use our online tools and services. The goal? To improve access, compliance, and support for California's diverse taxpayers. This includes developing a one-stop webpage with links to FTB self-service options, so taxpayers and tax professionals can easily find the services they are looking for. We've also created several how-to videos and web content, including how to set up a MyFTB account, how to use WebPay, how to use CalFile and the

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IRS's Direct File, how to view estimated payments, how to pay estimated payments using our WebPay application, and how to avoid scams. And speaking of scams, recently FTB was alerted through our contact center, through online reports, and through social media about a text scam imitating FTB. In response, we quickly posted a banner on our website with an alert about the tax fraud and a link for taxpayers to report the fraud. In addition, FTB issued a press release and launched a social media campaign to warn Californians.

Additionally, we've also published tax news articles ahead of soft launches of our tools and after full implementation. As we receive information and feedback, and as new self-service tools are rolled out, we will continue to inform and educate the public through additional tax news articles, social media posts, utilizing field office lobby videos, issuing press releases, sending targeted emails, and of course, updates on our public website.

We also continue to support trusted outreach programs like Volunteer Income Tax Assistance, or VITA, where FTB staff work side-by-side with community partners. This year, 108 FTB volunteers prepared over 5,000 tax returns for Californians who needed help, including over 1,000 returns for the members of the Hart

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Senior Center. We've also supported disaster-impacted taxpayers through local assistance centers and disaster recovery centers. For the Los Angeles area wildfires earlier this year, our team proudly served more than 5,400 survivors at disaster recovery centers, providing them with important information they need to meet their tax obligations.

We also emphasize outreach and communications of various programs and tools, such as the California Earned Income Tax Credit, MyFTB, CalFile, and the IRS's Direct File Program, and these outreach efforts include highlighting the programs on our public website, the creation and distribution of social media toolkits to outreach partners, creating multilingual flyers and posters for distribution throughout the state, and producing promotional videos. And for the first time, FTB partnered with an advertising agency to promote some of these programs through billboards, posters, and bus shelters in a statewide marketing effort.

So, whether we're reaching our customers online, in person, or through out-of-home marketing, we're seeing that our combined efforts are paying off.

In the 2025 filing season, we saw significant increases in the use of our online tools and resources compared to last year. Taxpayers accessed MyFTB over 2.7 million

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times, a 23 percent increase. Our website had over 15.8 million visits, an increase of 500,000. And the Check Your Refund tool had over 5.2 million visits, an increase of 800,000. One way we're approaching these initiatives is through FTB's Leadership Development Program which supports future leaders with training in strategic thinking and communication competencies.

This year, one of the leadership teams focused on FTB's language access, inventorying FTB's non-English services. That included reviewing translated forms, call center capabilities, MyFTB and its messaging, and benchmarking other agencies' language access efforts to estimate costs and feasibility. So, looking ahead, we'll continue improving our online systems, growing our multilingual content, and piloting new solutions to make the taxpayer experience more intuitive, inclusive, and efficient. At every step, our focus is to ensure that all Californians have access to clear, equitable, and effective tax services.

We're grateful for your support as we continue building a better FTB for all. Thank you for the opportunity to present today, and we welcome any questions or feedback you may have.

CHAIR COHEN: Thank you very much for your presentation. Let me turn to my colleagues to see if



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there are any questions. Senator Gaines, yes.

MEMBER GAINES: If I could, thank you. Thank you for your presentations. I appreciate it.

And just wanted to get a little clarity here on a couple of items to help me and our constituents throughout the state. Can you help me with a Certificate of Revivor? Can you explain what that is?

MS. VARDHE: Yes, certainly. Thank you for your question. So, it's basically when your business has been suspended or forfeited, which means it's not in good standing, it loses its rights, powers, and privileges to do business in California, and so, you can submit information online, which is to get the Certificate of Revivor. Some of the reasons why it may not be in good standing has to do with the business may not have filed the tax returns or have not paid their taxes due, and so, once they have all the information, they've filed all this, they can go online and submit the Certificate of Revivor, request and get their business back in good standing.

MEMBER GAINES: Oh, that's great. Thank you.

And so, I just wanted to clarify on the customer service enhancements offer in compromise. Is that now offered online? Is that the new aspect of what's happening in that?

MS. VARDHE: That is correct, yes. 1 It was 2 paper only, I think, by mail is how it was previously, 3 and now it can be done online. MEMBER GAINES: Excellent, that's great. 4 5 then can you explain an innocent joint filer? MS. VARDHE: Yes, thank you for the question. 6 So, basically when you file a California joint tax 7 return, both taxpayers are responsible for paying any 8 taxes, penalties, and interest that are due on that 9 10 So, basically, they are joint and severally liable for it. In some cases, a spouse or a registered 11 domestic partner may get relief from paying all or part 12 13 of what is owed, and that is something that determined case-by-case basis, depending on the reasons for the 14 15 relief that is being requested. And now basically, the innocent spouse is requesting that they can submit that 16 17 online and ask for that relief. MEMBER GAINES: Okay. So, they ask for it and 18 19 then it's reviewed by Franchise Tax Board. 20 MS. VARDHE: Yes. 21 MEMBER GAINES: There's a determination made. 2.2 MS. VARDHE: Correct. 23 MEMBER GAINES: Okay, great. Thank you. 24 could move to education and outreach just in terms of 25 your website; you mentioned 15.8 million visits and it's

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500,000 more visits than last year, is that the -- I'm just trying to get the comparison right in terms of what's happening there?

MR. DOMINGUEZ: Yeah, that is correct. That was based on visits. We had a 500,000 increase in visits.

MEMBER GAINES: Great, wonderful. And then the Check Your Refund tool had 5.2 million visits and that's 800,000 more than last year. There was also some discussion about speeding up that effort for refunds. Is that something you could speak to in terms of what's happening there?

MR. DOMINGUEZ: Yeah, so as far as our communication efforts, obviously we want everyone to get their refunds due. So, anything we could do to promote the Check Your Refund tool, making it more visible on our website, also promoting it on social media. We also have executives that attend various speaking engagements so, you know, we include those talking points as well. So, we have various ways of outreach to try to get the word out. Also CalEITC, as you know, is a huge communications effort that we have every year. So, I'm trying to get as many people as possible to claim that credit.

MEMBER GAINES: Okay, great. Is -- how is our



effort in that arena? Are we getting out tax refunds 1 more quickly? Is that something we monitor that we're 2 3 possibly looking at trying to improve? MR. DOMINGUEZ: Yeah, that is something we do 4 5 I was just going to tell you from the stat I saw recently, I believe 84 percent of refunds were 6 distributed within seven to ten business days, and 7 that's the benefit of e-filing, of course, which we try 8 to communicate as well. 9 10 MEMBER GAINES: Wonderful. And if you don't efile, do you know what that timeline is? 11 MR. DOMINGUEZ: Off the top of my head, I don't 12 13 know what the paper filing timeline is. 14 MS. STANISLAUS: It's about four months. MEMBER GAINES: Okay. All right. So, people 15 need to be encouraged to go online and hopefully have 16 17 the access to do that or the ability. Is there any effort to try to speed up the paper side, because not 18 19 everybody can go online? 20 MS. STANISLAUS: Yeah, well, 84 percent of the people have filed online. So, that's a huge jump from 21 2.2 previous years. 23 MEMBER GAINES: Yes. 2.4 MS. STANISLAUS: So, our efforts are working. 25 MEMBER GAINES: Yes, but I -- and I applaud you



I'm not trying to be overly critical. 1 just, some folks are going to have to file by paper, and 2 3 maybe they don't know how to go online. I just want to make sure that we're also taking a look at that. 4 Is it 5 14 percent? That those folks are trying to return their money as quickly as possible, and I don't know if 6 efforts are being made in that regard or not? 7 MS. STANISLAUS: Yes, we are. 8 MEMBER GAINES: Okay, very good. Thank you. 9 10 CHAIR COHEN: All right, thank you for your questions. Department of Finance has a question. 11 12 MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Yes. Thank you for 13 your presentation. I had a question on the education 14 and outreach slide, as well, where Member Gaines was 15 mentioning some of those increasing access --. CHAIR COHEN: Can you speak into the mic? 16 17 MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Is it clear now? CHAIR COHEN: Thank you. 18 19 MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: I wanted to ask about 20 the education and outreach slide. There are various 21 metrics here on increasing access to MyFTB, FTB website 2.2 compared to last year, notably the 23 percent increase 23 in access to MyFTB, and I think it was noted during the 24 presentation that it was due to a combination of online,



in-person, and marketing, and so I was just curious if

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you have a sense of if any of those three avenues were more effective in the significant increase. That is, was there more effort that was put on any one of those types of outreach, because that is a significant increase that maybe could be applied and there could be some lessons learned there.

MR. DOMINGUEZ: I think it's a combination of all our efforts combined. You know, year after year we try to identify ways that we can further market MyFTB and also the different programs and tools that we have.

I can tell you also the page level feedback that we have on our website is a very useful tool. So, each page on our website has a link on the bottom where you can submit feedback. And regarding MyFTB and the accounts created, it's actually a good example. I'm glad you brought that, so we noticed that we were getting a lot of feedback in people having trouble creating a MyFTB account. So, there was a required terms and conditions box that users needed to check in order to create an account. But it wasn't easily visible, so, we made a simple change, made it very visible, and we saw uptick in MyFTB accounts, and thus the complaints dropped. So, little changes like that, just being able to respond to feedback and making the user experience easier, that makes a huge difference.

CHAIR COHEN: How are we tracking the success 1 2. of our partnership with the advertising agency? 3 MR. DOMINGUEZ: So, this year was the first year that we actually partnered with an advertising 4 agency. It's very difficult to correlate the 5 impressions to actual people, you know, claiming 6 CalEITC, but we did get a report that we can share with 7 you as far as our findings. As far as impressions, and 8 how it might correlate, you know, to people claiming 9 10 CalEITC, and I can tell you for the following year, 2026, we're hoping to have a more robust marketing 11 effort to include not just out-of-home marketing, but 12 13 also digital, including social media, to hopefully reach 14 bigger audiences. I think Susan will have a 15 presentation on this, so she'll go over it, but we try to hit the four large markets, and next year we're also 16 17 hoping to include smaller markets. 18 CHAIR COHEN: What are the four large markets? MR. DOMINGUEZ: LA, San Diego, Bay Area, and 19 20 Sacramento. 21 CHAIR COHEN: Okay. 2.2 MR. DOMINGUEZ: In the coming year, we're 23 hoping to get also Central Valley. 24 CHAIR COHEN: Okay. And is that budgeted, the 25 fee for the advertising agency? Is that an RFP?



1	MR. DOMINGUEZ: Yeah, it is an RFP.
2	CHAIR COHEN: So, it was an RFP.
3	MR. DOMINGUEZ: Yes.
4	CHAIR COHEN: And I'm sure in the RFP there
5	were some metrics, some performance metrics, that were
6	written into the RFP, and you're saying that the
7	advertising agency has them or made a presentation?
8	MR. DOMINGUEZ: They did provide like a
9	conclusion, or, you know, report to sort of summarize I
10	guess the campaign itself, but, off the top of my head,
11	I'm not sure what the numbers include.
12	CHAIR COHEN: Sir, you are here reporting out
13	information. How do you not have this information? We
14	are spending money with an advertising company, which
15	we're probably going to engage with again next year.
16	What did they say? What was the report?
17	MR. DOMINGUEZ: Well, the number I can tell you
18	is that we received 41 million impressions based on
19	their data on our one-month campaign.
20	CHAIR COHEN: Okay.
21	MR. DOMINGUEZ: And the impressions came from,
22	as I mentioned, just strictly outdoor marketing in those
23	four areas.
24	CHAIR COHEN: Outdoor marketing; so that's a
25	billboard?



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MR. DOMINGUEZ: Billboards, bus shelters, and posters.

CHAIR COHEN: Okay. We're going to talk about this before next year, just to make sure that we have the metrics in place so that we are not wasting money. Question. And it goes a little bit to what Member Gaines was saying. I want clarity on how we're ensuring the digital equity for the taxpayers, particularly those that are lacking Internet access, or digital literacy. How do we know they are receiving our message or the help that they need?

MR. DOMINGUEZ: Yeah, that's a very good question. And, you know, as I did mention, one of the MDP projects, our Management Development Programs, was really looking at that specifically, measuring FTB's language access and the different language access and accessibility to the public. So, there was a number of different things that they looked at. I believe that MDP project was for this year, so, I would have to check with that particular team to see if they have the complete report.

CHAIR COHEN: Okay. Thank you. I don't have any other questions. You? No? We're good. All right. Thank you very much for the presentation.

MR. DOMINGUEZ: Thank you.



CHAIR COHEN: We're going to go to public 1 Colleagues, friends, anyone have any comments 2 comment. 3 on this item? None? Okay. Operator, please check online to see if 4 5 there's any members online of the public that would like 6 to comment. MALE PHONE OPERATOR: Thank you. Members of 7 the public on the phone lines, if you would like to 8 9 place yourself in queue for public comment, as a 10 reminder, please press one followed by zero at this time; one followed by zero. 11 No members of the public are queuing up. 12 13 Please continue. 14 CHAIR COHEN: All right. Thank you very much. 15 Thank you for that presentation. We are going to move on to Item Four, which is 16 17 an update on the earned income tax credit, the foster youth tax credit, and the young tax credit presented by 18 Susan Maples. This is an informational item. Susan, I 19 20 just want you to know I'm personally interested in this 21 I hope you have real data to share with us. item. 2.2 MS. MAPLES: I do. 23 CHAIR COHEN: Excellent. All right. The floor 24 is yours. 25 MS. MAPLES: Thank you so much. Good morning,



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Chair Cohen and Board Members. My name is Susan Maples, and I'm the director of the Economic and Statistical Research Bureau at Franchise Tax Board. In my presentation, I'll be providing an update on the California Earned Income Tax Credit, Young Child Tax Credit, and Foster Youth Tax Credit, referred to collectively as the family of CalEITC credits.

Today, I'll be updating you on CalEITC statistics from this year's filing season, what those statistics might mean, our education and outreach activities, and additional information about our partnerships with external stakeholders, and other state agencies, to ensure Californians who qualify for these credits are aware of the credits available and have the tools necessary to file returns and claim the credits that they qualify for. So, let's jump right in and look at some processing year data from this year's filing season as it compares to last year.

Process year data differs from tax year data, as it includes original tax returns for the current tax year, and prior year tax returns for previous tax years that have completed processing. With that in mind, as of June 21, 2025, FTB received just over three million returns resulting in approximately 874 million in CalEITC credits allowed. Just over 367,000 returns

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claiming Young Child Tax Credits were allowed, resulting in the distribution of approximately 392 million in Young Child Tax Credits.

Additionally, just over 5,200 returns were allowed, resulting in approximately 5.8 million in Foster Youth Tax Credits. When we compared year-to-date 2025 process claims with the same timeframe in 2024, we noted a slight decrease in the number of returns we've received claiming each of the credits this year, and a slight increase in the average credit amounts, mostly due to indexing for inflation. Looking more closely at the drop in CalEITC claims, which is currently six percent as of June 21 this year, year-over-year percentage change for CalEITC, this change peaked around 17 percent in March but has stabilized between four and six percent for the last several weeks.

This has resulted in around 190,000 fewer process claims when comparing last year to this year. However, it is important to note that tax returns are still being filed and processed, and we will see additional returns submitted as a result of outreach activities and in the weeks leading up to the October 15th extended filing deadline.

Since CalEITC began in 2015, we've seen several legislative expansions to the credit to increase



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AGI limits, expand age eligibility, and include
Californians with Individual Tax Identification Numbers,
also known as ITINs. As a result, early on, we saw
year-over-year increases in claimants of the CalEITC
credit, in large part due to additional populations of
taxpayers becoming eligible to receive the credit.
Robust education and outreach in the last ten years by
state, federal, and local governments, as well as
nonprofit organizations and other advocacy groups, have
also increased general awareness about these credits,
and helped Californians access return filing assistance
programs like VITA and CalFile, to get their returns
prepared free of charge.

As with many economic factors, the pandemic really changed things. We saw large increases in CalEITC claims due to financial pressures from job losses related to the pandemic, as well as stimulus payments that required taxpayers to file a return to be eligible. However, five years after the start of the pandemic, things are largely returning to normal. So, when we noticed a modest decline in CalEITC claims year-over-year, we reviewed potential causes to make sure that we were not missing anything. Our review found some evidence to suggest that the L.A. fires have resulted in some delays in filing and reduced EITC



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claims year-to-date, which may be resolved once the October due date is reached. We also observed wage growth in income ranges associated with EITC eligibility that has outpaced inflation and observed a multi-year trend in federal adjusted gross income that suggests the percentage of taxpayers who fall under the income threshold has been decreasing, thus reducing the population eligible to file and claim CalEITC. This could be related to recent California minimum wage increases and/or general economic performance postpandemic.

As far as what we found when we looked at ITIN filers overall, current tax year ITIN filings are down around six percent year-to-date. However, current year ITIN EITC claims are only down around two percent year-to-date. So, there is evidence that ITIN filings have decreased overall, but much less so for ITIN EITC claims, which corresponds to what we are seeing across the board for all EITC filing groups.

Turning now to FTB's education and outreach efforts, I want to provide an update on our summer outreach campaign that began as part of the education and outreach efforts identified in our 2022 report on the study to increase the number of claims for the California and federal EITC, mandated by Senate Bill

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1409. FTB began a summer outreach program in 2023 that
identified individuals who failed to file a return and
claim CalEITC but likely qualified for the credit based
on prior filing history and Employment Development
Department wage records, as well as individuals who
likely qualified for CalEITC and filed a tax return, but
did not claim the credit. Nudge letters were sent to
nearly 350,000 people in year one and just over 300,000
in year two, year three of the program just started with
nearly 200,000 letters being mailed out at the end of
July. Letters mailed provided taxpayers information
about all three available tax credits. New this year,
FTB identified nearly 4,000 additional taxpayers, both
filers and non-filers, who claimed the foster youth tax
credit in a previous year, but who did not claim the
credit in the current year, and added those folks to our
outreach letters to remind them about available credits.

Summer outreach results are finalized the following February, before the start of the next filing season, and the results are published in our CalEITC annual report to the legislature. In addition to our summer outreach efforts this season, FTB also launched a CalEITC statewide outdoor advertising campaign to raise awareness and increase participation in the program. The campaign featured 40 billboards and 70 transit

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shelter ads across California. Through targeted outreach, the campaign engaged key communities, and through June, had generated over 41 million impressions demonstrating meaningful reach and impact. FTB also distributed more than 88,000 flyers and posters, and shared outreach materials with hundreds of partners, including non-profits, the foster youth community, state agencies, and legislative offices statewide. A CalEITC -focused social media campaign was launched during CalEITC Awareness Week on January 31, 2025, to further raise awareness.

The final update I want to share today is regarding our partnership with external agencies. As discussed at a previous board presentation, California really does use an all-of-government approach when it comes to CalEITC education and outreach. So, let me share a few of the things that we've done together during 2025 filing season.

At the beginning of the 2025 filing season, using existing data sharing authority and interagency agreements, we provided non-filer flags to the California Department of Social Services to help identify 512,000 CalWORKS participants who could be eligible for CalEITC but had not yet filed a tax return. FTB also collaborated with the California Department of

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Healthcare Services to develop the CalEITC notice for the 2024 tax year. The notice was distributed to approximately nine million Medi-Cal members in early 2025 as part of an annual mailer helping to raise awareness for the available tax credits.

FTB and the California Department of Community Services and Development collaborated to distribute \$12 million in grants to nonprofit and community-based organizations. These funds appropriated in the 2024-2025 Budget Act included set allocations for grantees that target statewide and rural regions, supporting education and outreach activities using the web, social media, canvassing, collateral messaging, and group They also helped with free tax preparation assistance and obtaining ITINs. This filing season, approximately 15 grantees conducted outreach to increase awareness of state and federal earned income tax credits and services. A final closeout report, including outcome data for all expenditures and activities, will be submitted by CSD later this year. In partnership with the California State Controller's Office, we sent our annual global messaging to state employees, informing them about the many CalEITC credits.

FTB also partnered with several stakeholders to participate in thought conversations about how to



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improve the uptake of CalEITC credits and share best practices among researchers, states, and other trusted partners in effective activities that help individuals with limited financial resources get the credits that they are eligible for.

Thank you for your time today, and I'd be happy to answer any questions you might have.

CHAIR COHEN: Thank you very much. I know Senator Gaines has questions, so we will just start with him.

MEMBER GAINES: Thank you. Thank you very much. I just appreciate your presentation, and I just wanted to take a look at these outreach activities.

And so, on slide six, it looks like they're showing an example of an ad that says get more cash back with CalEITC, and then it has a web address, and Franchise Tax Board, which is good. But, my concern is that, you know, just as kind of a citizen, would I understand what CalEITC is? And so, I'm wondering if the outreach can be clearer to our constituents so that they know what might be available? I mean, it says cash back. You know, that's great, but cash back for what? So, is there a simpler way to communicate that so that hopefully there's better understanding of our constituents who might be reading this as they're going

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by on the freeway or wherever?

MS. MAPLES: So, each year, we get together as a group, and we also do some external canvassing to try to understand what the best methods of outreach might I think in the past from your board, we've had suggestions about how to make our CalEITC, our website on the FTB web internet, more clear, make it more userfriendly. We've changed things, various ways from feedback from various organizations to help make it clearer. We're always willing to entertain additional feedback if there are suggestions that you have. said, we generally meet almost once a week during the filing season, or before the filing season, to solidify the flyers and some of the materials that we're going to use and send out to local nonprofits in multiple languages, and we're always looking for suggestions that might help.

So, if you have some of those, we'd be more than willing to take a look at those.

MEMBER GAINES: Yeah, anything we can do to get away from kind of the alphabet soup.

MS. MAPLES: Right.

MEMBER GAINES: You know, and it happens in the private sector, public sector, you know, we speak a certain language. I'm still learning it.



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MS. MAPLES: We love our acronyms here at FTB. 1 2 MEMBER GAINES: So, anything we can do to make 3 it clearer for people just to understand that there might be, you know, a credit available to them. And it 4 5 would speak also to the Young Child Tax Credit and Foster Youth Tax Credit. Just those words, young child 6 tax credit or foster youth tax credit, I think, would 7 really resonate, but I'm not a marketing person. 8 just looking at a way that we can communicate as clearly 9 10 as possible so that people can take advantage of it. MS. MAPLES: I understand. Thank you for that 11 12 feedback. CHAIR COHEN: All right. I just wanted to --13 14

CHAIR COHEN: All right. I just wanted to -so, in the last item, I asked a question about metrics,
and it was given the number of 41 million impressions.
and then you also in your presentation gave 41 million
impressions, so, this is just a universal impression.
This is not specific to the Earned Income Tax Credit,
this is just overall

MS. MAPLES: Yes.

CHAIR COHEN: -- franchise. So, what I'm trying to do is distill down to find out how successful these programs are in marketing, but it sounds like either you don't have that metric, or the advertiser didn't account for it.



MS. MAPLES: So, I've actually done a lot of
work in this area because I work in the Economic and
Statistical Research Bureau. So, we have worked with
CDSS and some of the organizations to find best
practices in understanding what education and outreach
we're doing and how that really translates to returns
filed. It's difficult with billboards because we don't
know actually who saw them, and I believe that the way
that they measure impressions, it's somewhat similar to
what they do on LinkedIn. They can tell when you have
viewed something. So, like a billboard may see several
hundred thousand or in this case several million cars
that are driving by, so, they count that as somebody
who's seen it and that would be an impression. Same
thing with the shelter transit ads. I don't know how
specific that they can get for that, but there really is
no way without us being able to get names and social
security numbers for our bureau to sort of get in there
and see, were these people filing last year? What did -
- you know, did they file again this year? And it's
really difficult to have that correlation between an
advertisement and an actual action. It's something that
we talk about with the grantees often in terms of being
able to discern the efficacy of what they're actually
doing.



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CHAIR COHEN: Do you know how the FTB came to decide that the outreach strategy would incorporate billboards and bus shelters?

MS. MAPLES: I do not know how we came to that determination, because I'm not really involved in the advertising side of it. But I think in general it's really difficult with outreach, especially to non-filers because we don't know who those folks are.

As I mentioned with our summer outreach, we're attempting to identify people who might be eligible, and send them letters because we have their addresses. But it's a particular challenge that the grantees also face. They have people who knock on doors, they use social media platforms. It's really about trying to get to as many people as you can with a message, in the hopes that when we include things like information about VITA, Volunteering Tax Assistance Program, and CAL FILE, to be able to help these people get to a place where they can get additional information. I think there was a QR code on Elias's PowerPoint slide on the bus shelters.

I think most people, even if they're not that well connected to the Internet, have a cell phone so that they can scan those QR codes. But it's about being able to try to connect people to give them more additional information and then from there maybe funnel

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them to a place where they can get access to free filing or some of the grantee help. It's a difficult thing.

CHAIR COHEN: Thank you. I know you weren't necessarily at the table, and I'm assuming that whoever the decision-making team is assembled in this room, so I'm going to speak broadly to everyone. presentation is really good, but I think that we can go a step further, and go on a deeper level. I think -- I still don't know how much was spent on the advertising budget, but I think that the money should be more targeted to digital. Now, I am an elected official, and I work in the space of advertisement as well, right, talking to voters. One of the things that we know from our own statistical data research is that a billboard is passive and at some point, becomes part of the blight. People see it one time, and they register it in their mind, and then their mind stops seeing it. They stop filtering it. And so, what we need to do is be very intentional. We are able to target people by their social security number. We're able to target people by their address. We're able to target people by language, even by their name. So, being very, very strategic on the database, on the information that we do have to target people. So, instead of going high-level with these passive forms of bus shelters, which, by the way,

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I don't know if you saw the latest news, but the Bay
Area Rapid Transit system is broke, and so people aren't
riding the transportation, so it's not the best way to
reach people.

Bus shelters, how many of you are taking buses to go to work? Yeah. Now, there might be a few people that are shy and don't want to share their business. But my point is that in different regions, that's not the best way to reach people. The best way is, again, and being very strategic, very dogged on developing a solid marketing plan. I would have loved to been a part of the conversation about the RFP language to make sure that we are contracting with a company that is able to give us information that is useful. So, far, what I've heard today is not really any useful information. reached people, we had 41 million impressions, but we have not captured. This is the Franchise Tax Board. This is like the state government entity that is the queen of database, of resources, of information. have what we need. We just need to develop a relationship, maybe it's with an outside vendor, to help us be strategic in targeting folks. We know for a fact that our taxpayers are getting targeted by people that are phishing, that people that are getting these fake, thank you, the fake text messages on their phone.



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are we not developing our own strategy to combat that? I just think that we need to be thinking, be a lot more aggressive and forward-thinking in how we are targeting and talking to people, because, you know, I don't want to, I quess, the enemy, for lack of a better way to describe it, they're talking to our taxpayers, but we're 6 7 not talking to them in that same way, with that same level of urgency and diligence. Did you want to 9 respond? 10 MS. MAPLES: I do, actually, yeah. I wanted to share some information. It is very difficult to reach 11 people who are not filing. 13 One of the things, though, that FTB has done, you were speaking about our vast amount of resources, the summer outreach program that I mentioned. actually have lots of information about folks, wage record information from Employment Development 17 Department, and we use that to target non-filers who appear, because the CalEITC, as well as the Foster Youth 19 Tax Credit, and to some degree, the Young Child Tax

So, we are actively using that to send letters to these folks who appear to be eliqible, but didn't

Credit, you have to have some earned income. So, we do

get data on earned income from the Employment

Development Department.



We have been able to look back, because 1 file a return. 2 I think one of the issues, the tough things about 3 outreach when you're dealing with non-filers is that some people have never filed a return, and no matter 4 5 what we do, they're not going to file a return. what we have looked at is people who have filed in prior 6 years, because then we've had some interaction with 7 them, and we feel like they're more likely to 8 9 potentially engage with us. 10 So, I'm very proud of that, one of the statistics that I have for you today. In our first year 11 12 of summer outreach, we were actually able to achieve 13 almost a five percent response rate where we allowed 14 credits, because we really were able to target it down 15 to those people who have the wages that we need to qualify for CalEITC, and we had addresses, and 16 additional information with them. We were able to send 17 them letters with approximate credit amounts and get 18 19 roughly a five percent response rate. 20 CHAIR COHEN: That's phenomenal. 21 MS. MAPLES: In this space, it's actually very 2.2 good. 23 CHAIR COHEN: How do we bolster that effort? MS. MAPLES: Well, I think it shows that we're 24

being successful because we have less and less letters

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going out every year to these non-filers, I think in part because we know that they're now filing. But one of the things that when we did some, I mentioned that we did some research looking at some of the declines and some of those reasons, about 80 percent of the people who claimed CalEITC last year and didn't claim it this year, we actually were able to pull all those returns, because we have all that data. About 80 percent of those people, their wages were up over the maximum income amount for CalEITC, and that's one of the things that I was sharing in my speech, that wage inflation has The minimum wage, if you do the simple math of arown. \$20 an hour if you're at a fast-food restaurant, if you're working 40 hours a week, I think it's something like \$40,000 a year, which is up over the CalEITC threshold.

CHAIR COHEN: So, that, I mean, your presentation, because you had that information, for me was the most salient presentation in understanding exactly our target group. The other aspect is, despite the decrease in claims, the average CalEITC amount has also increased, however slightly, but there's still an increase; is that due to the wage inflation?

MS. MAPLES: No, actually CalEITC is indexed every year, CPI, which is Consumer Price Index, I



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believe, and that actually has grown slower than wage growth. The minimum wage in California has been increasing quite steadily, and it's up above CPI. But, one of the other things I wanted to mention to you in terms of how we target these folks, in my presentation I was saying we actually did a data exchange with CDSS, which has the CalWORKs, those folks that receive food benefits in California, and so, they sent us their participant list, and we were able to double-check against all of our records to see which of these folks didn't file, because if they're getting CalWORKs, most likely they're in that income range that they probably qualify for CalEITC, or foster youth tax credit, or young child tax credit.

So, we were able to return those non-filer flags to CDS, and they actually, I'm sorry, CDSS, they actually did their own outreach via text message and emails to their program participants to make sure that they were also aware. And then they also offered VITA services, you know, information about CalFile, and actually some help for people who needed some additional assistance to get returns filed. So, we're working in that space as well.

CHAIR COHEN: That's good, and talk to me about how the relationship is going with our partners. We



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partner with like, what is it, Golden State, right, to help us with the filing?

MS. MAPLES: We do, that is part of the grantee

project that I mentioned. It was \$12 million last year, and we had about 15 grantees. And it's done, they have different regions. So, they have the bigger regions in California, but there's also a statewide region, so that will include all statewide activities, and they also have rural counties, which I think is defined by less than 100,000 in a county. So, they have different grants that go to these specific areas. We evaluate those grants. Again, it was \$12 million last year. We're distributing about \$10 million this year. I believe that David is going to talk to you when we get to that, one of those action items about the money that's going to be spent this year.

CHAIR COHEN: Oh, yes, now they want to talk about the action item and talk about money.

MS. MAPLES: Yes.

CHAIR COHEN: Okay, well, David has some numbers to back up his request.

MS. MAPLES: So, we do work with those folks, and they heavily work on the social media aspects, the Facebook, the social media, the data analytics. They will send people out to do door knocking. I think they



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do some sort of billboard type, but they have collateral messaging. They take the flyers, I mentioned earlier that we work on the flyers at the beginning of the season, and we give it to those folks, those grantees, and they can use those materials to actually pass out. So, they do a lot of that boots-on-the-ground work that we simply just can't do here at FTB.

CHAIR COHEN: I have one question in closing.

Just what feedback have we received from focus groups or roundtables that could shape our future outreach strategies?

MS. MAPLES: Well, they have this roundtable called SOAR. I know this is another acronym, and right now I cannot -- it's a state agency roundtable, but that is one of the things, I did get really good information with them about the sometimes filers versus the never filers, and that was what I had just mentioned, about really targeting people who we know might interact with us because they filed returns in the past. Because there are situations where you're just not going to get certain people, no matter what you do, to engage with the government. So, that was really helpful.

But just we share best practices. I'm not going to lie, a lot of times we are the ones sharing most of the information because we have done so much



1	here with our partners with the California Policy Lab,
2	working with CDSS with the CalWORKs, the data sharing in
3	CalFresh. So, a lot of times people are looking to us,
4	but it is always helpful to hear what they have to say
5	as well and just share information. Because as I
6	mentioned earlier, we have this all-of-government
7	approach. So, we really work not only with the other
8	state agencies but Golden State Opportunity and many of
9	the other grantees.
10	CHAIR COHEN: Thank you. Danamona, do you have
11	any questions?
12	MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Just a quick one.
13	So, on the decrease in EITC claims from last year to
14	this year through June, I think you noted that there
15	were 190,000 fewer claims compared to last year, and you
16	also mentioned that the tax deadline delays in Los
17	Angeles partly contributed to that. Do you know what
18	portion of the 190,000 is likely attributed to Los
19	Angeles?
20	MS. MAPLES: I do not know offhand what that
21	number is, but I can get back to you on that.
22	MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Thank you. And then
23	I am also curious about ITIN filers.
24	MS. MAPLES: Sure.
25	MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Because I am



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wondering if there could be a disproportionate drop
there because of federal immigration policies we are
seeing in terms of labor market, people not
participating in the labor market. So, I am curious to
see if there could be a similar mechanism here to
contributing to the decline in year-over-year if they
are not filing tax returns this year. So, I am curious
if you are seeing anything there.

MS. MAPLES: So, we actually did look at that. One thing that is important to note about ITINs and immigration is that there is no way for FTB to track it. And with ITINs it is really hard because it does not really reflect immigration status. You can be in a legal immigration status with an ITIN being here on a temporary Visa. You can also be an SSN holder who got one from being here on a Visa that has now expired, so you are in an illegal immigration status, but you have an SSN. So, it is really important to distinguish between the two.

But as far as ITINs, we have noticed that year-over-year, ITINs have been just decreasing year-over-year without regard to anything else. In terms of CalEITC, though, we saw less of a decrease with EITC claims than ITINs overall, and it may be because of the refund nature of CalEITC, there may be a stronger

the EITC.

financial incentive for those folks to continue to file, 1 2 but there is not really much I can comment on immigration, but it does seem to ITIN, the decrease in 3 ITINs seems to be about the same as when we look at 4 5 other filing groups. MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Thank you. Thank 6 7 you. Very interesting and helpful. CHAIR COHEN: We are going to go back to 8 Senator Gaines. 9 10 MEMBER GAINES: I just want to follow up on the issue you brought up in reference to the Consumer Price 11 Index and the fact that wages are rising faster than the 12 13 Can the CPI be broken down by state, and is that how we're doing it? Because expenses here are more --14 it costs more to live in California than most other 15 states in the country. So, I'm just curious about that. 16 MS. MAPLES: Yes. The CPI is the â€" oh, you 17 know what? I am not sure about that one. I don't know 18 19 where the Consumer Price Index actually comes from. 20 it's a U.S. or a California only. MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: If I may chime in, I 21 believe it's the California one, so it's the June to 2.2 23 June from the prior year that's applied to the CalEITC. 2.4 So, it is a California-specific number that we use for

MEMBER GAINES: But is it California-specific? 1 2 MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: It is. 3 MEMBER GAINES: It is California-specific, yes. Okay. Very good. Thank you. 4 5 CHAIR COHEN: All right. Thank you, team effort. You saw how we worked together up here to get 6 7 the answer. Teamwork makes the dream work. 8 MS. MAPLES: Yes. CHAIR COHEN: Thank you, Susan. I really 9 10 appreciate this presentation. We're going to go to public comment in this chamber. If there's anyone that 11 12 would like to speak on this item, please come on up to 13 the microphone. Thank you. You'll have three minutes. 14 Welcome. 15 MS. BAUTISTA: Hi. Good morning, Franchise Tax Board Chair Cohen and Board Members. My name is 16 Danielle Bautista with United Ways of California. 17 First, I wanted to extend an arm of gratitude 18 19 for the longstanding partnership we've had with FTB and 20 CSD since the CalEITC's inception. I know that was a 21 lot of acronyms. We've been able to do so much 2.2 together, including successfully expanding and 23 implementing state tax credit eligibility for more 24 populations, as Susan Maples pointed out, and 25 establishing and implementing additional tax credits



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like the Young Child Tax Credit and Foster Youth Tax Credit. We look forward to the years of continued collaboration to come.

This year, as many of you know, has been unlike any we've ever seen, with federal funding being frozen or cut entirely, and our most vulnerable communities being targeted. Yet, thanks to ongoing, dedicated California investments, our on-the-ground free tax prep and education and outreach partners throughout the state have been able to keep households informed and make real, tangible differences in the lives of our neighbors and friends seeking free tax prep at VITA sites.

Considering the ongoing federal funding threats and targeting of vulnerable communities, it is vital that we continue funding, and consider expanding funding to our free tax preparation assistance and outreach and education programs, so we can continue to support Californians who need the most access to tax credits to which they're entitled. Especially with upcoming federal Child Tax Credit eligibility changes and ongoing data sharing between the IRS and DHS, it is critical that our neighbors, families, and friends have community-based organizations that they can trust for the most up-to-date information, so that they can make



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the most and best decision for their loved ones and access resources, including free tax prep and state tax credits, to support their household.

We look forward to our continued partnership to support Californians' access to these vital programs, including reliable access to free tax prep assistance and outreach and education. Thank you so much.

CHAIR COHEN: Thank you. Are there any other members of the public?

All right. Operator, is there anyone online that would like to offer public comment?

MALE PHONE OPERATOR: Members of the public on the phone lines, if you would like to place yourself in queue for public comment, as a reminder, you may press one, followed by zero at this time. One followed by zero. And we will go to the line of Christine Grab. Please go ahead.

MS. GRAB: My name is Christine Grab, and I am a people of California. Over the last year, I have tried to gather more information on FTB's education and outreach program. I have concerns.

One, the contract between FTB and CDS says that NGO recipients are required to help people file ITIN applications. We taxpayers would like more information about this clause. At the June 2024



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meeting, Jeannie Harriman said that migrants in California qualify for credits that the federal government doesn't offer. Are migrants legally filing in California when they cannot legally file federally? If so, is FTB issuing its own separate ITINs, different than the federal government? If FTB is not issuing ITINs, then how are migrants accessing healthcare and other benefits without any identification number?

Two, the biggest recipient is Golden State
Opportunity Fund. Based on the records I've received
from CDS, Golden State's bookkeeping is opaque with
questionable entries. I do not believe they would pass
an audit. I've tried to contact them many times and
have never been able to reach a human. Public tax
records indicate that they spend their money mostly on
salaries for themselves and tax lobbyists to get more
money for this program. It appears they pass token
amounts of money onto legitimate NGOs, then take credit
for the work done by these other organizations.

We taxpayers want more transparency about how the NGOs are vetted and chosen, how it is determined how much money each receives, and to make auditing a regular part of the program.

Three, United Way receives a lot of money, too. Their bookkeeping is excellent. I have confirmed

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they have multiple tax filing programs in place, and I commend them for their good work. However, their San Diego subsidiary, Dreams for Change, has had multiple allegations of staff sexually assaulting clients. It concerns me that United Way is sending vulnerable people to known sexual predators. I asked United Way about their oversight criteria and they never responded to me. We taxpayers want transparency about oversight.

In closing, since 2016, I have been accusing FTB of intentionally providing bad service as a cover for bona fide criminal schemes to fraudulently impose penalties. In Grab vs. FTB, in San Diego Superior Court, FTB never denied the allegations that my penalties were a result of an embezzlement and racketeering scheme. FTB simply stated that was irrelevant to the case. Failure to deny constitutes admission of truth. While I am not low income, these criminal schemes seem to primarily target people of low socioeconomic status.

From my perspective, it appears that FTB is paying NGOs to find them victims. FTB's perpetual inability to improve customer service confirms my beliefs. I expect a written response that thoroughly addresses the concerns I've raised. Thank you.

CHAIR COHEN: Thank you for your comment. Are



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there any other comments online? 1 MALE PHONE OPERATOR: There are no other 2 3 participants queued up at this time. CHAIR COHEN: All right. Thank you very much. 4 5 Again, Ms. Maples, we appreciate you and your presentation. The next item is actually going to have 6 to be closed session, okay? And the board will be going 7 into closed session at this time to discuss agenda item 8 9 A in a neighboring room. What room is that? It will be 10 in Golden State Room. We will return to the auditorium upon the conclusion of the closed session. We ask that 11 the audience remain seated while the Board Members exit 12 13 to closed session. Thank you very much. 14 (Whereupon, a recess was taken) 15 CHAIR COHEN: All right. Good afternoon, everyone. We are back in open session. The board met 16

everyone. We are back in open session. The board met in closed session to discuss pending litigation. What I'd like to do now is move on down our agenda and call item number five.

Item number five is a legislative update.

It's presented by Jennifer Barton. Again, this is an informational interview. Jennifer, welcome. The floor is yours.

MS. BARTON: Thank you, and good afternoon,
Madam Chair and Board Members. I'm Jennifer Barton, the

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Legislative Services Director of the Franchise Tax

Board, and I'm here today to provide an update on key

legislative items impacting FTB. I will begin with an

overview of Senate Bill 132, the budget trailer bill

that was chaptered on June 27th.

Senate Bill 132 has eight provisions impacting FTB. The first provision extends the pass-through entity elective tax election and tax credit for taxable years beginning January 1st, 2026 and before January 1st, 2031. In addition, there's a new provision that would allow an entity to make the election, even if the June 15th prepayment was not made or was less than the amount required.

The election could be allowed, but the credit allowed to the qualified taxpayer would be reduced by 12.5 percent of the qualified taxpayer's pro rata share of the amount due but not paid.

Beginning on July 1st, 2025, the second provision requires that historical rehabilitation tax credits, not allocated during the 2025 calendar year, be made available within 90 days to taxpayers with qualified rehabilitation expenditures of one million or more if the expenditures were for affordable housing projects eligible for but did not receive a credit allocation and would have been the next project

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application to receive an award.

The third provision increases the aggregate amount of motion picture credits that may be allocated annually by the California Film Commission from \$330 million to \$750 million for fiscal years 25-26 through 29-30.

The fourth provision excludes up to \$20,000 from gross income for retirement pay received for service in the uniform services and for annuity payments received from a survivor benefit plan for taxable years beginning on or after January 1st, 2025 and before January 1st, 2030.

The fifth provision allows a gross income exclusion for amounts received from a settlement entity in connection with wildfires in California.

The exclusion applies retroactively to amounts received on or after January 1st, 2021 and before January 1st, 2030.

The sixth provision allows taxpayers to exclude from gross income payments received as compensation for damages from the Chiquita Canyon elevated temperature event. This exclusion applies retroactively to amounts received on or after January 1st, 2024, and before January 1st, 2029. The provision also provides that these amounts are not considered

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income for various means-tested social programs.

The seventh provision increases the administrative rate the Franchise Tax Board can charge to collect on accounts that have been referred by a court from 15 percent to 20 percent of the amount collected beginning with fiscal year 25-26.

The final provision requires financial institutions to use the single-sales factor apportionment formula when apportioning multi-state income to California for taxable years beginning on or after January 1st, 2025.

In addition to Senate Bill 132, there are four additional bills recently chaptered that impact FTB.

Assembly Bills 130, 1138, 703, and 1518.

Assembly Bill 130, chaptered on June 30th, increases the renter's credit for qualified renters contingent upon an annual appropriation in the Annual Budget Act.

For taxpayers filing joint returns, head of household, or surviving spouses with gross income of \$50,000 or less, the credit amount will increase from \$120 to \$250. For renters with no dependents, and from \$120 to \$500 with dependents. For all other individuals with gross income of \$25,000 or less, the credit amount will increase from \$60 to \$250 for renters with no

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dependents, and from \$60 to \$500 with dependents.

Assembly Bill 1138, chaptered on July 3rd, modifies definitions for purposes of the Motion Picture Credit 3.0 and 4.0, modifies the credit percentage amount allowed for a qualified motion picture, and modifies the qualified taxpayer requirement for purposes of a certified studio construction project. This bill would also remove the requirement that a credit exceed the qualified taxpayer's tax liability in order to sign any portion of the credit. Additionally, for purposes of Motion Picture 1.0 and 2.0, this bill allows credit assignment by disregarded single-member limited liability company for credits assigned and claimed on a tax return that was timely filed with the Franchise Tax Board on or before January 1st, 2025.

Assembly Bill 703, chaptered on July 28th, allows taxpayers to designate a contribution to the California Pediatric Cancer Research Voluntary Contribution Fund on their personal income tax return beginning January 1st, 2026.

Assembly Bill 1518, chaptered on July 28th, removes the January 1st, 2026 sunset date and makes permanent the group return election for nonresident aliens. The bill would make permanent the exemption from the requirement that nonresident aliens provide a



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social security number or individual tax identification number when filing a state return, statement, or other document with the FTB, and make estimate payment penalties inapplicable for nonresident individuals electing to file in a group return.

FTB is in the preliminary stages of implementing these enacted bills. In addition to the recently chaptered bills, there are many proposed bills still moving through the legislative process. One is Senate Bill 711, which would change the California Revenue and Taxation Code's general specified date of conformity to the Internal Revenue Code from January 1, 2015 to January 1st, 2025 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1st, 2025. Changing the specified date would mean that California tax laws would conform to the changes made to federal tax laws during the ten-year period to the extent California conforms to those laws by reference, except as otherwise provided. Finally, FTB is in the process of analyzing the recently enacted federal HR-1 Act.

In accordance with Revenue and Taxation Code Section 19522, FTB will publish a summary of the federal income tax changes by January 10, 2026.

Thank you, Madam Chair and Board Members, for your time today. I'm happy to answer any questions you



may have.

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CHAIR COHEN: Thank you, Ms. Barton. We appreciate the presentation. I'm going to go in a different direction today, Senator. I'm going to go down to DOF. Nope, no questions. Your lucky day.

MEMBER GAINES: If I could, thank you. Thank you for your presentation, and I was wondering if maybe you could speak a little bit to the movie credit; it looks like it's been increased from \$330 million to \$750 million, but I think you referenced it in a second assembly bill, too, so I'm just curious as to the credits increased, but is there anything more than that that's happening?

MS. BARTON: Okay. Those two bills were actually kind of moving together. Well, I'm sorry. AB 1138 was moving, and the budget trailer bill had this one piece in there.

MEMBER GAINES: Okay.

MS. BARTON: That is increasing the amount of the credit allocation. There's some other similar pieces in the budget trailer bill, but this was the one that is highlighted. And then AB 1138 is changing some of the percentages, some of the definitions, and then, again, allowing single member LLCs to allocate the credit.



1	MEMBER GAINES: Okay. All right. And then you
2	mentioned as part of SB 132, uniformed services. Could
3	you expand on that? What is that?
4	MS. BARTON: Yes. And I can give you a list of
5	the folks that would be impacted, if that would be
6	helpful?
7	MEMBER GAINES: Yeah.
8	MS. BARTON: But if your AGI is \$125,000 or
9	less, if single, \$250,000, if married filing joint, you
10	can exclude up to \$20,000 of income from military
11	services, or from survivor benefit plan payments from
12	your income.
13	MEMBER GAINES: Okay. Great. Thank you. And
14	then could you speak to the wildfire exclusion?
15	MS. BARTON: Yes, I can. The wildfire
16	exclusion is broader than some of the other bills that
17	have passed that were specific to certain fires. This
18	would cover all fires in California, and it's for
19	payments made to taxpayers from a settlement entity on a
20	class action settlement.
21	MEMBER GAINES: Okay.
22	CHAIR COHEN: How much is it?
23	MEMBER GAINES: Yeah. How much is that? Thank
24	you.
25	MS. BARTON: There isn't a limitation on that



exclusion.

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MEMBER GAINES: Okay.

MS. BARTON: It's dependent on the amount of the settlement.

MEMBER GAINES: Okay. So, I'm just trying to follow the train of thought here. If the settlement is less than the actual loss, there's an opportunity for an exclusion from a tax standpoint, or how does it work?

MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: If I may, this was a proposal as part of the Budget Act. So, this was the administration proposal, and so up until now, there has been several policy bills that had excluded from taxable income any income that you receive from settlements related to fires.

MEMBER GAINES: Yes.

MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Our prior approach has been there has been policy bills that did that for specific fires, as well as some that were included as part of the budget, and so, this is a broader approach that goes back to 2021 through 2029, where any fires that are subjected to class action lawsuits, instead of going through that one-by-one approach, you would qualify. So, if you receive any qualifying amount from those settlements, you would be automatically excluded from taxable income.

1	MEMBER GAINES: Okay.
2	MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: So, you would not pay
3	taxes on them.
4	MEMBER GAINES: Excellent.
5	MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: And there is no
6	income threshold.
7	MEMBER GAINES: Yeah. Thank you very much.
8	Appreciate it.
9	CHAIR COHEN: No further questions? All right.
10	Thank you very much. Thank you very much. We
11	are going to go to public comment.
12	Ladies and gentlemen in the chamber, if you'd
13	like to speak to this legislative agenda, please do so.
14	All right. Seeing no public comment in the chamber,
15	let's go to the operator online to see if there's any
16	public comment. Again, this is for item number five.
17	MALE PHONE OPERATOR: Members of the public on
18	the phone lines, if you would like to place yourself in
19	the queue for public comment, as a reminder, you may
20	press one and then zero at this time. No members of the
21	public are queuing up at this time. Please continue.
22	CHAIR COHEN: All right. Thank you. Thank you
23	very much for your presentation. Again, this is just an
24	informational item.
25	We're going to go to item six, which is



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administrative matters. First, we have Thi Luong and Abel Escobar presenting the 2026-27 budget change proposal, which is a board approval item.

Then we will have David Velo, who will then present a request for board approval of two contracts over two million. Okay. The floor is yours. Thank you.

MS. Luong: Thank you. And, yes, I'm here to ask for the money now. So, good afternoon, Chair Cohen and Members of the board.

My name is Thi Luong, Financial Management
Director, here at FTB. I am joined by Abel Escobar, our
Assistant Director, and we are here today to present
FTB's five fiscal year 2026-27 budget change proposals
for your approval. We'll first provide a brief overview
of each of the proposals, and then we'll take any
questions that you may have.

CHAIR COHEN: Thank you.

MS. Luong: Our first proposal is the Enterprise Data to Revenue Phase 2, EDR2. The start of fiscal year 2026-27 will see FTB enter into the sixth and final year of the EDR2 project. We will continue to build on the foundation set by EDR1 for centralizing our technology solutions that support our key business functions.



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EDR2 will expand enterprise case management and modeling services for audit, legal, file enforcement, and our accounts receivable functions, as well as expand on our customer service tools. Following the statewide process to support funding for larger projects, an annual BCP is required for new costs related to that year.

This year's proposal is requesting an augmentation of \$61 million for 2026-27 and includes funding for 27 permanent positions. The request also includes payments for solution partners and funds for the IT asset transition. Costs within this BCP can be ongoing, limited term, or one time, as noted within the BCP narrative.

The requested resources are needed to support various stages of data analytics, tools, and models, enhanced data capture, data management, and oversight functions, including independent verification and validation, quality assurance, and an independent security assessment.

The second proposal is for mainframe workload growth and requests \$13.1 million in fiscal year 26-27 and \$389,000 in fiscal year 27-28 and ongoing. This is needed to replace our primary and disaster recovery mainframe servers.



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The FTB's primary disaster recovery mainframe servers have reached end of market, necessitating a critical refresh to ensure that our systems continue to be reliable and that performance and security is not impacted. These mainframe servers process data that is essential to FTB's mission-critical tax and non-tax applications that support filing, collections, audit, and non-filer processes, as well as our web subservices. A timely refresh of these critical hardware and software components allows FTB to maintain operational stability, current and future mainframe needs, to back up our data, and also to mitigate risks associated with running a system that is past end of market.

The third proposal I'd like to discuss with you is for campus security guards, and it's requesting four million in fiscal year 26-27 and ongoing to fund increased costs for our central office security guards and to procure security guards for our Santa Ana field office. While the number of guards needed at central office has not changed, there has been a steady increase in guard rate paid in the last five years. While FTB has been able to temporarily self-fund some of these increases, we are unable to do so on an ongoing basis without impacting other parts of the department.

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Security and safety are essential functions that protect FTB's facilities, equipment, and data, and also to ensure the safety of our employees, our vendors, and visitors. An internal or external threat could cause disruption to FTB's operations, thus adversely affecting our ability to process returns, issue refunds, or collect taxes. This augmentation will enable FTB to retain qualified security for monitoring and protecting FTB's vital infrastructure, work processes, and staff.

I will now turn it over to Abel to cover our last two proposals.

CHAIR COHEN: Thank you.

MR. ESCOBAR: Good afternoon, Chair Cohen and members of the Board. My name is Abel Escobar, Assistant Director with the Financial Management Bureau. So, proposal number four, FTB Data Platform Modernization, requests an augmentation of \$4.4 million and 11 permanent positions and four two-year limited term positions beginning in 26-27. These resources will lay the foundation for updating FTB's legacy data infrastructure to deliver data more timely and effectively. FTB's existing data platforms are characterized as siloed data repositories, rigid data models, and prolonged processing times. This impedes FTB's ability to harness the full value of advanced



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analytics, artificial intelligence, and machine learning to drive innovation and automation to improve business outcomes.

One primary beneficiary of the updated data platform is FTB's Fraud Analysis and Detection section. In recent years, this team prevents over \$one billion in fraud annually. However, the rate at which technology is advancing is higher than ever before and past fraud prevention strategies are no longer sufficient. This new solution will allow the program to have near realtime access to data and enhanced analytics to stay ahead of the fraudsters and their ever-evolving schemes.

Now, moving on to our final proposal, this is for the political reform audit resources. The request is for an augmentation of \$2.1 million and 14 permanent positions in fiscal year 26-27 and ongoing for the political reform audit program to timely and effectively complete mandated audits as required by the Political Reform Act of 1974. Since 2000, there have been 10 significant acts, bills, and regulation changes that have led to an increase in the political reform audit workloads without a corresponding increase in resources. As a result, FTB has only been able to complete a minimal portion of the mandated work. FTB's inability to adequately administer the program hinders the

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Political Reform Act's goal of instilling public trust of California's elected officials and initiative campaigns, which is vital to the citizens of California and the transparency that California's government mandates.

Compliance with the law is obtained by the presence of formal auditing that includes the potential enforcement, education, warning letters, and fines.

These resources are needed to adequately staff the political reform audit program to complete this important work. Please note, California Government Code Section 90006 provides that audits and investigations of candidates for controller and the California Board of Equalization are conducted by the Fair Political Practices Commission instead of FTB.

At this time, we'd like to request your approval and thank you for your support and we'd be happy to answer any questions you may have.

CHAIR COHEN: All right, thank you very much. We are going to take this item in two votes, okay? But first, we're going to answer questions or take questions. Senator, we'll start with you.

MEMBER GAINES: Thank you. Thank you for your presentation, and I'm just trying to â€" I don't know if you can give me an indication or us an indication in



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terms of what are the odds of these items being funded through the budget change proposals. I know that the state budget has been tight.

MS. Luong: Hi, thank you for the question.

Unfortunately, I cannot give you the odds. However, the way we approach budget change proposals here at FTB, we're very cognizant of the challenging fiscal environment.

So, what we do first is always look at all of the things that we need to do. What are the most critical and which are the ones that we need funding for and the ones that we have a solid and justifiable case for, and those are the ones that you see before you today. And hopefully with your support, it will be able to move along in the process.

MEMBER GAINES: Right. And so, is there a lot of communication with the administration as you prepare these?

MS. Luong: We do. So, as we work through part of the statewide process, we do work with our agency. So, all of the proposals, before we submit them externally to the Department of Finance, they do get prior approval.

MEMBER GAINES: Okay. That's great. And have we spoken on contracts over \$2 million?



1 CHAIR COHEN: Not yet. MEMBER GAINES: Okay. All right. 2 Great. 3 Thank you. CHAIR COHEN: Not yet. Okay. Thank you very 4 5 Let me see. Do you have any questions or comments on this part? No. Thank you very much. 6 We're 7 going to hear from the presentation from David Velo 8 next. MR. VELO: Good afternoon, Madam Chair and 9 10 Board Members. My name is David Velo, Supervisor of the Franchise Tax Board's Procurement Bureau. I'm here 11 12 today to present two proposed procurements, each 13 resulting in contracts of over \$2 million for the 14 Board's approval. 15 The first request seeks approval to renew our software subscription support agreement for IBM 16 17 products. This renewal includes critical components such as licenses, software upgrades, version upgrades, 18 software subscriptions, and technical support. 19 20 Franchise Tax Board has utilized this IBM software and 21 support under this program for about 22 years now. 2.2 This agreement supports several of FTB's core 23 systems, such as case management, taxpayer folder, and 24 MyFTB. Without this agreement in place, these mission-



critical applications would be unavailable, thus

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limiting our ability to process tax returns and serve taxpayers. Our current contract expires on December 31, 2025, and the proposed renewal would extend coverage for one year at an estimated cost of \$16.3 million. If approved, we will work with the Department of Technology to conduct a bid.

Our second request is for the Board's approval to enter into an interagency agreement with the California Department of Community Services and Development, or CSD, to support the California Earned Income Tax Credit Program, or CalEITC. The Administration's fiscal year 2025-26 budget includes \$10 million in education and outreach funds dedicated to increasing awareness and access to CalEITC.

CalEITC is a refundable credit for qualifying low- to moderate-income Californians. Each year, FTB partners with CSD to distribute the education outreach funds to nonprofit and community-based organizations through CSD's existing grant infrastructure. The proposed agreement will be for a one-year term for \$10,718,000. This includes \$10 million to be distributed, as well as an estimated reimbursement for CSD's administrative and operational costs during the 2025-2026 fiscal year. I'm requesting approval to proceed with the proposed procurement and would be happy

1	to answer any questions you may have.
2	CHAIR COHEN: Thank you very much. Colleagues,
3	any questions for Mr. Velo?
4	MEMBER GAINES: If I could. Please. Just a
5	question of clarification for the budget change
6	proposals versus contracts over \$2 million. Do we have
7	the funding, the existing funding, for these requests on
8	Item 6B?
9	MR. VELO: Are you referring to the IBM PPA
10	agreement?
11	MEMBER GAINES: Yes.
12	MR. VELO: Yes, we do.
13	MEMBER GAINES: Yes, okay.
14	MR. VELO: We do.
15	MEMBER GAINES: So, it's just board approval at
16	this point, at this level?
17	MR. VELO: You're correct.
18	MEMBER GAINES: For budgeting or expenses or
19	money that's already available?
20	CHAIR COHEN: Correct.
21	MR. VELO: Correct.
22	MEMBER GAINES: Thank you.
23	MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: And then I had a
24	quick question. I'm just curious. How long has FTB
25	been in the interagency agreement with CDCS? This would



be the how many of year for that. 1 2 MR. VELO: Yeah, I date this back to, I believe, as far as our procurement workload database 3 goes, back to 2017. 4 5 MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: 2017? MR. VELO: Yeah. 6 MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Okay, thank you. 7 Just curious. 8 9 CHAIR COHEN: All right. Let's take public comment on these two items, Item 6, both A and B. If 10 there's any member of the public that would like to 11 comment on 2026-27 budget change proposals or contracts 12 13 over \$2 million, please come up to the podium. Seeing no one flinched, that's a no. Let's 14 15 Operator, let's go online, see if there's any public comment for this item. 16 17 MALE PHONE OPERATOR: Members of the public on the phone lines, if you would like to place yourself in 18 19 the queue for public comment, as a reminder, you may 20 press one and zero at this time. No members of the public are queuing up at this time. Please continue. 21 CHAIR COHEN: All right. Thank you. 2.2 So, the 23 first order that we're going to take up is the 2026-27 2.4 budget change proposals. 25 Please let the record reflect that the



1	Department of Finance will be abstaining from this vote
2	for obvious reasons. Could you please call a roll call
3	vote?
4	MS. RUBALCAVA: Member Gaines?
5	MEMBER GAINES: Aye.
6	MS. RUBALCAVA: Member Andrianarimanana?
7	MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Abstain.
8	MS. RUBALCAVA: Chair Controller Malia Cohen?
9	CHAIR COHEN: Aye. Thank you. And I didn't
10	make a motion for this before I made the vote. Do I
11	need to go back and redo it? Yes. Okay.
12	I'd like to make a motion for Item 6. This is
13	Section A, a motion to vote to affirm and give the
14	Board's approval for items for 2026-27 budget change
15	proposals. Again, could you please call a roll?
16	And that's a second by Senator Gaines.
17	MEMBER GAINES: That's right.
18	CHAIR COHEN: Okay.
19	MS. RUBALCAVA: Member Gaines?
20	MEMBER GAINES: Aye.
21	MS. RUBALCAVA: Member Andrianarimanana?
22	MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Abstain.
23	MS. RUBALCAVA: Chair Controller Malia Cohen?
24	CHAIR COHEN: Okay. Thank you. Yes. Aye.
25	All right. That motion passes with noting the



1	abstention.
2	The second part of Item 6 is B, contracts over
3	\$2 million. That is the motion. We are making a motion
4	for Board approval. Is there a second?
5	MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Second.
6	CHAIR COHEN: All right. Second by the
7	representative from the Department of Finance. Please
8	call a roll call vote.
9	MS. RUBALCAVA: Member Gaines?
10	MEMBER GAINES: Aye.
11	MS. RUBALCAVA: Member Andrianarimanana?
12	MEMBER ANDRIANARIMANANA: Aye.
13	MS. RUBALCAVA: Chair Controller Malia Cohen?
14	CHAIR COHEN: Thank you. Aye. Thank you.
15	This motion passes unanimously. I appreciate the
16	presentation, David and Thi and Abel.
17	All right. Next we're going to have Item 7,
18	the exciting part of the day. It's the Executive
19	Officer's time.
20	MS.STANISLAUS: Thank you. Good afternoon,
21	Madam Chair and the esteemed Board. For my time, I
22	would like to reflect on several recent events that
23	continue to showcase the incredible spirit and
24	commitment of the FTB community.
25	First, I would like to thank the Board members



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for your continued support to our department and to our employees. Your leadership allows us to not only meet our mission, but also foster a culture that values wellness, inclusion, and professional growth. We recently held our 2025 Advisory Board meeting on August 28, where we had the opportunity to engage with key stakeholders, provide updates on department initiatives, and gather valuable feedback that will help shape our future efforts. We are grateful for all those who were in attendance for their perspectives and their partnerships.

On July 30th, we held one of our most uplifting events of the year, FTB Values You event. This was a celebration of the individuals who make up our department, from food to music to dress to art to hobbies and talents. It was a vibrant reminder of the diversity and the creativity we are so lucky and fortunate to have here at FTB. We also hosted our 28th Annual Wellness Fair back in April. Thank you, Controller, for attending our Wellness Fair.

With 35 exhibitors ranging from health and fitness to financial wellness and advocacy, this event continued to emphasize how seriously we take the wellbeing of our employees. Also, thank you for Deputy Controller Hasib Emran and Windie Scott for attending

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these events as well. Just last spring, we had a series of career and hiring events aimed at attracting new talent at FTB, and also supporting our existing employees.

These events were well attended and reflect our ongoing commitment to investing in the future of our workforce. Of course, none of these events would be possible without the incredible work of our staff, from planners to volunteers to performers to presenters. A huge thank you to FTB employees.

You continually go above and beyond, and your efforts bring our values to life. And finally, Board Members, thank you again for your support and encouragement. These moments of connection and recognition and growth reflect a very strong, inclusive, and mission-driven board, and thank you for working so hard to build it at FTB. Thank you.

CHAIR COHEN: Thank you very much. Let's take public comment on the staff report executive officer's time.

Anyone? All right, seeing none. Operator, please check online for public comment.

MALE PHONE OPERATOR: Thank you. Members of the public on the phone lines, if you would like to place yourself in queue for public comment, as a



reminder, please press one followed by zero at this 1 time; one followed by zero. 2 3 No members of the public are queuing up at this time. Please continue. 4 5 CHAIR COHEN: All right, thank you. Public comment is closed, and I'd like to give the floor to 6 7 Senator Gaines. MEMBER GAINES: Great, thank you. I was just 8 curious on our retention rate. Do you know what that is 9 10 for the Franchise Tax Board? MS. STANISLAUS: Yes, we do. We have a very 11 12 high retention rate. It's 94 percent of our employees 13 come to FTB and they stay with us. 14 MEMBER GAINES: Very good. 15 MS. STANISLAUS: Very proud of it. MEMBER GAINES: Excellent, great. So, I 16 applaud you for that, and also your efforts of outreach 17 to make sure we have talented people wanting to serve in 18 19 this capacity. So, thank you. 20 CHAIR COHEN: Thank you. That's great. That 21 was easy. All right. All right, folks, we have 2.2 23 concluded the Executive Officer's time. There's no 24 public comment, so we're going to go to Item No. 8. 25 Item No. 8 is the Board Member's time.



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Let me check in with my colleagues to see if there's any items. Anything for discussion? Nothing for discussion on your part?

All right. Well, I'd like to close out in asking that we take a pause to honor the memory of the late Senator John Burton. For those of you that have not heard, Senator John Burton passed away yesterday at 92 years old. He was a remarkable individual. He was dedicated to public service, and quite honestly, he has left an indelible mark on the State of California. His leadership, compassion, and tireless advocacy for the underserved shape many of the policies that we see today that uplift countless lives.

And as we mourn his passing, we also celebrate his legacy of fairness and commitment to the common good. Senator Burton was a constituent of mine, lived in San Francisco. I represented him when I was on the Board of Supervisors and, of course, as a State Controller.

And so, this has been a personal privilege to be able to honor his memory and to lift up. I would like to acknowledge his grandson and granddaughter and, most importantly, his beloved daughter, Kamiko Burton, who is left to cherish memories but also to grieve. So, if we may take a moment, just a moment of silence, just



1	to reflect on his contributions and the inspiration that
2	he leaves behind.
3	I thank you I thank you for that moment,
4	and I also am very grateful for Senator John Burton's
5	legacy. We have no other business coming before us at
6	this body, so we are going to conclude our board meeting
7	today.
8	Thank you very much for your active
9	participation, and I will see you at the next board
10	meeting. This meeting is adjourned. Thank you.
11	
12	(Board Meeting concluded at 12:37 p.m.)
13	
14	



1	
2	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
3	The undersigned does hereby certify:
4	That I recorded the foregoing proceedings by
5	digital means, which were thereafter transcribed to written
6	format; that the foregoing 100 pages represent a true,
7	accurate, correct, and complete transcript to the best of my
8	ability; that I am neither counsel for, related to, nor
9	employed by any of the parties to the action in which these
10	proceedings were held; and further, that I am not a relative
11	or employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the
12	parties hereto, nor financially or otherwise interested in
13	the outcome of the action.
14	In witness whereof, I have subscribed my name, this
15	22nd day of September, 2025.
16	
17	Vittoria R. Smonyal
18	Withrus. Omorgas
19	VICTORIA SIMONYAK, CER
20	Cert # 1481
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