

# Instructions for Long Form 540NR California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of **January 1, 2005**, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

## Before You Begin

Complete your federal income tax return (Form 1040, Form 1040A, Form 1040EZ, Form 1040NR, or Form 1040NR-EZ) before you begin your Long Form 540NR. Use information from your federal income tax return to complete your Long Form 540NR. Complete and mail Long Form 540NR by April 16, 2007. If unable to mail your return by the due date see page 2.

To get forms and publications referred to in these instructions go to our Website at [www.ftb.ca.gov](http://www.ftb.ca.gov) or see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

**Important:** Attach a copy of your federal income tax return, and all supporting federal forms and schedules, to Long Form 540NR.



You may qualify for the federal earned income credit. See page 2 for more information. No comparable state credit exists.

## Filing in Your Return

- Use black or blue ballpoint pen on the copy you send FTB.
- Enter your Social Security Number(s) (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number(s) (ITIN) at the top of Long Form 540NR, Side 1.
- Print numbers and CAPITAL LETTERS between the combed lines. Be sure to line up dollar amounts.
- Round cents to the nearest whole dollar. For example, round \$50.50 up to \$51 or round \$25.49 down to \$25.
- If you do not have an entry for a line, leave it blank unless the instructions for a line specifically tell you to enter zero. Do not enter a dash or the word "NONE."
- Attach your label. If you don't have a label, please print your name(s) and address in CAPITAL LETTERS.

## Name(s) and Address

If there is a label on the front of your booklet, attach the label to your completed return. Verify correct information is on your label. Cross out any errors and print the correct information.

If there is no label, print your first name, middle initial, last name, and address in the spaces provided at the top of Long Form 540NR.

### Private Mail Box

Include the Private Mail Box (PMB) in the address field. Write the acronym "PMB" first, then the box number. Example: 111 Main Street PMB 123.

### Foreign Address

Enter the information in the following order: City, Country, Province/Region, and Postal Code. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. **Do not** abbreviate the country name.

### Principal Business Activity (PBA) Code

For Schedule C business filers, please enter the numeric Principal Business Activity Code from federal Schedule C, line B in the field labeled "PBA Code" in the address area.

### Prior Name

If you filed your 2005 tax return under a different last name, write the last name only from the 2005 return.

## Social Security Number (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)

Enter your SSNs in the spaces provided. To protect your privacy, your SSN is not printed on your label. If you file a joint return, enter the SSNs in the same order as the names.

**Note:** If you do not have a SSN because you are a nonresident or a resident alien for federal tax purposes, and the IRS issued you an ITIN, enter the ITIN in the space provided for the SSN.

An ITIN is a tax processing number issued by the IRS to foreign nationals and others who have a federal tax filing requirement and do not qualify for a SSN. It is a nine-digit number that always starts with the number 9.

## Filing Status

Usually, your California filing status must be the same as the filing status you used on your federal income tax return. Be sure to enter the required information if you filled in the circle for line 3 or line 5.

If you did not file a federal return because you did not have a federal filing requirement, use the filing status you would have used had you been required to file.

**Nonresident Alien** – A joint return may be filed if, in the case of a nonresident alien married to a United States citizen or resident, both spouses elect to treat the nonresident alien spouse as a resident.



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**Exception for married taxpayers who file a joint federal income tax return** – You may file separate California returns if either spouse was:

- An active member of the United States Armed Forces or any auxiliary military branch during 2006; or
- A nonresident for the entire year and had no income from California sources during 2006.

**Caution: Community Property.** If either spouse earned California source income while domiciled in a community property state, the community income will be split equally between the spouses. Both spouses will have California source income and they will **not** qualify for the nonresident spouse exception. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status, and FTB Pub. 1051A, Guidelines For Married Filing Separate Returns.

**If you filed federal Form 1040NR or Form 1040NR-EZ**, you do not qualify to use the head of household or married filing jointly filing statuses. Instead, use single, married filing separately, or qualifying widow(er) filing status, whichever applies to you.

**If You Are Married and File a Separate Return**, enter your spouse's full name on line 3 and SSN or ITIN in the space provided.

**If You File as Head of Household**, do not claim yourself or a nonrelative as the qualifying individual for head of household. Get FTB Pub. 1540, Tax Information for Head of Household Filing Status, for more information. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

**e-file and you can close this book now!** The software you use to e-file will help you find out if you qualify to claim head of household. Most software provides a questionnaire, FTB 4803e, which will help verify your eligibility to the FTB. Go to our Website at [www.ftb.ca.gov](http://www.ftb.ca.gov).



## Exemptions

### Line 6 – Can be Claimed as a Dependent

Completely fill in the circle on line 6 if someone else can claim you as a dependent on his or her tax return, even if he or she chooses not to.

### Line 7 – Personal Exemptions

Did you fill in the circle on line 6?

**No** Follow the instructions on Long Form 540NR, line 7.

**Yes** Ignore the instructions on Long Form 540NR, line 7. Instead, enter the amount shown on the next page for your filing status:

- Single or married filing separately, enter -0-;
- Head of household, enter -0-;
- Married filing jointly and both you and your spouse can be claimed as dependents, enter -0-; or
- Married filing jointly and only one spouse can be claimed as a dependent, enter 1.

**Line 8 – Blind Exemptions**

The first year you claim this exemption credit, attach a doctor’s statement to the back of Long Form 540NR indicating that you or your spouse is visually impaired. Visually impaired means not capable of seeing better than 20/200 while wearing glasses or contact lenses, or if your field of vision is not more than 20 degrees.

**Caution:** An individual who is someone else’s dependent may not claim this credit.

**Line 9 – Senior Exemptions**

If you were 65 years of age or older by December 31, 2006\*, you should claim an additional exemption credit on line 9. If you are married, each spouse 65 years of age or older should claim an additional credit. You may contribute all or part of this credit to the California Seniors Special Fund. See page 36 for information about this fund.

\* If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2007, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2006.

**Caution:** An individual who is someone else’s dependent may not claim this credit.

**Line 10 – Dependent Exemptions**

To claim an exemption credit for each of your dependents, write each dependent’s name and relationship to you in the space provided. If you have more than three dependents, attach a schedule. The persons you list as dependents must be the same persons you listed as dependents on your federal income tax return. Count the number of dependents listed and enter the total in the box on line 10. Multiply the number you entered by the pre-printed dollar amount and enter the result.

**Line 11 – Total Exemptions**

Add line 7 through line 10 and enter the total amount of all exemptions – personal, blind, and dependent.

**Total Taxable Income**

Refer to your completed federal income tax return to complete this section.

**Line 12 – California Wages**

Enter the total amount of your California wages from your Form(s) W-2 or CA Sch W-2. This amount appears in box 16 of Form W-2 or line C of CA Sch W-2.

**Line 14 – California Adjustments — Subtractions  
(from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column B)**

Complete Schedule CA (540NR) to find the amount to enter on Long Form 540NR, line 14. Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540NR) beginning on page 39. Enter the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column B on Long Form 540NR, line 14.

**Caution:** If the amount on Schedule CA (540NR) line 37, column B is a negative number, do not transfer it to Long Form 540NR, line 14 as a negative number. Instead, transfer the number as a positive number to Long Form 540NR, line 16.

**Line 15 – Subtotal**

Subtract the amount on line 14 from the amount on line 13. Enter the result on line 15. If the amount on line 13 is less than zero, combine the amounts on line 13 and line 14 and enter the amount in parentheses. For example: “(12,325).”

**Line 16 – California Adjustments — Additions  
(from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column C)**

Complete Schedule CA (540NR), to find the amount to enter on Long Form 540NR, line 16. Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540NR) beginning on page 39. Enter the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column C on Long Form 540NR, line 16.

**Caution:** If the amount on Schedule CA (540NR) line 37, column C is a negative number, do not transfer it to Long Form 540NR, line 16 as a negative number. Instead, transfer the number as a positive number to Long Form 540NR, line 14.

**Line 17 – Adjusted Gross Income From All Sources**

Combine line 15 and line 16. This amount should match the amount on Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column D.

**Line 18 – California Itemized Deductions or California Standard Deduction**

Decide whether to itemize your charitable contributions, medical expenses, etc., or take the standard deduction. Your California income tax will be less if you take the **larger** of your California:

- Itemized deductions (total itemized deductions allowed under California law); or
- Standard deduction.

If married and filing separate returns, you and your spouse must either both itemize your deductions or both take the standard deduction.

Also, if someone else can claim you as a dependent, you may claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. To figure your standard deduction, see the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on page 17.

**Itemized deductions.** Figure your California itemized deductions by completing Schedule CA (540NR), Part III, line 38 through line 44. Enter the result on Long Form 540NR, line 18.

**Note:** If you did not itemize deductions on your federal income tax return but will itemize deductions for your Long Form 540NR, first complete a sample federal Schedule A, Itemized Deductions. Then complete Schedule CA (540NR), Part III, line 38 through line 44.

**Standard deduction.** Find your standard deduction on the California Standard Deduction Chart For Most People below. If you filled in the circle on Long Form 540NR, line 6, use the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents, on page 17, instead.

<b>California Standard Deduction Chart for Most People</b>	
Do not use this chart if someone else can claim you (or your spouse) as a dependent on his or her tax return.	
<b>Your Filing Status</b>	<b>Enter On Line 18</b>
1 – Single . . . . .	\$3,410
2 – Married filing jointly . . . . .	\$6,820
3 – Married filing separately . . . . .	\$3,410
4 – Head of household . . . . .	\$6,820
5 – Qualifying widow(er) . . . . .	\$6,820
<b>Note:</b> The California standard deduction amounts are less than the federal standard deduction amounts.	

**California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents**

Use this worksheet only if someone else can claim you (or your spouse) as a dependent on his or her tax return.

1. Enter your earned income from: line 1 of the "Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents" in the instructions for federal Form 1040; Form 1040A; or from line A of the worksheet on the back of Form 1040EZ . . . . . 1 \_\_\_\_\_
2. Minimum standard deduction . . . . . 2 \$850.00
3. Enter the **larger** of line 1 or line 2 here . . . . . 3 \_\_\_\_\_
4. Enter the amount shown for your filing status:
  - Single or married filing separately, enter \$3,410
  - Married filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er), enter \$6,820
 } . . . . . 4 \_\_\_\_\_
5. **Standard deduction.** Enter the **smaller** of line 3 or line 4 here and on the Short or Long Form 540NR, line 18. . . . . 5 \_\_\_\_\_


**Line 19 – Taxable Income**

Capital Construction Fund (CCF). If you claim a deduction on your federal Form 1040, line 43 for a contribution made to a capital construction fund set up under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, reduce the amount you contributed on Taxable Income Line 19 by the amount of the deduction. Next to line 19 enter "CCF" and the amount of the deduction. For details, see federal Publication 595, Capital Construction Fund for Commercial Fisherman.

**California Taxable Income**

When you figure your tax, use the correct filing status and taxable income amount.

**Line 20 – Tax**

 **Tip** e-file and you won't have to do the math. Go to our Website at [www.ftb.ca.gov](http://www.ftb.ca.gov).

To figure your tax on the amount on line 19, use one of the following methods and fill in the matching circle on line 20:

- **Tax Table.** If your taxable income on line 19 is \$100,000 or less, use the tax table beginning on page 29. Use the correct filing status column in the tax table.
- **Tax Rate Schedules.** If your taxable income on line 19 is over \$100,000, use the tax rates schedules on page 34.
- **FTB 3800.** Generally, you use form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Children Under Age 14 with Investment Income, to figure the tax on a separate Long Form 540NR for your child who was under age 14 on January 1, 2007, and who had more than \$1,700 of investment income. Attach form FTB 3800 to the child's Long Form 540NR.
- **FTB 3803.** If, as a parent, you elect to report your child's interest and dividend income of \$8,500 or less (but not less than \$850) on your return, complete form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. File a separate form FTB 3803 for each child whose income you elect to include on your Long Form 540NR. Add the amount of tax, if any, from each form FTB 3803, line 9, to the amount of your tax from the tax table or tax rate schedules and enter the result on Long Form 540NR, line 20. Attach form(s) FTB 3803 to your return.

**Note:** To prevent possible delays in processing your return or refund, enter the correct tax amount on this line. To automatically figure your tax or to verify your tax calculation, use our online tax calculator by going to our Website at [www.ftb.ca.gov](http://www.ftb.ca.gov).

**Line 21 – CA Adjusted Gross Income**

Complete Schedule CA (540NR), line 45 to determine your California adjusted gross income. Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540NR)

beginning on page 39. Enter on Long Form 540NR, line 21 the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 45.

**Line 23 – CA Tax Rate**

In this computation, FTB rounds the tax rate to four digits after the decimal. If your computation is different, you may receive a notice due to the difference in rounding. Contact us at (800) 852-5711 if you disagree with this notice.

**Line 25a – CA Exemption Credit Percentage**

Divide the California Taxable Income (line 22) by Total Taxable Income (line 19). This percentage does not apply to the Nonrefundable Renter's Credit, Other State Tax Credit, or credits that are conditional upon a transaction occurring wholly within California. **If more than 1, enter 1.0000.**

**Line 25b – CA Prorated Exemption Credits**

Use your exemption credits to reduce your tax. If your federal adjusted gross income (AGI) on line 13 is more than the amount for your filing status, your credits will be limited.

If your filing status is:	Is Long Form 540NR, line 13 more than:
Single or married filing separately . . . . .	\$150,743
Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) . . . . .	\$301,491
Head of household . . . . .	\$226,119

**Yes** Complete the AGI Limitation Worksheet on this page.

**No** Multiply line 11 by line 25a.

**AGI Limitation Worksheet**

- |  |                |
|--|----------------|
| <b>a</b> Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 13 . . . . .  | <b>a</b> _____ |
| <b>b</b> Enter the amount for your filing status on line b:  |                |
| • Single or married filing separately. . . . . \$150,743   |                |
| • Married filing jointly or  |                |
| qualifying widow(er) . . . . . \$301,491 . . . . .   | <b>b</b> _____ |
| • Head of household . . . . . \$226,119  |                |
| <b>c</b> Subtract line b from line a. . . . .  | <b>c</b> _____ |
| <b>d</b> Divide line c by \$2,500 (\$1,250 if married filing separately). <b>Note:</b> If the result is not a whole number, round it to the next higher whole number . . . . . | <b>d</b> _____ |
| <b>e</b> Multiply line d by \$6 . . . . .  | <b>e</b> _____ |
| <b>f</b> Add the numbers from the boxes on Long Form 540NR, line 7, line 8, and line 9 (not the dollar amounts) . . . . .  | <b>f</b> _____ |
| <b>g</b> Multiply line e by line f . . . . .   | <b>g</b> _____ |
| <b>h</b> Enter the total dollar amount for line 7, line 8, and line 9 . . . . .  | <b>h</b> _____ |
| <b>i</b> Subtract line g from line h. If zero or less enter -0- . . . . .  | <b>i</b> _____ |
| <b>j</b> Enter the number from the box on Long Form 540NR, line 10 (not the dollar amount) . . . . .   | <b>j</b> _____ |
| <b>k</b> Multiply line e by line j . . . . .   | <b>k</b> _____ |
| <b>l</b> Enter the dollar amount (that you filled in) from Long Form 540NR, line 10 . . . . .  | <b>l</b> _____ |
| <b>m</b> Subtract line k from line l. If zero or less, enter -0- . . . . .   | <b>m</b> _____ |
| <b>n</b> Add line i and line m. Enter the result here . . . . .  | <b>n</b> _____ |
| <b>o</b> Multiply the amount on line n by the CA Exemption Credit Percentage on Form 540NR, line 25a. Enter the result here and on Form 540NR, line 25b . . . . .              | <b>o</b> _____ |

**Line 26 – Tax from Schedule G-1 and Form FTB 5870A**

If you received a qualified lump-sum distribution in 2006 and you were born before January 2, 1936, get Schedule G-1, Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions, to figure your tax by special methods that may result in less tax.

If you received accumulation distributions from foreign trusts or from certain domestic trusts, get form FTB 5870A, Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts, to figure the additional tax.

To get these forms, see "Order Forms and Publications" on page 59.

### Special Credits and Nonrefundable Renter's Credit

A variety of California tax credits are available to reduce your tax if you qualify. To figure and claim most credits, complete a separate form or schedule and attach it to your Long Form 540NR. The Credit Chart on page 38 describes the credits and provides the name, credit code, and number of the required form, schedule, worksheet, or certificate you need to complete. Many credits are limited to a certain percentage or a certain dollar amount. In addition, the total amount you may claim for all credits is limited by tentative minimum tax (TMT). Answer the following questions before you claim credits on your tax return.

1. Do you qualify to claim the nonrefundable renter's credit? (See page 37.)  
Check  **Yes** or  **No**, then go to Question 2.
2. Are you claiming any other special credit listed in the Credit Chart on page 38?

**No** If you checked "Yes" for Question 1 and entered an amount on Long Form 540NR, line 35, go to line 36. If you checked "No" for Question 1, skip to the instructions for line 37.

**Yes** Figure your credit using the form, schedule, worksheet, or certificate identified in the Credit Chart. Then go to Box A below to see if the total amount you may claim for all credits is limited by TMT. If you checked "Yes" for Question 1, verify that you entered your nonrefundable renter's credit on line 35.

**Box A** – Did you complete federal Schedule C, D, E, or F **and** claim or receive any of the following:

- Accelerated depreciation in excess of straight-line;
- Intangible drilling costs;
- Depletion;
- Circulation expenditures;
- Research and experimental expenditures;
- Mining exploration/development costs;
- Amortization of pollution control facilities;
- Income/loss from tax shelter farm activities;
- Income/loss from passive activities;
- Income from long-term contracts using the percentage of completion method;
- Pass-through AMT adjustment from an estate or trust reported on Schedule K-1 (541); or
- Excluded gain on the sale of qualified small business stock.

**Yes** Get and complete Schedule P (540NR). See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 59.

**No** Go to Box B.

**Box B** – Did you claim or receive any of the following:

- Investment interest expense; **226**
- Income from incentive stock options in excess of the amount reported on your return; or **225**
- Income from installment sales of certain property.

**Yes** Get and complete Schedule P (540NR). See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 59.

**No** Go to Box C.

**Box C** – If your filing status is: Is Long Form 540NR, line 17 more than:

- Single or head of household. . . . . \$207,888
- Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) . . . . . \$277,183
- Married filing separately. . . . . \$138,591

**Yes** Get and complete Schedule P (540NR). See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 59.

**No** Your credits are not limited. Go to the instructions for the Long Form 540NR, line 32, on page 19.

**Carryovers:** If you claim a credit with carryover provisions and the amount of the credit available this year exceeds your tax, carry over any excess credit to future years until the credit is used (unless the carryover period is a fixed number of years). If you claim a credit carryover from an expired credit, use form FTB 3540, Credit Carryover Summary, to figure the amount of the credit.

If you need to complete Schedule P (540NR) and if you claim any of the credits on line 28 through line 30, do not enter an amount on line 28 through line 30. Instead, enter the total amount of these credits from Schedule P (540NR), Part III, Section B1, line 12 through line 14, on Long Form 540NR, line 31. Do not follow the instructions for line 31. Write "Schedule P (540NR)" to the left of the amount entered on line 31.

### Line 28 – Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household — Code 170

**Note:** You may **not** claim this credit if you used the head of household, married filing jointly, or the qualifying widow(er) filing status.

If you qualify for both the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, you are only allowed to claim one or the other, not both. Claim the credit if unmarried at the end of 2006 (or if married, you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2006 and you used the married filing separately filing status); and if you furnished more than one-half the household expenses for your home that also served as the main home of your child, step-child, or grandchild for at least 146 days but not more than 219 days of your taxable year. If the child is married, you must be entitled to claim a dependent exemption for the child.

Also, the custody arrangement for the child must be part of a decree of dissolution or separate maintenance or part of a written agreement between the parents where the proceedings have been initiated, but a decree of dissolution or separate maintenance has not yet been issued.

**If your Federal AGI is more than \$150,743, subtract line n from the AGI Limitation Worksheet on page 17 from line 20 of the Long Form 540NR and enter this amount on line 1 of the worksheet below to calculate your credit.**

Use the worksheet below to figure this credit:

1. Subtract line 11 from line 20 on Long Form 540NR and enter the result here . . . . . **1** \_\_\_\_\_
2. Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 26 . . . **2** \_\_\_\_\_
3. Add line 1 and line 2 . . . . . **3** \_\_\_\_\_
4. Credit percentage — 30% . . . . . **4** x .30
5. Credit amount. Multiply line 3 by line 4.  
Enter on this line the result or \$363, whichever is less. Enter this amount on line 28 of the Long Form 540NR, Side 1 . . . . . **5** \_\_\_\_\_

### Line 29 – Credit for Dependent Parent — Code 173

**Note:** You may **not** claim this credit if you used the single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married filing jointly filing status.

If you qualify for both the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, you are only allowed to claim one or the other, not both.

- Claim this credit only if:
- You were married at the end of 2006 and you used the married filing separately filing status;

- Your spouse was not a member of your household during the last six months of the year; and
- You furnished over one-half the household expenses for your dependent mother or father, whether or not she or he lived in your home.

To figure the amount of this credit, use the worksheet for the credit for joint custody head of household, on page 18.

Enter on this line the result or \$363, whichever is less. Enter this amount on line 29 of the Long Form 540NR, Side 1.

**Line 30 – Credit for Senior Head of Household — Code 163**

Claim this credit if you:

- Were 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2006\*;
- Qualified as a head of household in 2004 or 2005 by providing a household for a qualifying individual who died during 2004 or 2005; and
- Did not have adjusted gross income over \$58,963 for 2006.

\*If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2007, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2006.

**Note:** If you meet all the conditions listed, you do not need to qualify to use the head of household filing status for 2006 in order to claim this credit.

Use the worksheet below to figure this credit:

1. Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 19 . . . . . **1** \_\_\_\_\_

2. Credit percentage — 2% . . . . . **2** x .02

3. Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2.  
Enter on this line the result or \$1,111, whichever is less. Enter this amount on line 30 of the Long Form 540NR, Side 1 . . . . . **3** \_\_\_\_\_

**Line 31 – Credit Percentage and Credit Amount**

Complete the worksheet below to compute your credit percentage and the allowable prorated credit to enter on line 31. If you completed Schedule P (540NR), see the instructions right above the Line 28 instructions.

**Part I – Credit Percentage**

1. Divide Long Form 540NR, line 22 by line 19. Enter the result here and on Long Form 540NR, line **31a** . . . . . **1** \_\_\_\_\_

**Part II – Credit Amount**

**Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household**

1. Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 28 . . . **1** \_\_\_\_\_

2. Credit Percentage from Part I, line 1 . . . . . **2** x \_\_\_\_\_

3. Multiply line 1 by line 2 . . . . . **3** \_\_\_\_\_

4. **Enter the lesser of the amount from line 3 or \$363.** . . . . . **4** \_\_\_\_\_

**Credit for Dependent Parent**

5. Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 29 . . . **5** \_\_\_\_\_

6. Credit Percentage from Part I, line 1 . . . . . **6** x \_\_\_\_\_

7. Multiply line 5 by line 6 . . . . . **7** \_\_\_\_\_

8. **Enter the lesser of the amount on line 7 or \$363.** . . . . . **8** \_\_\_\_\_

**Credit for Senior Head of Household**

9. Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 30 . . . **9** \_\_\_\_\_

10. Credit Percentage from Part I, line 1 . . . . . **10** x \_\_\_\_\_

11. Multiply line 9 by line 10 . . . . . **11** \_\_\_\_\_

12. **Enter the lesser of the amount on line 11 or \$1,111** . . . **12** \_\_\_\_\_

**Total Prorated Credits**

13. Add line 4, line 8, and line 12. Enter the result here and on Long Form 540NR, line 31 . . . . . **13** \_\_\_\_\_

**Line 32 through Line 34 – Additional Special Credits**

A code number identifies each credit. To claim only one or two credits, enter the credit name, code number, and amount of the credit on line 32 and line 33. To claim more than two credits, get Schedule P (540NR) complete Part III to list the additional credits. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58. List two of the credits on

line 32 and line 33. Enter on line 34 the total of any remaining credits from Schedule P (540NR).

**Important:** Attach Schedule P (540NR) and any required supporting schedules or statements to your Long Form 540NR.

**Credit for Child Adoption Costs — Code 197**

For the year in which an adoption decree or an order of adoption is entered (e.g. adoption is final), claim a credit for 50% of the cost of adopting a child who was both:

- A citizen or legal resident of the United States, and
- In the **custody** of a California public agency or a California political subdivision.

You may treat a prior unsuccessful attempt to adopt a child (even when the costs were incurred in a prior year) and a later successful adoption of a different child as one effort when computing the cost of adopting the child. Include the following costs if directly related to the adoption process:

- Fees for Department of Social Services or a licensed adoption agency.
- Medical expenses not reimbursed by insurance.
- Travel expenses for the adoptive family.

**Note:**

- This credit does not apply when a child is adopted from another country or another state, or who was not in the custody of a California public agency or a California political subdivision.
- Any deduction for the expenses used to claim this credit must be reduced by the amount of the child adoption costs credit claimed.

Use the following worksheet to figure this credit. If more than one adoption qualifies for this credit, complete a separate worksheet for each adoption. The maximum credit is limited to \$2,500 per minor child.

1. Enter qualifying costs for the child . . . . . **1** \_\_\_\_\_

2. Credit percentage — 50% . . . . . **2** x .50

3. Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2.  
Do not enter more than \$2,500 . . . . . **3** \_\_\_\_\_

Your allowable credit is limited to \$2,500 for 2006. You may carryover the excess credit to future years until the credit is used.

**Line 35 – Nonrefundable Renter's Credit**

Did you pay rent for at least six months in 2006 on your principle residence located in California?

**Yes** You may qualify to claim this credit which may reduce your tax. Complete the qualification record on page 37.

**No** Go to line 36.

**Line 37**

Subtract the amount on line 36 from the amount on line 27. Enter the result on line 37. If the amount on line 36 is more than the amount on line 27, enter -0-. If you owe interest on deferred tax from installment obligations, include the additional tax, if any, in the amount you enter on line 37. Write "IRC Section 453 interest" or "IRC Section 453A interest" and the amount on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 37.

**Other Taxes**

Attach the specific form or statement required for each item below.

**Line 39 – Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT)**

If you claim certain types of deductions, exclusions, and credits, you may owe AMT if your total income is more than:

- \$73,916 married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); or
- \$55,437 single or head of household; or
- \$36,956 married filing separately.

A child under age 14 may owe AMT if the sum of the amount on line 19 (taxable income) and any preference items listed on Schedule P (540NR) and included on the return is more than the sum of \$5,500 plus the child's earned income.

AMT income does not include income, adjustments, and items of tax preference related to any trade or business of a qualified taxpayer who has gross receipts, less returns and allowances, during the taxable year of less than \$1,000,000 from **all** trades or businesses.

Get Schedule P (540NR) for more information. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

**Line 40 – Mental Health Services Tax**

If your taxable income or nonresident CA source taxable income is more than \$1,000,000, compute the Mental Health Services tax below:

A. Taxable income from Long Form 540NR, line 22 . . .	_____
B. Less: . . . . .	\$(1,000,000)
C. Subtotal . . . . .	_____
D. Multiply line C by 1%. . . . .	x _____ .01
E. Mental Health Services Tax - Enter this amount here and on Long Form 540NR, line 40. . . . .	_____

**Line 41 – Other Taxes and Credit Recapture**

If you received an early distribution of a qualified retirement plan and were required to report additional tax on your federal return, you may also be required to report additional tax on your California tax return. Get form FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes on Qualified Plans (Including IRAs) and Other Tax-Favored Accounts. If required to report additional tax, report it on line 41 and write "FTB 3805P" to the left of the amount.

California conforms to federal law for income received under IRC section 409A on a nonqualified deferred compensation plan. Income received under IRC section 409A is subject to an additional 20% tax plus interest. Include the additional tax, if any, on line 41. Write "NQDC" on the dotted line to the left of the amount.

If you used form(s)

- FTB 3501, Employer Child Care Program/Contribution Credit;
- FTB 3508, Solar or Wind Energy System Credit;
- FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Deduction and Credit Summary;
- FTB 3806, Los Angeles Revitalization Zone Deduction and Credit Summary;
- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Deduction and Credit Summary;
- FTB 3808, Manufacturing Enhancement Area Credit Summary; or
- FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary;

include the additional tax, if any, on line 41. Write the form number on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 41.

**Payments**

Have your Form(s) W-2 (or CA Sch W-2), W-2G, 1099-MISC, 1099-R, 592-B, 593-B, and 594 before you begin this section.

If you received wages and do not have a Form W-2, see page 8, Question 2.

**Line 43 – California Income Tax Withheld**

Enter the total California income tax withheld from your Form(s):

- W-2, box 17 (or CA Sch W-2);
- W-2G, box 14;
- 1099-MISC, box 16; or
- 1099-R, box 10.

**Note:** The Franchise Tax Board verifies all withholding claimed from Forms W-2 (or CA Sch W-2), W-2G, 1099-MISC, and 1099R with the Employment Development Department (EDD).

**Caution:** Do not include city or county tax withheld or tax withheld by other states. Do not include nonresident or real estate withholding from Form(s) 592-B, 593-B, or 594 on this line. See line 44. If you had California tax withheld and did not receive Forms W-2 or 1099, contact the entity that paid the income.

If you received Form(s) 1099-MISC or 1099-R showing California income tax withheld, include the amount(s) withheld in the total on line 43 and attach a copy of the Form(s) 1099 to your return.

**Caution:** Generally, tax should not be withheld on Form 1099-MISC. If you want to pre-pay tax on income reported on Form 1099-MISC, use Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

**Line 44 – Nonresident Withholding**

If you were a nonresident who received California source income or sold California real estate, enter the total California tax withheld from your Form(s) 592-B, 593-B, or 594 (Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement, Real Estate Withholding Tax Statement, or Notice to Withhold Tax at Source, respectively). Attach a copy of Form(s) 592-B, 593-B, or 594 to the lower front of Long Form 540NR, Side 1.

**Caution:** Do not include withholding from other forms on this line. If you had California income tax withheld and did not receive Form(s) W-2 or 1099, contact the entity that paid the income.

**Line 45 – 2006 CA Estimated Tax and Other Payments**

Enter the total of any:

- California estimated tax payments you made (Form 540-ES) for 2006;
- Overpayment from your 2005 California income tax return that you applied to your 2006 estimated tax;
- Payment you sent with form FTB 3519, Automatic Extension for Individuals; and
- California estimated tax payments made on your behalf by an estate or trust on Schedule K-1 (541).

**Note:** If you are including nonconsenting nonresident (NCNR) tax, write "LLC" on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 45, and attach Schedule K-1 (568) with the amount of the NCNR tax claimed.

If you and your spouse paid joint estimated taxes but are now filing separate income tax returns, either of you may claim the entire amount paid, or each may claim part of the joint estimated tax payments. If you want the estimated tax payments to be divided, notify the FTB before you file the tax returns so the payments can be applied to the proper account. The FTB will accept in writing, any divorce agreement (or court ordered settlement) or a statement showing the allocation of the payments along with a notarized signature of both taxpayers.

Send statements to:

JOINT ESTIMATED CREDIT ALLOCATION MS F225  
TAXPAYER SERVICES CENTER  
FRANCHISE TAX BOARD  
PO BOX 942840  
SACRAMENTO, CA 94240-0040

**Note:** To view your payments, go to [www.ftb.ca.gov](http://www.ftb.ca.gov) and search for **Check your account**.

If you or your spouse made separate estimated tax payments, but are now filing a joint income tax return, add the amounts you each paid. Attach a statement to the front of your Long Form 540NR explaining that payments were made under both social security numbers.

**Note:** You do not have to make estimated tax payments if you are a nonresident or new resident of California in 2007 and did not have a California tax liability in 2006.

**Line 46 – Excess California SDI (or VPDI) Withheld**

You may be entitled to claim a credit for excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) or Voluntary Plan Disability Insurance (VPDI) only if you meet all of the following conditions:

- You had **two or more** California employers during 2006;
- You received more than \$79,418 in wages; and
- The amounts of SDI (or VPDI) withheld appear on your Forms W-2. Be sure to attach your Forms W-2 (or CA Sch W-2) to your Long Form 540NR.

If SDI or VPDI was withheld from your wages by a single employer, at a rate of more than 0.8%, you may not claim excess SDI (or VPDI) on your Long Form 540NR. Contact the employer for a refund.

To determine the amount to enter on line 46, complete the Excess SDI (or VPDI) Worksheet below. If married filing jointly, figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPDI) separately for each spouse.

**Excess SDI (or VPD) Worksheet**

Follow the instructions below to figure the amount to enter on Long Form 540NR, line 46. If you are married and file a joint return, you must figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPD) separately for each spouse.

	You	Your Spouse
1. Add amounts of SDI (or VPD) withheld shown on your Forms W-2. Enter the total here . . . . . 1		
2. 2006 SDI (or VPD) limit . . . . . 2	\$635.34	\$635.34
3. Excess SDI (or VPD) withheld. Subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the results here. Combine the amounts on line 3 and enter the total on Long Form 540NR, line 46 . . . . . 3		

**Note:** If zero or less, enter -0- on line 46.

**Line 47 through Line 50 – Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit**

Claim this credit if you paid someone to care for your child under the age of 13, other dependent who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself, or spouse if physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself. Your federal adjusted gross income must be \$100,000 or less. Complete and attach form FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit.

The care must have been provided in California. You must have California-sourced income (wages earned working in California or self-employment income from California business activities).

A servicemember's active duty military pay is considered earned income, regardless of whether the servicemember is domiciled in California. Get Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel, for more information.

**Line 47 and Line 48**

Enter the qualifying person's social security number. Do not enter more than one qualifying person's social security number on line 47 or line 48 from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 2. If you have more than two qualifying persons, see the instructions for form FTB 3506, Part III, line 2.

**Line 49**

Enter the credit allowed from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 8 (**do not** round this amount).

**Line 50**

Enter the credit allowed from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 12 (**do not** round this amount). See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

**Overpaid Tax or Tax Due**

**Note:** If you received a refund for 2005, you may receive a Form 1099-G, Certain Government and Qualified State Tuition Program Payments. The refund amount reported on your Form 1099-G will be different from the amount shown on your tax return if you claimed the Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit. This is because the credit is not part of the refund from withholdings or estimated tax payments.

To avoid a delay in the processing of your return, enter the correct amounts on line 52 through line 55.

**Line 52 – Overpaid Tax**

If the amount on line 51 is more than the amount on line 42, subtract the amount on line 42 from the amount on line 51. Enter the result on line 52. Your payments and credits are more than your tax.

**Line 53 – Amount You Want Applied to Your 2007 Estimated Tax**

Apply all or part of the amount on line 52 to your estimated tax for 2007. Enter on line 53 the amount of line 52 you want applied to 2007.

An election to apply an overpayment against estimated tax is binding. Once the election is made, the overpayment cannot be used against a deficiency after the due date of the return.

**Line 54 – Overpaid Tax Available This Year**

If you entered an amount on line 53, subtract it from the amount on line 52. Enter the result on line 54. You may have this entire amount refunded to you or make contributions to the California Seniors Special Fund or make other voluntary contributions from this amount. If you make a contribution, skip line 55 and go to the instructions for contributions.

**Line 55 – Tax Due**

If the amount on line 51 is less than the amount on line 42, subtract the amount on line 51 from the amount on line 42. Enter the result on line 55. Your tax is more than your payments and credits.

There is a penalty for not paying enough tax during the year. You may have to pay a penalty if:

- The tax due on line 55 is \$200 or more (\$100 or more if married filing separately); and
- The amount of state income tax withheld on line 43 is less than 90% of the amount of your total tax on line 42.

If you owe a penalty, the Franchise Tax Board will figure the penalty and send you a bill.

**Contributions**

Make voluntary contributions of \$1 or more in whole dollar amounts for line 56 through line 69. The amount you contribute either reduces your overpaid tax or increases your tax due. Contribute only to the funds listed on page 36. No changes can be made to contributions after you file your return.

**Line 56 – Contribution to California Seniors Special Fund**

If you and/or your spouse are 65 years of age or older and claim the Senior Exemption Credit on line 9, you may make a combined total contribution of up to \$182 or \$91 per spouse. Contributions entered on line 56 will be distributed to the Area Agency of Aging Councils (TACC) to provide advice on and sponsorship of Senior Citizen issues. Any excess contributions not required by TACC will be distributed to senior citizen service organizations throughout California for meals, adult day care, and transportation.

Use the worksheet below to figure your contribution:

1. If you contribute, enter \$91; if you and your spouse contribute, enter \$182. . . . . 1 \_\_\_\_\_
2. Enter the ratio from Long Form 540NR, line 25a. . . . . 2 \_\_\_\_\_
3. Contribution amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2. Enter the result (rounded to the nearest whole dollar) here . . . . . 3 \_\_\_\_\_

You may contribute any amount up to the amount on line 3. Enter your contribution on line 56.

**Line 70 – Total Contributions**

Add line 56 through line 69. Enter the result on line 70. If you show an amount on line 54, you must subtract the amount you contribute from the amount of overpaid tax. If you show an amount on line 55, you must add your total contributions to your tax due.

**Amount You Owe**

Add or subtract correctly to figure the amount of your refund or the amount you owe.

**Line 71 – Amount You Owe**

If you did not enter an amount on line 70, enter the amount from line 55 on line 71. This is the amount you owe with your Long Form 540NR.

If you entered an amount on line 70, add that amount to the amount on line 55. Enter the result on line 71. This is the amount you owe with your Long Form 540NR.

To avoid a late filing penalty, file your Long Form 540NR by the extended due date even if unable to pay the amount you owe.

Do not combine your 2006 tax payment and any 2007 estimated tax payment in the same check or money order. Prepare two separate checks or money orders and mail each in a separate envelope.

**Payment Options**

- **Electronic Funds Withdrawal** – Instead of paying by check you may use this convenient option if you e-file. Provide your bank information, amount you want to pay, and the date you want the balance due to be withdrawn from your account. Your tax preparation software will offer this option.
- **Web Pay** – Enjoy the convenience of online bill payment with Franchise Tax Board's Web Pay. This secure online service lets you pay the current amount you owe, as well as any future payments or bills. Go to our Website at [www.ftb.ca.gov](http://www.ftb.ca.gov) for more information. Log on using your social security number and your current customer service number.
- **Check or Money Order** – Make your check or money order payable to the "Franchise Tax Board." **Do not send cash.** Write your SSN or ITIN and "2006 Form 540" on the check or money order. Enclose, but do not staple, your payment with your return.

**Note:** Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution. Do not combine your 2006 tax payment and any 2007 estimated tax payment in the same check. Prepare two separate checks and mail each in a separate envelope.

A penalty may be imposed if your check is returned by your bank for insufficient funds.

**Note:** If you enter an amount on line 72 or line 73, see the instructions for line 74 for information about how to prepare your check or money order.

- **Credit Card** – Whether you e-file or file by mail, you can use your Discover/Novus, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card to pay your personal income taxes (tax return balance due, extension payment, estimated tax payment, or tax due with bill notice). If you pay by credit card, do not mail form FTB 3519 to us. Call (800) 272-9829 or go to the Website at [www.officialpayments.com](http://www.officialpayments.com), and use the jurisdiction code 1555. Official Payments Corp. charges a convenience fee for using this service.

**Convenience Fee**

- 2.5% of the tax amount charged (rounded to the nearest cent)
- Minimum fee: \$1

**Example:** Tax Payment = \$753.56 Convenience Fee = \$18.84

**When will my payments be effective?**

Your payment is effective on the date you charge it.

**What if I change my mind?**

If you pay your tax liability by credit card and later reverse the credit card transaction, you may be subject to penalties, interest, and other fees imposed by the Franchise Tax Board for nonpayment or late payment of your tax liability.

**How do I use my credit card to pay my income tax bill?**

Once you have determined the type of payment and how much you owe, the following information is needed:

- Your Discover/Novus, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card
- Credit card number
- Expiration date
- Amount you are paying
- Your and your spouse's SSN (or ITIN)
- First 4 letters of your and your spouse's last name

- Tax year
- Home phone number
- ZIP Code for address where your monthly credit card bill is sent
- FTB Jurisdiction Code: 1555

Go to the Official Payments Corp. Website at [www.officialpayments.com](http://www.officialpayments.com) and select Payment Center, or use the toll-free number at (800) 2PAY-TAX or (800) 272-9829. Follow the recorded instructions. Official Payments Corp. will tell you the convenience fee before you complete your transaction. Decide whether to complete the transaction at that time.

Payment Date : \_\_\_\_\_ Confirmation Number: \_\_\_\_\_

If unable to pay the full amount shown on line 71 with your return, request monthly payments. See page 8, Question 4.

**Interest and Penalties**

If you file your return or pay your tax after the original due date, you may owe interest and penalties on the tax due.

**Note:** Do not reduce the amount on line 52 or increase the amount on line 55 by any penalty or interest amounts.

**Line 72 – Interest and Penalties**

**Interest.** Interest charged on any late filing or late payment penalty accrues from the original due date of the return to the date paid. In addition, if other penalties are not paid within 15 days, interest charged accrues from the date of the billing notice until the date of payment. Interest compounds daily and the interest rate is adjusted twice a year.

**Late Filing of Return.** The maximum total penalty is 25% of the tax not paid if the return is filed after October 15, 2007. The minimum penalty for filing a return more than 60 days late is \$100 or 100% of the balance of tax due, whichever is less.

**Late Payment of Tax.** The penalty is 5% of the tax not paid when due plus 1/2% for each month, or part of a month, the tax remains unpaid. However, the underpayment penalty may be waived where 90% of the tax shown on the return is paid by the original due date of the return.

**Other Penalties.** Other penalties imposed include: a check returned for insufficient funds, negligence, substantial understatement of tax, and fraud.

**Line 73 – Underpayment of Estimated Tax**

You may be subject to an estimated tax penalty if any of the following is true:

- Your withholding and credits are less than 90% of your current tax year liability,
- Your withholding and credits are less than 100% of your prior year tax liability (110% if AGI > \$150,000 or \$75,000 if married filing separately),
- You did not pay enough through withholding to keep the amount you owe with your return under \$200.

Is line 55 less than \$200 (\$100 if married filing separately)?

**Yes Stop,** you are not subject to an estimated payment penalty.

**No** You may be subject to an estimate payment penalty.

Is line 55 less than 10% of the amount on line 37 (excluding the tax on lump-sum distributions on line 26)?

**Yes Stop,** you are not subject to an estimate penalty.

**No** You may be subject to an estimate payment penalty, see form FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries (or form FTB 5805F, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Farmers and Fishermen).

If you complete one of these forms, enter the amount of the penalty on line 73 and fill in the correct circle on line 73. Complete and attach the form if you claim a waiver, use the annualized income installment method, or pay tax according to the schedule for farmers and fishermen, even if no penalty is owed.

See "Important due dates" on page 2 for more information on how to avoid the penalty.

**Note:** There will be a waiver of penalties imposed for the underpayment of tax with respect to any law enacted during the 2006 tax year. To request a waiver of underpayment of estimated tax penalty, get form FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries. See "Where To Get Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

**Line 74 – Total Amount Due**

Is there an amount on line 71?

**Yes** Add line 71, line 72, and line 73. Enter the result on line 74. For payment options, see line 71 instructions.

**No** Go to line 75.

**Note:** Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.

**Line 75 – Refund or No Amount Due**

Did you report amounts on line 70, line 72, or line 73?

**No** Enter the amount from line 54 on line 75. This is your refund amount. If less than \$1, attach a written statement to your Long Form 540NR requesting the refund.

**Yes** Combine the amounts from line 70, line 72, and line 73. If the result is:

- More than line 54, subtract line 54 from the sum of line 70, line 72, and line 73 and enter the result on line 74. For payment options, see line 71 instructions.
- Less than line 54, subtract the sum of line 70, line 72, and line 73 from line 54 and enter on line 75. This is your refund amount.



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If the result is less than zero, your contributions are more than your overpaid tax available on line 54. In this case, do not enter an amount on line 75. Instead, enter the result on line 71 and see the instructions for line 71.

**Want a fast refund?** Get your refund in 10 days or less when you e-file your return!

**Direct Deposit**

**Line 76 and Line 77 – Direct Deposit of Refund**

Direct deposit is fast, safe, and convenient. To have your refund directly deposited into your bank account, fill in the account information on Form 540NR, Side 2, line 76 and line 77. Fill in the routing and account numbers and indicate the account type. **Do not** attach a voided check or deposit slip. See the illustration in the next column.

Individual taxpayers may request that his or her refund be electronically deposited into more than one checking or savings account. This allows more options for managing your refund. For example, you can request part of your refund go to your checking account to use now and the rest to your savings account to save for later.

The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. Otherwise the direct deposit will be rejected and a paper check sent instead. On the sample check, the routing number is 250250025.

Check the appropriate box for the type of account. Do not check more than one box for each line.

Enter the portion of your refund you want directly deposited into each account. Each deposit must be at least \$1. The total of line 76 and line 77 must equal the total amount of your refund (line 75).

**Tip** Do not use a deposit slip to find the bank numbers. Contact your financial institution for assistance in getting the correct routing number.

**Note:** The Franchise Tax Board is not responsible when a financial institution rejects a direct deposit. If the bank or financial institution rejects the direct deposit due to an error in the routing number, the Franchise Tax Board will issue a paper check.

**Sign Your Return**

Sign your return in the designated space on Side 2. If you file a joint return, your spouse signs it also.

**Joint Return.** If you file a joint return, both you and your spouse are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the return. This means that if one spouse neglects to pay the tax due, the other spouse may have to pay the tax due. See Innocent Spouse Relief, on page 7.

**Paid Preparer's Information.** If you pay a person to prepare your Long Form 540NR, that person signs and completes the area at the bottom of Side 2 including an identification number (social security number, FEIN, or PTIN). A paid preparer must give you two copies of your return: one to file with the Franchise Tax Board, and one to keep for your records.

**Power of Attorney.** If another person prepared your return, he or she is not automatically granted access to your tax information in future dealings with us. At some point, you may wish to designate someone to act on your behalf in matters related or unrelated to this tax return (e.g., an audit examination). To protect your privacy, you must submit to us a legal document called a "Power of Attorney" authorizing another person to discuss or receive personal information about your income tax records.

For more information, get form FTB 1144 (pamphlet) and FTB 3520 (POA form), available at [www.ftb.ca.gov](http://www.ftb.ca.gov). See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

**Check Your Social Security Number (or ITIN).** Verify that you have written your social security number (or ITIN) in the spaces provided at the top of Long Form 540NR. If you file a joint return, verify they are entered in the same order as both names.

**Form(s) W-2, W-2G, 1099, 592-B, 593-B, and 594.** Attach all the Form(s) W-2 and W-2G you received to the front of your return. Also, attach any Form(s) 1099, 592-B, 593-B, and 594 showing California income tax withheld. If you completed CA Sch W-2, attach CA Sch W-2 behind side 2 of the tax return.

If you cannot get a copy of your Form W-2, complete form FTB 3525, Substitute for Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, or Form 1099-R, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

If you forget to send your Form(s) W-2 (or any other withholding form(s)) with your income tax return, do not send it separately. Wait until the Franchise Tax Board requests it from you.

**Important:** Attach a copy of your federal income tax return, and all supporting federal forms and schedules to the back of Long Form 540NR.

**Mailing Addresses**

**If you have a refund,** or if no amount due, mail your return to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD  
PO BOX 942840  
SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0002

**If you owe,** mail your return to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD  
PO BOX 942867  
SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0001

# Voluntary Contribution Fund Descriptions

Make voluntary contributions of \$1 or more in whole dollar amounts to the funds listed below. To contribute to the California Seniors Special Fund use the instructions for code 56 below. The amount you contribute either reduces your overpaid tax or increases your tax due. You may contribute to only the funds listed and cannot change the amount you contribute after you file your return. Go to our Website at [www.ftb.ca.gov](http://www.ftb.ca.gov) and search for **voluntary contributions**.

Enter the amounts you want to contribute on the line for the fund on Side 2. Enter the total contributions on line 70.

Fund Name	Code	Description
<b>California Seniors Special Fund</b>	<b>56</b>	If you and/or your spouse are 65 years of age or older as of December 31, 2006, and claim the Senior Exemption Credit on line 9, you may make a combined total contribution of up to \$182 or \$91 per spouse. Contributions entered to this fund will be distributed to the Area Agency of Aging Councils (TACC) to provide advice on and sponsorship of Senior Citizens issues. Any excess contributions not required by TACC will be distributed to senior citizen service organizations throughout California for meals, adult day care, and transportation.
<b>Alzheimer's Disease/Related Disorders Fund</b>	<b>57</b>	Contributions will provide grants to California scientists who study Alzheimer's disease and related disorders. This research includes basic science, diagnosis, treatment, prevention, behavioral problems, and care giving. With one-half million Californians living with the disease and another 2 million providing care to a loved one with Alzheimer's, our state is in the early stages of a major public health crisis. Your contribution will ensure that Alzheimer's disease receives the attention, research, and resources it deserves.
<b>California Fund for Senior Citizens</b>	<b>58</b>	Contributions will provide support for the California Senior Legislature (CSL). The CSL are volunteers who prioritize statewide senior related legislative proposals in areas of health, housing, transportation, and community services. Any excess contributions not required by the CSL will be distributed to senior citizen service organizations throughout California.
<b>Rare and Endangered Species Preservation Program</b>	<b>59</b>	Contributions will be used to help protect and conserve California's many threatened and endangered species and the wild lands that they need to survive, for the enjoyment and benefit of you and future generations of Californians.
<b>State Children's Trust Fund for the Prevention of Child Abuse</b>	<b>60</b>	Contributions will be used to fund programs for the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect.
<b>California Breast Cancer Research Fund</b>	<b>61</b>	Contributions will fund research toward preventing and curing breast cancer. Breast cancer is the most common cancer to strike women in California. It kills 4,000 California women each year. Contributions also fund research on prevention and better treatment, and keep doctors up-to-date on research progress. For more about the research your contributions support, please see our Website at <a href="http://www.cbcrp.org">www.cbcrp.org</a> . Your contribution can help make breast cancer a disease of the past.
<b>California Firefighters' Memorial Fund</b>	<b>62</b>	Contributions will be used for the repair and maintenance of the California Firefighters' Memorial on the grounds of the State Capitol, ceremonies to honor the memory of fallen firefighters and to assist surviving loved ones, and for an informational guide detailing survivor benefits to assist the spouses and children of fallen firefighters.
<b>Emergency Food Assistance Program Fund</b>	<b>63</b>	Contributions will be used to help local food banks feed California's hungry. Your contribution will fund the purchase of much-needed food for delivery to food banks, pantries, and soup kitchens throughout the state. The State Department of Social Services will monitor its distribution to ensure the food is given to those most in need.
<b>California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund</b>	<b>64</b>	Contributions will be used to preserve the memory of California's fallen peace officers and assist the families they left behind. Since statehood, over 1,300 courageous California peace officers have made the ultimate sacrifice while protecting law-abiding citizens. The non-profit charitable organization, California Peace Officers' Memorial Foundation, has accepted the privilege and responsibility of maintaining a memorial for fallen officers on the State Capitol grounds. Each May, the Memorial Foundation conducts a dignified ceremony honoring fallen officers and their surviving families by offering moral support, crisis counseling, and financial support that includes academic scholarships for the children of those officers who have made the supreme sacrifice. On behalf of all of us and the law-abiding citizens of California, thank you for your participation.
<b>California Military Family Relief Fund</b>	<b>65</b>	Contributions will be used to provide financial aid grants to members of the California National Guard who are California residents, and have been called to active duty.
<b>Veterans' Quality of Life Fund</b>	<b>66</b>	Contributions will be allocated to the Morale, Welfare, and Recreation Fund to provide additional funding for each of the veterans' homes.
<b>California Sexual Violence Victim Services Fund</b>	<b>67</b>	Contributions will be allocated to the State Department of Health Services for allocation to the California Coalition Against Sexual Assault (CALCASA) for the award of grants to support CALCASA rape crisis center programs for victims of rape and sexual assault.
<b>California Colorectal Cancer Prevention Fund</b>	<b>68</b>	Contributions will be allocated to the State Department of Health Services for making grants to foundations that qualify as exempt organizations and whose mission is the prevention and early detection of colorectal cancer. The grants shall contribute toward the expansion of community-based colorectal cancer education and culturally sensitive and appropriate prevention activities targeted toward communities that are disproportionately at risk or afflicted by colorectal cancer.
<b>California Sea Otter Fund</b>	<b>69</b>	The California Coastal Conservancy and the Department of Fish and Game will each be allocated 50% of the contributions. The California Coastal Conservancy will use the contributions for research and programs related to the near-shore ecosystem, including sea otters. The Department of Fish and Game will use the contributions to establish a sea otter fund within the department's index coding system for increased investigation, prevention, and enforcement action.

# Nonrefundable Renter's Credit Qualification Record



e-file and skip this page! The software you use to e-file will help you find out if you qualify for this credit and will figure the correct amount of the credit automatically. Go to [www.ftb.ca.gov](http://www.ftb.ca.gov).

If you were a resident of California for at least six months in 2006 and paid rent on property in California, which was your principal residence, you may qualify for a credit that you can use to reduce your tax. Answer the questions below to see if you qualify. **Do not mail this record. Keep with your tax records.**

**1. Were you a resident of California for at least six full months of the tax year in 2006?**

Military personnel. If you are not a legal resident of California, you do not qualify for this credit. Your spouse may claim up to a maximum of \$60 if he or she was a resident, did not live in military housing during 2006, and is otherwise qualified.

**YES.** Go to question 2.

**NO.** Stop. You do not qualify for this credit.

**2. Is your adjusted gross income from all sources on your Long or Short 540NR, line 17:**

- \$32,272 or less if single or married filing separately; or
- \$64,544 or less if married filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er)?

**YES.** Go to question 3.

**NO.** Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

**3. Did you pay rent, for at least half of 2006, on property (including a mobile home that you owned on rented land) in California, which was your principal residence?**

**YES.** Go to question 4.

**NO.** Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

**4. Can you be claimed as a dependent by a parent, foster parent, legal guardian, or any other person in 2006?**

**NO.** Go to question 6.

**YES.** Go to question 5.

**5. For more than half the year in 2006, did you live in the home of the person who can claim you as a dependent?**

**NO.** Go to question 6.

**YES.** Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

**6. Was the property you rented exempt from property tax in 2006?**

You do not qualify for this credit if, for more than half of the year, you rented property that was exempt from property taxes. Exempt property includes most government-owned buildings, church-owned parsonages, college dormitories, and military barracks. However, if you or your landlord paid possessory interest taxes for the property you rented, then you may claim this credit.

**NO.** Go to question 7.

**YES.** Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

**7. Did you claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2006?**

You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse for the entire year and your spouse received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified.

**NO.** Go to question 8.

**YES.** Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

**8. Were you single in 2006?**

**YES.** Go to question 11.

**NO.** Go to question 9.

**9. Did your spouse claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2006?**

You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse for the entire year and your spouse received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified.

**NO.** Go to question 11.

**YES.** Go to question 10.

**10. Did you and your spouse maintain separate residences for the entire year in 2006?**

**YES.** Go to question 11.

**NO.** Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

**11. Use the following chart to find the amount of your credit based on the number of full months you were a resident of and rented property in California in 2006. Enter the amount on the line below and follow the instructions below the chart.**

Number of months	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Single or married filing separately	\$30	\$35	\$40	\$45	\$50	\$55	\$60
Married filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er)	\$60	\$70	\$80	\$90	\$100	\$110	File Form 540

\$ \_\_\_\_\_

If this credit is the only special credit you are claiming, enter the amount on your Long or Short Form 540NR, line 35.

If you are a Long Form 540NR filer and are claiming additional special credits in addition to this credit, go to the instructions on page 18 for Long Form 540NR.

**Street Address** \_\_\_\_\_ **City, State, and ZIP Code** \_\_\_\_\_ **Dates Rented in 2006 (From \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_)**

**a** \_\_\_\_\_

**b** \_\_\_\_\_

Enter the name, address, and telephone number of your landlord(s) or the person(s) to whom you paid rent for the residence(s) listed above.

**Name** \_\_\_\_\_ **Street Address** \_\_\_\_\_ **City, State, ZIP Code, and Telephone Number** \_\_\_\_\_

**a** \_\_\_\_\_

**b** \_\_\_\_\_

# CREDIT CHART

e-file at [www.ftb.ca.gov](http://www.ftb.ca.gov)

Credit Name	Code	Description
Child Adoption – Worksheet on page 19	197	50% of qualified costs in the year an adoption is ordered
Child and Dependent Care Expenses – FTB 3506 See the instructions on page 21	None	Similar to the federal credit except that the California credit amount is based on a specified percentage of the federal credit and is refundable
Community Development Financial Institution Deposits – Certification Required	209	20% of each qualified deposit made to a community development financial institution Obtain certification from: California Organized Investment Network (COIN), Department of Insurance, 300 Capitol Mall, Suite 1600, Sacramento CA 95814 or go to <a href="http://www.insurance.ca.gov">www.insurance.ca.gov</a>
Dependent Parent – Worksheet on page 18	173	Must use married filing separately status and have a dependent parent
Disabled Access for Eligible Small Businesses – FTB 3548	205	Similar to the federal credit but limited to \$125 based on 50% of qualified expenditures that do not exceed \$250
Donated Agricultural Products Transportation – FTB 3547	204	50% of the costs paid or incurred for the transportation of agricultural products donated to nonprofit charitable organizations
Employer Child Care Contribution – FTB 3501	190	Employer: 30% of contributions to a qualified plan
Employer Child Care Program – FTB 3501	189	Employer: 30% of cost for establishing a child care program or constructing a child care facility
Enhanced Oil Recovery – FTB 3546	203	One third of the similar federal credit and limited to qualified enhanced oil recovery projects located within California
Enterprise Zone Employee – FTB 3553	169	5% of wages from work in an enterprise zone
Enterprise Zone Hiring & Sales or Use Tax – FTB 3805Z	176	Business incentives for enterprise zone businesses
Environmental Tax – FTB 3511	218	Five cents (\$.05) for each gallon of ultra low sulfur diesel fuel produced during the taxable year by a small refiner at any facility located in this state
Farmworker Housing – Certification required	207	50% of new construction or rehabilitation costs for farmworker housing Obtain certification from: Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, 915 Capitol Mall, Room 485, Sacramento CA 95814, or go to <a href="http://www.treasurer.ca.gov">www.treasurer.ca.gov</a>
Joint Custody Head of Household – Worksheet on page 18	170	30% of tax up to \$363 for taxpayers who are single or married filing separately, who have a child and meet the support test
Joint Strike Fighter Wages – FTB 3534	215	<b>EXPIRED</b> – form available for carryover and recapture only
Joint Strike Fighter Property Costs – FTB 3534	216	<b>EXPIRED</b> – form available for carryover and recapture only
Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area (LAMBRA) Hiring & Sales or Use Tax – FTB 3807	198	Business incentives for LAMBRA
Low-Income Housing – FTB 3521	172	Similar to the federal credit but limited to low-income housing in California
Manufacturing Enhancement Area (MEA) Hiring – FTB 3808	211	Percentage of qualified wages paid to qualified disadvantaged individuals
Natural Heritage Preservation – FTB 3503	213	55% of the fair market value of any qualified contribution of property donated to the state, any local government, or any nonprofit organization designated by a local government
Nonrefundable Renter's – See page 37	None	For California residents who paid rent for their principal residence for at least 6 months in 2006 and whose AGI does not exceed a certain limit
Other State Tax – Schedule S	187	Net income tax paid to another state or a U.S. possession on income also taxed by California
Prior Year Alternative Minimum Tax – FTB 3510	188	Must have paid alternative minimum tax in a prior year and have no alternative minimum tax liability in 2006
Prison Inmate Labor – FTB 3507	162	10% of wages paid to prison inmates
Research – FTB 3523	183	Similar to the federal credit but limited to costs for research activities in California
Rice Straw – Certification required	206	\$15 per ton of purchased rice straw grown in California Obtain certification from: Rice Straw Tax Credit Program, Department of Food and Agriculture, 1220 N Street, Room 140, Sacramento, CA 95814 or go to <a href="http://www.cdfa.ca.gov">www.cdfa.ca.gov</a>
Senior Head of Household – Worksheet on page 19	163	2% of taxable income up to \$1,111 for seniors who qualified for head of household in 2004 or 2005 and whose qualifying individual died during 2004 or 2005
Solar or Wind Energy System – FTB 3508	217	<b>EXPIRED</b> – form available for carryover and recapture only
Targeted Tax Area (TTA) Hiring & Sales or Use Tax – FTB 3809	210	Business incentives for TTA businesses
Teacher Retention Credit – FTB 3505	212	Credentialed teachers may be able to claim a credit of up to \$1,500 (per individual) based on years of service and the limitation based on income. This credit is suspended for taxable years 2004, 2005, and 2006.

**Repealed Credits:** The expiration dates for these credits have passed. However, these credits had carryover provisions. You may claim these credits only if there is a carryover available from prior years. If you are not required to complete Schedule P (540NR), get form FTB 3540, Credit Carryover Summary, to figure your credit carryover to future years. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Agricultural Products	175	Los Angeles Revitalization Zone (LARZ)	Residential Rental & Farm Sales	186
Commercial Solar Electric System	196	Hiring & Sales or Use Tax	Ridesharing	171
Commercial Solar Energy	181	Low-Emission Vehicles	Salmon & Steelhead Trout Habitat	
Employee Ridesharing	194	Manufacturers' Investment	Restoration	200
Employer Ridesharing: Large employer	191	Orphan Drug	Solar Energy	180
Small employer	192	Political Contributions	Solar Pump	179
Transit passes	193	Recycling Equipment	Water Conservation	178
Energy Conservation	182		Young Infant	161